lran: Fighting internal Iraqi matter

TEHRAN (R) - Iran on Tuesday denied involvement in what it said was fighting between Iraqi forces and opposition guerrillas in southern Iraq. "We deny the Iraqi report. This mamer was a purely internal Iraqi affair," a Foreign Ministry spokesman told Reuters. internal Iraqi affair," a Foreign Ministry spokesman total residents. Iraq said on Monday its forces repulsed an attack by a "large armed group belonging to the Iranian regime" during the weekend. A Baghdad Foreign Ministry spokesman described the attack as "liagrant: Iranian aggression." The Iranian spokesman said: "This matter has nothing to do with (U.N. Security Council) Resolution 598, which Iran respects fully." The Iraqi statement on Monday accused Iran of being behind the fighting, in breach of the terms of the resolution which formed the basis of a 1988 ceasefire that ended sight seems of way between the two neighbours. The that ended eight years of war between the two neighbours. The Tehran-based lasqi opposition group, the Supreme Council for the Islamic Revolution in Iraq, which is fighting Iraqi forces in southern Iraqi grarshlands close to Iran, did not have an immediate comment when contacted by Reuters.

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AMMAN WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1995, RAMADAN 15, 1415

British team arrives in (raq

BAGHDAD (AFP) - Two British trade delegates have arrived in Baghdad to prepare a visit by representatives of 27 British companies, the official Iraqi News Agency (INA) said Tuesday. Edmund Sykes of the Iraqi-British Interests Group (IBI) and an executive from the trading company United Pro-jects, which had previous links with Iraq, arrived here Monday, the agency said. The businessmen will be followed Friday by delegates from 27 industrial, food and pharmaceutical firms.

Kill yourself, Libya telis Arafat

TRIPOLI (AFP) — Libya on Tuesday called on Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat to commit suicide because he had allowed Israel to "fool" him. "It is clear that the Israeli enemy has fooled Abu Ammar by getting him to recognise the Jewish state to the detriment of the Arab Nation," the Libyan official agency JANA said. "It would be more honourable for Arafat to commit suicide after writing a last will and testament telling his people to continue the struggle against the Israeli enemy.

Beirut demands death for suspects

BEIRUT (R) - A prosecutor demanded the death penalty on Tuesday for four people accused of a December car-bombing that killed three people in Beirut including the brother of Lebanon's most wanted kidnapper. Military investigating Judge Riad Tie'i said the main suspect, Ahmad Al Hallaq, was an agent for Israel's Mossad intelligence with orders to kill Fuad Moughniyyen, the brother of Imad Moughniyyeh, Lebanon's most wanted hostage-taker. Mr. Tle'i issued an indictment demanding the death penalty for Mr. Hallag and another Lebanese, Tawfiq Naser. Both men remain at large and Mr. Tie'i said Mr. Hallaq had fled to Israel or its occupation zone in South Lebanon.

Druze strike

MAJDAL SHAMS (AFP) -The 15,000 Druze living on the Golan plateau staged their annual strike Tuesday against Israel's de facto annexation of the Heights in 1981. Israel deployed some 500 police to cope with expected demonstrations, particularly in Maidal Shams the main Druze town where schools and shops were shut. The protest takes place every Feb. 14 marking the start of a strike against Israel's decision in December 1981 to extend Israeli legislation over the strategic territory.

China opposes Libya sanctions

BEUING (AFP) — Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen said Tuesday that China was opposed to sanctions against Libys over the Lockerbie plane bombing, Xinhua news agency reported. In a meeting with visiting Libyan Secretary of Foreign Affairs Omar Mustafa Al Muntaser, Mr. Qian said China favoured settling international disputes peacefully. "China is not in favour of imposing sanctions against Libya, let alone increasing existing sanctions," Mr. Qian was quoted as saying by the official news agency.

Jospin, Balladur equal in polls

PARIS (R) — A shock opin-ion poll released on Tuesday suggested Socialist candidate Lionel Jospin has caught up with or even overtaken conservative Prime Minister Edouard Balladur in the first round of France's presidential election. The poll by the FIFOP institute for the magazine L'Express was the first to show Mr. Jospin leading the April 23 first ballot in one theoretical situation, although it found Mr. Balladur would beat him in the May 7 run-off between the two top candidates.

Israelis kill Palestinian boy as Hebron marks massacre

HEBRON, Occupied West Bank (Agencies) - The first anniversary of the Hebron mosque massacre was marked in blood and mourning Tuesday as soldiers shot dead a Palestinian teenager and wounded at least six

others on the West Bank. Troops opened fire on stone-throwers in Al Fawwar refugee camp on the edge of Hebron, killing 16-year-old Sami Mohammad Al Najar and injuring five other pro-

He was the 51st Palestinian cut down by Israeli bullets since autonomy began last May.

In Tulkarem, soldiers shot a youth lobbing rocks at an Israeli bus, military officials

Two Palestinians were hit with bullets in Hebron during demonstrations overnight when hundreds hurled stones

Youths were back on the streets Tuesday setting tyres ablaze as a general strike paralysed Hebron, Tulkarem. Ramailah and Nablus

were also partly closed. Hundreds of Muslims filed into the Ibrahimi Mosque for a service in memory of the more than 30 Palestinians slaughtered there by Jewish settler Baruch Goldstein last February 25. Under the Muslim calendar the anniversary

falls Tuesday-Wednesday. Majdi Al Kariki, 16, returned to pray in the fortresslike complex where he was wounded in the thigh by Goldstein.

"I am against peace be-

Sawt Al "

gets new

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister

of Industry and Trade Ali Abul Ragheb on Tuesday de-cided to dissolve the board of

directors of Dar Al Shaab

Company, which used to publish the Arabic-language

Sawt Al Shaab daily and to form a new board with a

one-year mandate with im-

The new board, which is

chaired by Wasef Azar, in-

cludes Munther Al Masri as

deputy chairman, and as

members Mohammad Bani

Hani (representative of the

Ministry of Industry and

Trade), Yousef Al Rawab-deh (the Jordan Investment Corporation), Ali Kuleib (the Ministry of Finance) and

Na'im Khouri (The Jorda-

The decision to dissolve

the board of directors of the

company was based on article

196 of the Companies Law

and in accordance with a

recommendation by the com-

panies comptroller after the

company made huge losses,

and was found to be unable

to perform its duties properly

and after the board decided

to suspend the publication of

Sawt Al Shaab, which had a

circulation of less than 20,000

Companies Comptroller

Sa'eed Hiyasat said the com-

pany, established in 1975,

was for a long time suffering

from financial difficulties and

its accumulated losses repre-

sented nearly 180 per cent of

its JD 2 million registered

capital,
Mr. Hiyasat said the government had been studying

the conditions of the com-

pany for several years and had given it several chances

to improve its conditions.

The government contributed

to the company's capital in

the beginning of the 1980s in a bid to help it overcome its

board of directors of the com-

pany had proposed restruc-

turing the company's capital

but that the company's gener-

al assembly rejected the

(Continued on page 7)

He said the dissolved

problems, he said.

nian Auditors Society).

Shaab

board'

mediate effect.

cause it has failed," he said. Whe we walk in the streets we are afraid of the settiers, when we go to the mosque we are threatened. It's only peace on paper."
Some 400 armed settlers

live in the heart of Hebron. protected by 1,500 soldiers and surrounded by 120,000 Palestinians. Another 5,000 Jews populate Kiryat Arba, just outside the city, and the home of Goldstein.

"Things have only got worse since the massacre. said Palestinian Communications Minister Abdul Hafiz Al Ashab. "The victims have been punished.

The credibility of the peace process diminishes every day. A majority of Palestinians no longer believe

Sheikh Tayssir Rajab Al Tamimi, a fundamentalist preacher, said: "It's impossible to go on living with the settlers. It will lead to more

The only answer is to get the settlers out of here." "Goldstein is gone, but Goldstein is still alive, not only among the settlers and the army but also in some segments of Israeli society, said Khaled Amayra, a writer who supports Hamas.

"Everything is ripe for another massacre because nothing has changed," he warned.

The army was on red alert across the West Bank and tight security was also imposed in Jerusalem and Tel Aviv, following intelligence reports that militants were

The government has kept the territories sealed off for a fourth week after 21 Israelis died in a suicide bombing on

Jan. 22. Israel moved over the weekend to curtail the activities of Jewish extremists who hailed Goldstein as a "holy man" and have organised a memorial Thursday in Kiryat Arba.

Security forces caught a member of the outlawed anti-Arab Kach movement with two home-made bombs. They accused 22-year-old settier Doron Golding, from Kiryat Arba, of plotting to kili Arabs.

Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said of the slaughter: "It was one of the most shameful things ever to hap-pen in the history of the Jewish people. We have paid for this criminal act with numerous lives."

Government sookesman Uri Dromi issued a statement to condemn the massacre. 'The vast majority of Israelis share this feeling," he

The army said Israel has paid \$1.6 million in compensation to the families of 29 Palestinians killed and 66 of the 125 wounded.

In Washington, U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher said on Monday a weekend meeting of Middle Eastern foreign ministers in Washington had improved the climate for an Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) summit later this week.

He told reporters Thursday's meeting between Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat was the next step in a drive to put the faltering Middle East peace

process back on track. U.S., Israeli, Egyptian, Jordanian and Palestinian ministers agreed on Sunday to press ahead with peace moves and Israel and the PLO pledged to "negotiate promptly" the delayed next phase of their 1993 deal on Palestinian self-rule.

"The texture of those statements, the positive note that they had, I think will improve the climate for the discussions between Prime Minister Rabin and Chair-man Arafat," Mr. Christopher said before a lunch with Bulgarian President Zhelyu Zhelev.

Israel and the PLO are deadlocked over Israel's demand for tougher PLO measures against militants who attack Israelis and Palestinian demands that the Jewish state reopen its sealed borders with the Gaza Strip and the West Bank.

The dispute has blocked progress on the next stage of DUBAI (AFP) - Yemen the two sides' peace accord, accused Saudi Arabia Tueswhich calls for an Israeli day of blocking progress in troop pullback in the West Bank and Palestinian elecnegotiations aimed at settling their border dispute and distions. Both events were supmissed talks of concessions posed to have taken place last by Riyadh.

July.
"I think you can perhaps judge better by how the next President Ali Abdullah Saleh said: "We are still awaiting results" from three set of meetings go as to weeks of negotiations with Saudi Arabia.

(Continued on page 7)

Egypt turns nuclear-free zone proposal into treaty

CAIRO (Agencies) — Egypt and the Arab League secretariat, piling pressure on Israel to disclose its nuclear secrets, have drafted a treaty that would make the Middle East a zone free of weapons of mass destruction. The treaty, submitted to

representatives of Arab states at a meeting in Cairo on Tuesday, is designed to include Israel and Iran, alongside all 22 members of the Arab League.

Under the present text, it would come into force only when eight core states sign and ratify it. These are Jordan, Israel, Iran, Algeria, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Syria and

Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak proposed such a zone in 1990 but Egypt has not previously formalised it in a treaty.

The idea has again come to prominence as Egypt, Israel and the United States manoccurre over extending the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT), which runs out

this year.

The draft treaty comes close to being a regional alternative to the NPT, adding chemical and biologic-

al weapons.

An Arab League assistant secretary general, Adnan Omran, linked the treaty directly with Israel's refusal to sign the NPT and open its

nuclear programme to inter-national inspection.
"Our independence and sovereignty will be meaningless if the Israeli nuclear umbrella continues, threaten-

ing every state in the Arab World," he told the meeting. Israel is widely believed to have about 200 nuclear warheads but it will neither confirm nor deny this.

Mr. Omran attacked the five declared nuclear states, saying their request for an indefinite extension of the NPT was illogical and unacceptable.

"The great powers of today might dwindle and decline with the years and end up in the same state as Genghis Khan's empire. A nuclear treaty should not legitimise reality without taking into account... future developments," he said.

The row over the nuclear Meguid met Tuesday to distreaty has driven a serious wedge between Egypt and Israel. U.S. attempts to mediate a compromise do not

appear to have borne fruit. İsraeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said on Monday that he and Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa clashed on the subject at a meeting of foreign ministers in Washington.

There was a sharp exchange and a harsh exchange but there is no change in Israel's stance," Mr. Peres told Israel Radio in a Washington interview. "We only said that Egypt has no

threat of destruction, Israel does — Iran and Iraq." Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, in an interview published on Sunday, went one step further in opposition to Israel's privileged nuclear

position. "There must be a balance between us and Israel.. if they say they are going to sign in three or four years, we will hold back three or four years and sign with them," he

Against this background it is most unlikely that the Egyptian-drafted treaty will come into force in the near

But diplomats said Egypt saw it as a way to mobilise Arab support in opposition to the nuclear status quo.

The treaty would set up an organisation to ensure that none of the signatories develope, produce, test, use, store, possess or deploy nuclear, chemical or biological weapons, and destroy any they have now.

Eight Arab states -Egypt, Syria and the six Gulf states - asked Israel to sign the NPT earlier this month and said tolerance of Israel's nuclear programme was incompatible with Middle East

But diplomats in the Gulf say the Gulf states might sign the NPT, to please the United States and to deprive regional rivals Iran and Iraq of a pretext to stay outside the treaty. In Damascus Syrian Foreign Minister Farouk Al Shar-

aa and Arab League Secret-

ary General Esmat Abdul

cuss the league's proposed

The two men "insisted on the necessity for Arabs to refuse to sign the (extension of the) NPT if Israel does not join up," said the Syrian Arab News Agency (SANA). "The signature of the NPT

in May 1990. is the only way to stop the Mr. Saleh said Yemen nuclear arms race in the rewanted to delineate the engion," it added. tire border from the Red Sea The Syrian government in the west to Oman in the daily Tishrin warned Tuesday east.

that Arab countries would not tolerate Israeli "nuclear settlement of all outstanding blackmail" indefinitely. issues, not just border de-"By refusing to sign the NPT, the Jewish state is Syria and Egypt have mediated in the dispute creating the conditions for a proliferation of weapons of which has flared up into mass destruction in the re-

armed clashes, the latest on gion and opening the door to an arms race," it said. Jan. 10 in which more than 50 people were killed, according "Israel's attachment to its to diplomats. nuclear arsenal is a direct Yemen accused Saudi Arathreat to the Arabs, who his of massing troops on the could not indefinitely tolerate border last month after the

being subject to Israel's nuc-Riyadh talks had begun. lear blackmail without think-Sanaa wants a complete l ing of acquiring this weapon normalisation of ties with themselves " Rivadh, but accuses Saudi "If the international community is keen to reach a just and comprehensive settle-

also to meet President Hafez

Al Assad during his two-day

visit before travelling to

Lebanon on Wednesday.

posed no military threat.

to develop nuclear weapons.

Ministry spokesman Grigory Karasin told a briefing: "We

are convinced it will not pose

any threat of creating military

The reactors would be

open to supervision by the

International Atomic Energy

Agency (IAEA) nuclear watchdog, he added, and

Iran was a signatory of the

But Russian Foreign

Arabia of harhouring exiled southern Yemeni leaders ousted in the May-July 1994 ment in the region it should civil war. compel Israel to sign the Officially the Saudis have PT," Tishrin added. Dr. Abdul Meguid was only signalled their intention

to try to settle the issue of the border between northern Yemen and three provinces of Najran. Jizan and Assir. King Fahd, who chaired a cabinet meeting on the dispute Monday, said Saudi

Russia on Tuesday defended its decision to sell nuclear reactors to Iran despite U.S. Arabia "does not harbour protests, and said the deal any aggressive intentio is toward its neighbour, and U.S. Secretary of State wants the negotiations with the Yemeni brothers to suc-Warren Christopher said on Monday Washington was ceed in an atmosphere of "deeply concerned" about Russia's plans to provide the understanding."
But the Saudi statement reactors, fearing Iran will use them in a crash programme

did not mention any agreement with Yemen. In a pointed remark, Mr.

Saleh noted that Yemen and its people had existed for centuries "and not for 60 vears" - unlike Saudi Arabia, which was created in

The exasperated tone of Mr. Saleh's speech suggests the Yemeni leader considers he has obtained nothing since agreeing in January to recognise the 1934 Taif accord.

(Continued on page 7) (Continued on page 7)

King reaffirms commitment to comprehensive peace

Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday reiterated Jordan's commitment to achieving a comprehensive peace in the Middle East

The King, in a meeting with foreign media representatives accredited in Jordan at the Mawaa Palace, said Jordan wanted peace in the Middle East based on the principles agreed upon in the Madrid conference, which laun-ched Arab-Israeli negotiations in 1991.

The King said Jordan did not have any ambitions outside its territory and

Yemen:

progress

On Sunday his deputy

prime minister, Abdul Kader

Rajammal, a member of the

talks which opened on Jan.

23. said Saudi Arabia had

agreed in principle to mark

out the whole of its border

with Yemen and dropped

opposition to possible inter-

But diplomats in Riyadh

Mr. Saleh accused Saudi

Arabia of insisting on disting-

uishing between the borders

of former North and South

Yemen, which were unified

Yemen has called for a

reached with scepticism to

national arbitration.

the announcement.

Saudis

block

ments in the living standards of the people of the region in an atmosphere of security and stability.

On Jerusalem, the King said Jordan was committed to preserving and safe-guarding the Islamic shrines there and would re-tain its historic custodianship of the holy sites until the Palestinians reach a final agreement with the Israelis in negotiations on the Holy City and Jewish settlements and other sues that are scheduled to begin in 1996

Jordan's position on the

holy sites in Jerusalem is fully compatible with international legitimacy and laws, the King said.

The King's meeting with the journalists was attended by Her Majesty Queen Noor, His Royal Highness Prince Hamzeh Ben Al Hussein, Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, Royal Court Chief Marwan Al Qasem, His Royal Highness Prince Tal-al Ben Mohammad, the King's military secretary, Her Royal Highness Princess Ghida Talal and Deputy Prime Minister and Information Minister Khaled

8 killed, 23 injured as truck rams buses

By Rana Husseini Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Eight people were killed and 23 were injured, five of them critically, early Tuesday in the second worst road accident reported in the Kingdom this year.

Police and Civil Defence Department (CDD) reports said the accident occurred south of Qatraneh, 90 kilometres from Amman, at about 7.45 a.m. It involved a trailer and two public buses that ply the Amman-Karak-Hassa-Amman name. The accident was attributed by traffic officials to slippery roads that caused the trailer driver to lose control of

his vehicle The tra swerved to the left lane, lost control and shot across the divider to smash into two oncoming buses. The trailer turned over while the two bases were crushed, according to traffic officials who investigated the scene of the accident.

The strong impact caused the complete wreckage of the two buses. Passengers

belongings were scattered over the bloody scene. The CDD said that in less than 40 minutes the

injured were taken to three hospitals in Karak. An official at Karak gov-

ernment hospital, where 17 casualties were admitted, told the Jordan Times that four victims were critical and were transferred to King Hussein Medical Centre in Amman. The official added that four people were pronounced dead on

An official at Prince Ali Ben Hussein military hospital said the hospital received seven people, including three who were dead on arrival.

According to the official, two victims in critical condition were transferred to the King Hussein Medical Centre by helicopters. One was taken to the Italian Hospital and was listed in good condition, hospital officials said.

The dead were identified as: Saleh Mahmoud Mutlak, Jihad Ahmad Mohammad, Sa'ed Madalah Mohammad, Atallah Jarairah. Merthed Samih. Mahmoud Ahmad Tarawneh, and Maysoun Maradhah.

late reports said. A traffic official who was present at the scene of the accident called on motorists to take into consideration weather conditions and to slow down and drive carefully when the roads are slippery.

"Motorists should drive slower than the required speed limit when it is raining or road vision is not clear," the official said.

This is the second worst road accident to take place in one week. On Feb. 7, five police officers were killed and nine more were injured on the Irbid-Mafraq road in a bus acci-

Last year bus accidents claimed the lives of more than 50 people.

Traffic department's sta-tistics of 1994 showed that 443 people were killed in road accidents which left 12,516 people injured.

The Board and Staff of The Jordanian-American Commission for Educational Exchange (Binational Fulbright Commission) mourn the loss of

The Honorable J. William Fulbright

former U.S. Senator and founder of the Fulbright Scholarship Programs.

His vision of fostering creative leadership through learning and empathy between people from different cultures continues to ensure a more hopeful future for humankind.

MAY HE REST IN PEACE

Friends of the Fulbright program in Jordan are invited to sign the condolence book at the Fulbright House, #19, Mahdi Bin Barakah Street, Shmeisani (Tel.) 684760) from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m., Sunday-Thursday until the 28th of February 1995.

Shootout and killings reported in Sanaa

SANAA (AP) — Several people were wounded in a two-hour shootout Monday when security men tried to arrest a currency dealer in the Yemeni capital, residents reported.

Security sources said the dealer, Mohammad Al Mujalli, was arrested. He was wanted for smuggling large amounts of dollars abroad as the government grapples with severe economic problems in one of the most impoverished countries in the Arab World.

The sources, who spoke on condition of anonymity, declined to give any other de-

But residents said that the dealer and his entourage fired on the police officers when they came to arrest him. Bazookas were also used in the gunbattle.

An official announcement later said the shootout was between security forces and a gang of car thieves. Auto theft is on the increase in the

The gunplay was one of the worst such incidents in the city since last summer's civil war between southern secessionists and the northerndominated government of President Ali Abdullah

The residents said a number of people were wounded but did not know the extent of their injuries or whether any had died.

Guns and other automatic weapons still proliferate in this mainly tribal country on the southern tip of the Arabian Peninsula.

The authorities, whose writ often does not run in remote areas, have never been able to disarm the tribesmen.

Security sources confirmed that Ali Jameel, a member of the Yemen Socialist Party based in southern Yemen, was killed outside his Sanaa home in a drive-by shooting Saturday.

They said it was the first political assassination since the civil war, which and been preceded by a plague of killings as the rivarly between Mr. Saleh and southern socialist leader Ali Beidh inHameed Al Ahmar, son of the powerful Parliament Speaker Sheikh Abdullah Al Ahmar, in a particularly vituperative race in the 1993 parliamentary elections and

At the time, the contest between the two rivals tween their tribal supporters and several people were killed. The feud has not abated.

northern, tribal-based Isla-mic Islah Party, which rules in a coalition with Mr. Saleh's General People's Congress.

Sheikh Abdullah leads the

Sheikh Abdullah has been in Saudi Arabia for the last month for talks aimed at defusing an explosive border dispute following Syrian and Egyptian mediation.

The dispute, which dates back to the 1930s, has triggered a series of frontier clashes, with fatalities on both sides.

King Fahd and oher Saudi leaders have been speaking positively about progress in the talks, as has Sheikh Abdullah. But no concrete results have yet emerged.

Travellers from the Wayla region in Al Kaffal, part of northern Saadeh province where border tension has been high, said that clashes erupted Saturday between Yemeni tribesmen and other clans who support the Saudis.

The fighting erupted when the tribesmen tried to stop Saudi border guards setting up checkpoints in the disputed region. No casualties ere reported.

The Interior Ministry said gang of criminals shot and killed a Yemeni policeman and wounded four of his colleagues in a shootout near Sanaa on Monday. Rajeh Mothar Al Suwaidi

was killed as he and his colleagues tried to free a Yemeni man taken hostage by the 20-strong gang holed up in a The kidnappers surren-

dered after an hour-long shootout in which rockets were fired.

The ministry said all the gang would be put on trial.



Israeli borderguards watch their colleague checking a Palestinian youth entering the Ibrahimi Mosque in Hebron on Tuesday to attend the prayer commemorating the first

settler (AFP photo)

Hebron wounds still fresh a year on

Bank (R) — Sitting in a wheelchair on his porch, Yousef Abu Al Halaweh has a view of the grave of the Jewish settler who put a bullet in his spine during the Hebron mosque massacre a

year ago.
"Look. They always come and pray next to his grave. You see they have put up a monument for him and now they have fixed lights around the 34-year-old Palestinian said in a faint voice.

Mr. Abu Al Halaweh, who cannot move his legs and has lost most movement in his arms, did not mention gunman Baruch Goldstein's name once during an interview with Reuters as the first anniversary of the Feb. 25 slaughter approaches.

But he said he could not understand how a man who sprayed bullets into nearly 200 Muslim worshippers in the middle of the Holy Month of Ramadan last year could be treated with such honour at his burial place, in a Jewish settlement.

Local hospitals had said more than 30 Palestinians died on the day of the massacre and that more than 130 others were wounded. Goldstein, a U.S.-born settler, was killed by survivors in the

Al Ibrahimi mosque. The massacre left a lasting impact not only on the families of the Palestinian victims but also on the occupied ter-

Militants from both the Hamas Islamic Resistance Movement and Islamic Jihad who swore to avenge the mass killing, retaliated with at least six suicide bombings inside Israel that killed scores

of Israelis. Israel responded by sealing off the occupied territories with a ring of army roadblocks, measures condemned by Palestinians as collective

The attacks and Israeli closures are threatening the Israeli-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) peace deal signed five months before the massacre. For the Palestinian victims

and their families, the year since the massacre has been a struggle and a time to learn how to live with new realities. Mr. Abu Al Halaweh, who once prided himself on his strength when he worked as a home builder, now needs.

round-the-clock care. Living a few hundred meters away, 34-year-old Fatmeh Al Jaabari, who lost her husband Suleiman in the mosque, stays up late to sew shoes for a local factory. She earns less than \$3 a day with which to feed her 10

orphaned children Ms. Jaabari's oldest son Maher, 17, has had to quit school to help feed his brothers and sisters.

"I must cope. I am now their mother and their

her children huddled around. On Monday morning, she

took her children to the nearby cemetery to visit their Ihrahimi Mosque. father's grave.
"This is God's wish and we.

must accept it. Thank God that at least one of us is still around to take care of these children," she said afterwards, sobbing. Despair and destitution

Meanwhile curfews, a city

centre cut in two by roadblocks, the closure of markets, harassment by soldiers and settlers — the list of grievances in Hebron is endless. "The 120,000 Palestinians

living in Hebron are paying the price not only for the massacre but also for the presence of a handful of Jewish families in the heart of Hebron," Mayor Mustafa Natche said.

"Before the massacre there was hope. People were waiting for the Palestinian National Authority to come here and the army and settlers to move out.

"But things have gone from bad to worse, the economy is collapsing," he said. "Security measures have been so severe. And what security are we talking about. for 40 Israeli families guarded by 1,500 soldiers who have turned the city centre into a fortress?

Fingers on the triggers of Uzi sub-machineguns, settlers strut the streets, sur-

hatred of a burgeoning Arab under-class.

Israel's grip on the city is felt nowhere more than at When the army reopened

the shrine last November, Jews were allocated the grand entrance, the Arabs a side gate. The same number of Jews are allowed in to pray as Palestinians, although only a few hundred Israelis live in

Around the complex, most Palestinian shops have shut. Abdul Abu Qweida, 43, has kept his bakery going, but run up debts of \$3,000 in

12 months. "I sell four or five times less bread now than before the killing," he said. "People just don't come any more.

"There are too many checkpoints, too many soldiers and too much trouble. I just can't see an end to it.' He is waiting for the army to lift a ban imposed on Palestinians entering Israel when suicide bombers killed 21 people on Jan. 22.

"I will close the bakery and go to work in Israel to pay off my debts. What else can I

Thirteen-year-old Abdul Karim Fakhoury opens his grandfather's tourist emporium after school. "Before the massacre we used to sell some things -

not a lot, but enough. Now we don't sell anything," he

NEWS IN BRIEF

Preachers told to stick to prepared text

ABU DHABI (AFP) — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) has told its Muslim preachers to stick to texts prepared by religious authorities for their Friday open air prayers, newspapers reported Tuesday. The reports did not give reasons for the instructions but mosque sources said the ministry had received complaints some preachers were bypassing the prepared text to attack Israel, Russia and the Serbs. Preisdent Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan, 78, issued the instructions in a letter for the Islamic affairs and endowments ministry, which summoned Muslim clerics on Monday, the reports said. "The president urged Friday preachers to stick to the context of the sermons prepared by the ministry to achieve benefits and preserve public interests," the semi official daily Al Ittihad said. It quoted Islamic Affairs and Endowment Minister Sheikh Mohammad Al Khazraji as sasking the scholars to "implement the president's letter in text and spirit." Most Muslim clerics in the UAE are foreigners, especially from Egypt, Sudan. Syria and Jordan.

Weizman declines reconciliation visit to Germany

BONN (AFP) — Israeli President Ezer Weizman has declined an invitation to attend a ceremony of reconciliation in Germany on May 8 celebrating the end of World War II in Europe, diplomatic sources said Monday. An Israeli embassy spokesman said Mr. Weizman would not visit Germany in May, eve though May 12 sees the 30th anniversary of the establishment of diplomatic relations between the two states. The Israeli head of state was also to have addressed the German parliament on May 10. The weekly Der Spiegel had earlier reported in its edition published Monday that Mr. Weizman had turned down an invitation from German Chancellor Helmut Kohl to attend the May 8 ceremonies. While Mr. Weizman had accepted to visit in principle, according to Der Spiegel, the magazine said he changed his mind in the face of government pressure when the invitation was made public.

Irag lobbies Morocco, Tunisia on sanctions

RABAT (AFP) — Iraqi Foreign Minister Mohammad Said Al Sahaf met Abdul Latif Filali, the Moroccan prime minister, in Rabat Monday as Baghdad stepped up efforts to get U.N. sanctions on its economy lifted. Saddam Hussein, the Iraqi leader, also sent an emissary to see President Zine Al Abidine Ben Ali of Tunisia Monday to discuss the sanctions imposed on Iraq after its invasion of Kuwait in August 1990. The emissary, Latif Nassif Jassem, Iraq's labour minister, arrived in Tunis from Tripoli, where he had put Iraq's case to Libyan leaders during a tour of Arab states in North Africa.

Rushdle is 'surprised' to be alive

STOCKHOLM (AFP) — British writer Salman Rushdie, speaking on the eve of the sixth anniversary of an Iranian death sentence against him, said Monday he was surprised to be alive. "I myself am surprised by the fact that I'm still in one piece and reasonably functioning," Mr. Rushdie said in an interview on Swedish television. The Indian-born author said he had just completed a novel that took him five years to write and was in good spirits. "I'm in the happy position of being an unemployed writer." The late Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini issued a fatwa against Mr. Rushdie in 1989 over his novel "The Satanic Verses," which many Muslims feel blasphemes their, faith. The current Iranian government has refused to lift the sentence. Asked his opinion of politicians after spending six years in hiding. Mr. Rushdie said: "I think politicians have to balance so many interests, and often the easiest interest to sacrifice is the human rights interest. The problem is that Iran appears to get away interally with murder. It seems not to matter how much evidence is discovered against Iran, how much evidence or involvement in disgraceful actions of

Turkey opens straits one-way as fog eases

ANKARA (R) - Turkey reopened the Bosphorus and Dardanelles straits to one-way traffic on Tuesday after dense fog which brought navigation to standstill for two days eased. "From 3 a.m. (0100 GMT) we have started calling in ships waiting in the Aegean to start sailing through," a traffic control officer for the Dardanelles said. "South to north traffic is flowing now. For the reverse direction, we will be letting through only piloted vessels to begin with," he told Reuters from Canakkale town on the Asian side of the Strait. The Bosphorus channel, cutting through Istanbul and linking the Black Sea with the Sea of Marmara, was also opened to northward traffic, officials in told the state radio.

Group urges Iran to lift ban on paper

DUBAI (R) - The New York-based Committee to Protect Journalists (CPJ) has urged Iran to lift's ban on the Jahan-e-Eslam daily, which is close to hardline circles in the Islamic republic. "As a non-partisan organisation of journalists dedicated to the defence of press freedom throughout the world, CPJ fears that Jahan-e-Islam has been banned simply for having exercised its right to free expression." the committee said in a statement received by Reuters on Tuesday. It urged the Iranian government "to lift the ban and allow Jahan-e-Eslam to resume publication." An editor of Jahan-e-Eslam in Tehran told Renters on Monday that an unintended parallel drawn by the daily between Iran's supreme leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei and a comical television character called "Dear Uncle Napoleon" is behind the ban. An Iranian official in charge of the press said violations by the paper included actions against the security and honour of the country, affronting Islam and Iran's supreme leader and libelling anthorities, the daily Salam said on Monday. Jahan-e-Eslam was run by Hadi Khamenei, the younger brother of Iran's spiritual

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... Athens (OA)

. Sharqah (AH) Khartoun (SD)

Beirut, Karachi (PK)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

Israeli couple's suicide sparks debate, sympathy

TEL AVIV (AP) — The double suicide of Yousef and Tsila Abrahami, an elderly couple in their 80s, launched Israel Monday into a debate of the right to choose when to

Most Israelis who phoned radio talk shows said they supported the Abrahamis' decision to end their lives and a second couple, identified only as the Yaaris by Israeli media, tried to commit suicide with an overdose of sleeping pills.

The Yaaris were both in serious condition at the Ramban hospital in Rehovot, doctors said.

The couple, aged 80 and 81, decided to end their lives when they realised Mrs. Yaari's cancer was worsening, Israel Radio said. Her husband did not want to live without her, it added. Unlike the Abrahamis

however, the Yaaris were rushed to the hospital in a coma and hooked up to machines. Relatives later cried when they heard Mrs. Yazri was showing signs of improvement, Israel Radio

Health Minister Efraim Sneh, asked why people were not allowed to decide their time of death, said "I don't know if anyone has the

The Abrahamis were found dead in bed at Kibbutz Magen in southern Israel on

A letter left by Yosef Abrahami, 84, said the two simply wanted to die "standing proud as trees" before becoming burdens to their

The couple's granddaughter Natalie, told APTV that she thought her grandparents were "extremely brave."

thing to do," she said. "They were such amazing people that had they gone out any other way it would have been an anticlimax for them.'

about dying together. Mr. Sneh told army radio that society had to understand that "the phenomena of healthy people deciding they have reached the end grow because modern medicine is extending human life and not always approp-

riately."
"Dying with respect who are touches on those who are very sick and are suffering greatly, and where there is a question over how long their lives should be extended," said Mr. Sneh, who is also a medical doctor.

"I think it was the right

Their son Doron said his parents had talked for years

father," Ms. Jaabari said as ritories. Israel and the peace rounded by the palpable \$3.9m Somalia theft seems inside job

UNITED NATIONS (R) -The theft of \$3.9 million from a U.N. office in Mogadishu last April was either an inside job or committed with the help of an insider, a U.N.

report said on Monday. No one has yet been accused of carrying out the crime, and the investigation. helped by Scotland Yard detectives, is continuing. But because of sloppiness

which allowed the money to be spirited out of the U.N. compound in the Somali capital, a senior U.N. official resigned — though he is contesting a U.N. decision to treat his departure as a summary dismissal.

. Another official's repatriation grant and annual leave balance have been withheld as punishment, and a third has been reprimanded and transferred. A team of three Scotland Yard detectives, which arrived a month after the robbery and remained in Mogadishu for two weeks, told the United Nations: "Forensic evidence and witness accounts give strong indica-tion that the theft was committed by or at least with the assistance of an inside agent. There is no direct evidence available to identify the person(s) responsible.

Parts of the U.N. report. published as the Somalia operation is drawing to a close, read more like a "Keystone Kops" episode or a comedy of errors.

In a breach of the first rule of any investigation, the cashier's office where the theft was committed "was not preserved in its original state because the UNOSOM (U.N. Operation in Somalia) director of administration did not consider it necessary."

But examination of the filing cabinet, together with pictures of the crime scene taken by investigators, "yielded certain assumptions regarding possible perpetrators, one of them being that the thief or thieves were insiders or had help from an "No more can be said in

this regard because the case

remains open," the report It also said investigators "found an incredible lack of concern on the part of the UNOSOM administration for

security in the handling and safekeeping of the large amount of cash used in the To begin with, the money had been kept in the bottom

drawer of a reinforced filing cabinet. But the thief or thieves also bungled their job. Three

other drawers containing, among other things, another \$299,790 in cash, had not been disturbed. The filing cabinet "could provide only minimal security

even if it was used properly,'

the report continued. A newly-arrived U.N. acting finance office had made several efforts in the days before the theft to improve security by: trying to find a suitable safe, asking for an iron-bar cage to be built to house the filing cabinet, trying to secure a burglar alarm, and by trying to arrange, the day before the

for the cashier's office. But a second-hand safe offered him - left over from the U.N. operation in Cambodia - was unusable because its combination numbers were missing.

robbery, for a 24-hour guard

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO Envoye Special "Magazine" 652526. E**vangen** 824328. Ramadan in the worid Get to Know Your Body Law and Order The Dwelling Place News in English Snowy River

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CHURCHES

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WEATHER

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| Jordan Valley | |
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USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY**

AMMAN:

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

Dr. Fawaz Harzallah 903644

Firas pharmac) Ferdows pharmacy ... Al Asema pharmacy 637055 6.367. Nairoukh pharmaci Yacoub pharmacy Shineisani pharmacy 644949 637660 623672

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre 637111 Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate

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Lordan Electricity Authority
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HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6 Akileh Maternity. J. Amn. 642441/2 Jabul Amman Maternity 642362 Jabul Amman Maternity ... 04-204 Malhas, J. Ammán ... 626140 Palestane, Shmeisani ... 064171/4 Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital 845845 Al-Muasher Hospital ... 6667227/9 The Islamic, Abdali ... 666127/37 Al-Abit, Abdali ... 666104/6 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (06)53200-5, where it should always be veri-ARRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Anaba (R.I) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) .. Lemaca (RJ 15:00 Amsterdam, New York (RJ)

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QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1) 21:25 22:45 Jeddah (RJ)

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DEPARTURES

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89:20 Amsterdam (KL) 62:40 Athens (OA) HIJAZ RAILWAY TRAIN Dep. Amuse... 8:00 s.m. every Monday Arr. Damescos 5:00 p.m. every Monday Dep. Damescos 7:30 s.m. every Sanday Arr. Amuses ... 5:00 p.m. every Sanday MARKET PRICES

Banana (Mukammar) Cabbage 270Y 170 270 / 170 Marrow (large) Marrow (small) · 300 / 200· 500/300 Pepper (hot) Pepper (sweet) Potato Radisk . 90b / 50b



Jordanian-Palestinian committee draws list of customs - exempted goods

AMMAN (Petra) - A technical Jordanian-Palestinian committee entrusted with implementing the Jordan-Palesfine trade agreement which was signed in Amman on Jan. 26 opened a two-day meeting in Amman Tuesday.

Shawqi Haddadin assistant secretary general of the minister of industry and trade who leads the Jordanian team to the joint committee meeting, said that the two sides are involved in drawing up a list of commodities, exempt from customs duty and other fees, which would be exchanged between the two

This list will have items added at later stages until complete exemption of fees and duty on all goods will be achieved, said Mr. Haddadin after the opening session.

He said that the lists will be revised every six months with a view to implementing the mutual agreement and increasing the number of goods that will be exempt from

During the meeting, according to Mr. Haddadin, the two sides will also ex-

cates of origin to determine the source of the goods and the procedures to be followed in export-import operations between the two sides. He said that special attention will be given to importing cement, iron and oil products.

The head of the Palestinian side, Samir Hleileh, said the meeting aims at the full implementation of the trade agreement which was signed by the Jordanian government and the Palestine National Authority (PNA) with the purpose of safeguarding the 11-point agreement, the two sides will facilitate the exchange of national products and services, set up joint ministerial committee to monitor

the exchanges, form teams of experts to study import-export procedures, give due importance and urgency to the reconstruction of bridges on the River Jordan to facilitate trade and transit of goods, embark on measures to create joint free zones in the Jordan Valley and begin a study on linking the power grids of Jordan and Palestine.

Talks to organise exchange of agricultural produce, expertise between two banks of Jordan

ÁMMAN (Petra) — Jordaman and Palestinian officials Tuesday opened talks here to reach an agreement that would organise the exchange of expertise in agriculture and ensure the continued flow of agricultural products

across the River Jordan. Minister of Agriculture Mansour Ben Tarif led the Jordanian side while the Palestinian team was led by

Ministry steps up efforts to remove beggars from streets

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Social Development is exerting more efforts to rid the streets of beggars and homeless people and deal with their problems in cooperation with the voluntary associations and the Public Security Department, according to Minister of Social Development Salwa Damen-Masri.

One thousand four hundred eleven homeless and beggars from different parts of the country where rounded up last year by the ministry in cooperation with other organisations.

Cases of homeless persons and beggars caught in the streets are studied by minis-

two thirds of the construction

work at the new Palace of

Justice in Amman has been

completed and the Ministry

undertaking the project ex-

pects it to be completed by

the project which is being executed in Abdali, near the

King Abdullah Mosque, said

that he was given a mandate

of 1,350 days to finish the project. So far workers have finished 64 per cent of the

required construction work

which is 20 per cent in excess

He said that work on the

of the agreed plan.

Hani Sabbagh, director of

June next year.

Palace of Justice to be

completed by next June :

Azzam Tubbeileh, under-secretary of the Ministry of Agriculture in the Palestine

National Authority (PNA). A statement following the meeting said that the two sides discussed various aspects of the potential agreement which will also cover cooperation in exchanging expertise to fight off agricultural pests, conduct agricultural research and in

helping them settle down with families or institutions that could help rehabilitate them, said the minister at a meeting with the ministry's Planning and Development Rehabilitation of beggars

with other organisations and aims at enabling the homeless and beggars to earn a living. The minister said that cultural organisations, mosques and the media are being enlisted by the Ministry of Social Development to help

takes place in cooperation

deal with such cases. But Mrs. Masri stressed that part of the people who beg as a profession are referred to the police and courts to

veterinary services.

Speaking at the meeting, Mr. Tubbeileh voiced the Palestinian people's appreciation and gratitude to Jordan for its permission to allow the agricultural products to transit through Jordanian territories on their way to neighbouring Arab states and for allowing Palestinian agricultural products to be marketed in the Kingdom over the past decades of occupation.

> Mr. Ben Tarif said that the government, under directives from His Majesty King Hussein, was committed to extending assistance to the Palestinian people on all levels to help them confront and deal with the difficulties facing them and enable them to regain their full rights.

Mr. Ben Tarif outlined the Jordanian agricultural situation over the past two decades, noting that the Kingdom is now in a position to export large amounts of vegetables, fruits, poultry meat, olive oil and livestock.

Mr. Ben Tarif said that the Jordanian government was keen to ensure the free flow

of agricultural products be-tween the two sides, in implementation of the Jordan-

Palestine trade agreement signed in Amman last month. In accordance with the trade agreement, the two sides are in the process of drawing up lists of agricultural items to be traded free of customs duty and other fees.

The minister said that agriculture officials from the two sides will soon be holding talks to discuss and approve a programme regulating the export-import operations, taking into consideration the local markets needs.

Mr. Ben Tarif voiced Jordan's readiness to continue to facilitate the passage of Palestinian agricultural products through Jordan on their way to Arab states.

Mr. Tubbeileh and his team earlier had a meeting with Agriculture Ministry Secretary General Ghaleb Abu Arrabi and Dr. Salem Lawzi, director general of the Agricultural Marketing Organisation (AMO) to discuss agricultural exchanges.

The Palestinian team is expected to end its visit to Jordan on Thursday.

Laws on intellectual property essential for foreign investment

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter AMMAN — An essential component of Jordan's

quest for foreign invest-ments in the Kingdom is changes to its legislation offering protection to intellectual property rights to make them compatible with international conventions and requirements, experts and businessmen said Tuesday.

Addressing a debate on Jordan and international intellectual property rights. they also called for raising public awareness of respect for such rights, including copyrights of books, computer software and audiovisual products.

They also noted that protection of intellectual property rights was not a one-sided affair. Jordan might stand in need of protecting the intellectual property rights of work of Jordanians and produced in the Kingdom, they pointed

But if Jordan wants to secure respect for Jordanian intellectual property rights outside the country. it has to offer similar treatment to others' rights, they

Hugh Jones, a Londonbased expert on international copyright laws and intellectual property rights said the key to fighting the problem of piracy was not only to adopt tough laws but also to ensure that the laws are strictly enforced and publicised.

"Copyright and intellectual property right piracy is a crime, as theft, since someone is stealing someone's creation," Mr. Jones told the debate, which was part of a seminar entitled "Jordan and the World" organised by Economic Perspectives, a local news-

Such piracy should be handled the same way any court in any country deals with "the theft of physical

property," he said. Mr. Jones noted that Jordan had amended its copyright and related legislation in 1992, but said that the Kingdom has to bridge more gaps before its laws are compatible with international conventions to protect copyright and intellectual property rights.

The expert referred to the Bern international convention which was drawn up in 1886 and the more recent World Intellectual Property Rights Organisa-tion (WIPO) and said Jordan should seek to enter the organisations.

Over 100 countries are signatories to the Bern convention, which sets certain basic guidelines for all of them to adhere to and respect the intellectual property of the other.

Mr. Jones cited provisions in the Jordanian copyright law that, he said, needed tightening and expanding.

Among the shortcomings he mentioned was that the Jordanian law offers protection only after the actual work is physically created and is registered with the concerned authorities. In the West, and most other countries, such protection is offered from the "first physical expression of the

Furthermore, copyrights are automatically protected in many countries, without the author or his agent or publisher actually register-

ing the right. Mr. Jones noted that the Jordanian law protects the rights of an author for 30 years after his/her death and said that in Europe the period was 70 years. Similarly, computer software is

protected for 15 years in Jordan while the period is 30 years in Europe.

U.S. Secretary of Commerce Ronald Brown, who visited Jordan twice in the last one year, emphasised during both visits that many American investors and businesses involving copyrights and intellectual property rights were reluctant to set up business ven-tures in Jordan as long as the country did not have stringent copyright laws.
"Trade and Industry" Minister Ali Abul Ragheb said at a joint press conference with Mr. Brown in Aqaba last week that Jor-

immediately available. Mr. Jones said Jordan was neither "notorious" for violating international copyright laws nor "famous" for enforcing respect for such rights. But, he said, international businesses would hesitate to invest in any country. which is not a party to binding agreements on in-

dan was working on updat-ing the laws. Details of the

proposed amendments to

the present law were not

tellectual property rights.
Murad Bushnaq. a Jordanian businessman who moderated Tuesday's debate, agreed with the argument. "No country that respects the intellectual property rights of its people would do business with another country which does not do so," said Mr.

The businessmen said that in the Jordanian market there was a marked lack of the concept of respecting "other people's rights" and the value of the intellect that goes into works of art, literature, engineering and other areas. As such, any solution to the problem of copyright piracy in the country has to

start from grassroots, he

While the initiative has to come essentially from local groups, the government has to assume a strong role in leading the campaign for raising public awareness by enacting supporting legislation, both Mr. Jones and Mr. Bushnawq-said. - -

One of the means to handle the problem, while also meeting the needs of the market, is licensing agreements with the owners of the intellectual property rights, said Mr. Jones.

Under such an arrangement, local companies could produce copies of the original product upon the payment of royalty to the owners of the rights. he

This could particularly to apply to books. University textbooks are one of the most pirated items around the world.

In the case of Jordan, the very presence of dozens of small shops with photocopiers and book-binding equipment around the Kingdom's universities is the best evidence of the thriving piracy. University students say that original textbooks are far too expensive for them and as such the best way to acquire the needed textbooks is to photocopy and bind them.

Such a practice is not unique to Jordan. In most Third World countries, Western-authored textbooks are seldom available in their original form.

Mr. Jones said it is the responsibility of ensuring the availability of unpirated, legal copies of textbooks was that of the same authority which decides that the students need those books in the first

'Strategic aquifers in the south should not be used for irrigation

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN " The 'Ou Disi aquifer which straddles the Jordanian-Saudi Arabian horder in the south is the 1992 and, according to plans, Kingdom's strategic reserve the eight-storey building is to of drinking water which. if have an area of 47,000 square handled carefully, could metres, set up on five significantly help the counmeet its needs for at to Mr. Sabbagh, the whole least 30 years, two experts project was expected to cost

JD 12 million covered by the But there is a high risk of state treasury.
Mr. Sabbagh said that the the acquifer being exploited for the wrong purpose, leading to its depletion huge complex would house 11 courts, including, among since the reservoir is of fosothers, the first instance sil water and not renew-

court, municipality courts as well as income tax and lands courts, courts of appeal together with offices for the iudges, hall for the lawvers and other facilities and utiliJordan's environmental problems.

According to Dr . . Salameh, one of Jordan's top experts on water, the Qa Disi aquifer, which is shared by Jordan and Saudi Arabia, is too precious a resource to be used as a source of water to grow wheat in the south of the country.

said Tuesday. tion of wheat in the area depended on government subsidies, Dr. Salameh rejected the entire idea of using Disi water for the purpose. He noted that Saudi Arabia was also using Disi water for wheat grow-

Elias Salameh, a professor from the University of Jordan, and Shammi Puri. head of the Disi project of British consultants Scott Wilson Kirkpatrick were addressing a symposium on

per tonne. Dr. Salameh

in Jordan, Dr. Salameh estimated, en costs about ... JD60 to grow a tonne of wheat and the government buys it from the farmers at JD160 a tonne after subsidising some of the other components that go into producing wheat. Underlining that cultiva-

Given that Jordan produces not more than 10 to 15 per cent of its needs. Dr. Salameh questioned the very logic of the approach. We are destroying a national strategic water reserve in that area" by using it for agricultural purposes. he said. "It is a short-sighted policy." Pointing out that the

In Dr. Salameh's opin-Saudi government was ion, Jordan does not stand paying its farmers \$750 per tonne of wheat, while the to suffer the loss of Al Disi international price for the water as long as Saudi pumping from the same commodity is around \$150

source remains where it is asked: "Is it economically ... today - some 60 10 80 kilometres from the border.

But if the Saudi project is moved closer (to the border), then it is going to affect Jordan negatively." said Dr. Salameh. Mr. Puri put it differently. He said Qa Disi could

meet the "medium-term challenge" facing Jordan in the water sector if the Kingdom utilitises water from the reservoir under a carefully planned strategy and approach. Of course, he said, such a prediction was contingent on Saudi Arabia not shifting its present pattern of exploiting the resource.

According to reports. Saudi Arabia has increased its annual intake from the reservoir to 6(%) million cubic metres from 350 million cubic metres in 1991

Scott Wilson Kirkpatrick is contlacted by the government to draw up the best and safest possible means to optimise the atilisation of Qa Disi water and "preserve it for future generations. Mr. Pun said.

The issue of water came up during a workshop on of Jordan as part of a seminar entitled "Jordan and the world," organised by Economic Perspectives. a local newsletter.

Dr. Salamen presented the central theme of the workshop and Mr. Puri moderated the discussions.

Dr. Salameh said that the environmental problems facing Jordan were of two types: The first brought about by external factors over which Jordan has no control, and the second, those which Jordan could do something about to prevent and address the effects ulready showing in its terri-

Global warming leading to declining rainfalls in Jordan — a 30 per cent drop in the last 50 years - belongs to the first category. "There is no magic solution to the problem. he said. Global warming and damage to the ozone layer is not Jordan's doing, but Jordan is now Other problems facing Jordan include desertifica-

tion, shrinkage of the level of the Dead Sea and pollution of the Aqaba area and the Red Sea water. It is : our responsibility to project our environment, to find solutions to some of these problems," he said, adding: "Solutions are available to some of these problems with a little investment.

The expert did not into close details of the possible solutions except for saying that changes in the techniques used in loading and unloading operations at the Agaba Port, including the handling of phosphate, could help reduce the problem of pollution in the port city.

Preventing the dumping of waste and diversion of polluted or highly saline water to the Kingdom's rivers is a means to avoid water pollution, he said.

Dr. Salameh said the proposed canal to bring Red Sea water to the Dead Sea was excellent in that it would raise the level of the Dead Sea to its historic level of 392 metres below sea level and preserve the ecological features of the

region, Beyond that there are the additional advantages of desalinated water, energy produced by hydro-electric power, and development of the agriculture and tourism sectors in the area. he pointed out.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

FILMS

- ☆ Film entitled "The Terrible Tales of Mr. Bean" at the British Council at 7:00 p.m.
- ☆ An epic drama entitled "Solomon's Northrop's Odys-(depicting the horrors of racial injustice in the sey" (depicting the horrors of racial injustice in the United States) at the American Center at 2:30 p.m.

☆ Play (in Arabic) entitled "Ye Who Are Hearing" at the Royal Cultural Centre at 9:00 p.m.

SEMINAR

 ★ Seminar (in Arabic) entitled "The Crisis of the Left Between Reality and Imagination" with the participation of Dr. Ya'coub Zayadin and Mr. Taysir Zabri at the Royal Cultural Centre at 9:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

- Photo exhibition at the Friends of Archaeology Center. ★ Exhibition of paintings under glass entitled "Oriental Roots" by Fatiha Rahon at the Royal Cultural Centre. ☆ "Young America" exhibit (with photographs featuring)
- Americans of all ages) at the American Center. **★** Exhibition of works by Qasim Al Samir at the Housing Bank Complex Gallery.
- ± Book exhibition at the Royal Cultural Centre. Also showing another exhibition of Arabic Calligraphy. ☆ Exhibition of the works of Lebanese artist Amin Al Basha at Darat Al Funun. Also showing works by
- contemporary Arab artists. ★ Educational works depicting the life of "Voltaire" at the French Cultural Centre.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Crown Prince condoles Abed Rabbo

AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Tuesday delegated Brigadier Abdullah Al Hababbeh to condole the Abed Rabbo and Ashour families on the death of Itaf Eid Ashour, mother of Palestine National Authority (PNA) Information and Culture Department Director Yasser Abed Rabbo.

Tafileh governor hosts iftar

TAFILEH (Petra) — Under directives by His Majesty King Hussein, Tafileh Governor Ahmad Al Lawzi Tuesday hosted an iftar for the poor in the Tafileh Governorate. Mr. Lawzi said it became an annual custom to host iftar banquests for the poor under the King's directives, to achieve social solidarity and integration.

Minister receives Romanian envoy

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of State for Parliamentary Affairs Abdul Majid Al Azzam Tuesday received in his office at the Prime Ministry Romanian Ambassador to Jordan Anton Pascale. Dr. Azzam and the Romanian envoy discussed Jordanian-Romanian ties and means of enhancing them, especially in parliamentary fields.

EIB official to arrive

AMMAN (Petra) - The deputy chairman of the European Investment Bank (EIB) is due to visit Jordan towards the end of the coming month. He is due to meet senior government officials to discuss cooperation between the bank and the government of Jordan in financing development schemes. During his three-day visit here, the bank official will conduct an appraisal of the schemes funded by

Murad to question mayor's decision

AMMAN (Petra) - The chairman of the Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce, Haidar Murad, said Tuesday he planned to meet Amman Mayor Mamdouh Abbadi Thursday to enquire about the reasons behind the municipality's decision to stop issuing licences for stores that sell cement in Tlaa Al Ali, Khalda and Umm Al Summan districts of western Amman. Murad said that his federation was keen on tackling problems that face federation members and merchants in Jordan.

Foot outlets, factories closed for violations

SALT (Petra) — Eid Qatarneh, governor of Balqa, Tuesday announced the closure of several food stores and restaurants as well as plastic factories and bakeries in Salt and the Balqa Governorate. He said that their owners had violated health safety regulations. The stores in question are in Ain Al Basha, Baqaa, Umm Dananir and Salt.

Minister, Indian envoy discuss import of wheat

AMMAN (Petra) - India's Ambassador to Jordan Arun Kumar Bodhiraj met Health Minister Aref Batayneh Tuesday and discussed with him Jordan's prospective imports of Indian wheat. India is hoping to resume wheat exports to Jordan now that the Indian subcontinent is free of the plague that hit parts of the country last year. Dr. Batayneh said Jordan's decision to resume wheat imports from India hinges on a report by the World Health Organisation (WHO) and the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) on the safety of imports from India. The minister said Jordanian authorities continually subject all food imports to laboratory tests before allowing them

into the local markets. Weather to gradually improve

AMMAN (Petra) — The Department of Meteorology Tuesday forecast further unstable weather conditions in Jordan for Wednesday, with more scattered thunder showers. A statement from the department said a further drop in temperatures is expected Wednesday, but the weather conditions will improve Thursday.

Fewer business, higher capital in 1994

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Industry and Trade last year registered 950 new industrial businesses which started operations in Jordan. The figure registered a slight drop — nearly four per cent — from the number of businesses in the previous year. A ministry statement said that despite the decline in the number of businesses, the total capital of the registered businesses in 1994 marked an increase of 10.6 per cent over the 1993 capital.

CDD reports 462 accidents in January

IRBID (Petra) — The Civil Defence Department (CDD) said Tuesday that its men were involved with 462 incidents during last month.

With deep sadness and regret

Mary Joyce Parkinson

we announce the death of

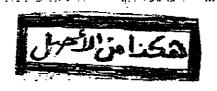
beloved mother of Edwina Issa and wife of the late James Edward

Quietly at home on Sunday evening Family and friends are invited to attend the funeral service at the Church of the Redeemer

(on Rainbow Street, Jabal Amman) at 12 noon, Wednesday, Feb. 15, 1995, followed by internment at the Christian Cemetary - Amman.

Condolences will be accepted at the home of Bassam and Edwina Issa in Jabai Tareq, afterwards. (P.O.Box 960808, Sports City, Amman 11196 -

Telephone 676353) May she rest in peace



Gene Kelly in

hospital after mild stroke

LOS ANGELES (R) — Song

and dance man Gene Kelly,

the star of Singin' In The

Rain and other memorable

Hollywood films, was in a

Los Angeles hospital after

suffering a mild stroke in his

Beverly Hills home, his spokesman said. Mort Viner

said the 82-year-old veteran

movie actor was "aware and

conversational." Cedars

Sinai Hospital spokesman

Roa Wise said Kelly was

admitted to hospital on Feb.

7 and would remain there for

the rest of this week. "He is

in stable condition. He had a

small stroke which does not

appear to have caused any.

additional problems," Mr. Wise said, Kelly, who was

presented with a Special Academy Award in 1951 in ...

recognition of his contribu-

July last year and stayed in &

the University of California-Los Angeles Medical Centre

for seven weeks. He also

spent nine days in a San Francisco hospital in May, 1994, where he was treated

for cellulitis - a bacterial

infection of the skin. Kelly

danced across the silver-

screen for more than 30

years. His first major film

was Cover Girl with Rita . Hayworth in 1944. His other

films included, Anchors Aweight (1945), The Pirate (1948), The Three Mus-keteers (1948), On The Town (1949) and An American In

Paris (1951). Kelly choreog-raphed most of his own

dances and also directed a

number of films, including -

co-directed by Stanley

Singin' In The Rain (1952,

Donen), Hello Dolly (1969),

starring Barbra Streisand and

The Cheyenne Social Club.

tions to the movie industry, suffered a serious stroke in

Peru, Ecuador agree to truce

LIMA (R) — Peru and it had not lost a single post in Ecuador agreed to a ceasefire in a 19-day border conficit but both claimed control of three disputed posts where they had clashed in dense, mountainous terrain in the

amazon jungle. President Alberto Fujimori Monday announced his goveroment had declared a unilateral ceasefire as of noon Tuesday (1700 GMT) and Ecuador later accepted it saying it would cease all hostilities unless fired upon by Peruvian troops.

"A long and tense wait has concluded today with the ejection of Ecuadorean troops from our territory." he said in a brief televised address.

Peruvian troops had advanced "in the most difficult natural and geographic conditions imaginable," taking Cueva De Los Tayos Post, Base Sur Post and finally Tiwinza, Fujimori said, which he described as "a symbol of our national sovereignty."

The Peruvian flag was "waving there (at Tiwinza) once again... where it belongs," the president said. But in Quito, Ecuador said

LUANDA (R) - A United

Nations helicopter was

brought down and damaged

in western Angola Monday by gunfire from UNITA-held

territory, a senior U.N. source said.

The helicopter, which was

on its final approach to the

UNITA-held town of

Quibaxe, was hit by rifle fire

but landed without injury to

the crew or passengers, the

source said. It later returned

iets damaged a fuel tank.

The source said it was "a

miracle" nobody on board

safely to Luanda.

It invited international observers and the press to go to the posts to show they were still under Ecuadorean control.

Peru, meanwhile, said it had invited a mission of observers of the four guarantor countries of a 1942 treaty that aimed to settle a 1941 territorial dispute to verify the ceasefire. The guarantors are the United States, Brazil. Argentina and Chile. Mr. Fujimori said 38 Peru-

vians had died in combat in jungle terrain at the headwaters of the Cenepa River along a 48-mile (78 km) stretch in the Cordillera Del Condor yet to be demarcated as called for in the treaty. At least 70 Peruvians have been wounded in the fighting, Peruvian officials say. Ecuador says 10 soldiers have died and 37 have been wounded. But unofficially, the casualty figures on both

sides are reported to be high-

U.N. helicopter downed in Angola

Earlier in the day, Ecuador president Sixto Duran Ballen said a peace proposal made by guarantor nations of the treaty was acceptable.

A peace agreement was

signed between the govern-ment and UNITA in Novem-

ber and a UNITA congress in

the central town of Bailundo

endorsed the accord last

The source said UNITA

forces in Quibaxe, about 150

kilometres east of Luanda,

admitted firing at the helicop-

ter but blamed "communica-

tion problems" for the inci-

The source said the flight

plan had been cleared with

jimori said Peruvian force "The mediating nations had began an awaited assault have finally come to realise what their responsibility is on Tiwinza, an outpost surand have presented a new rounded by 4,300-feet-high proposal that could lead to a (1,300 metre) hills about a mile inside Peruvian terriceasefire without Ecuador In Quito, Ecuadoran milit-

having to back down a single step," he told reporters. He was referring to diplomats from Argentina, Brazil, Chile and the United States meeting in Brasilia who said the peace talks had gained new impetus with Mr. Duran Ballen's acceptance of their proposal.

The 1942 Rio de Janeiro Protocol sought to settle the two nations' conflicting historical claims to a vast region in the Amazon by setting the boundaries along a 1,060-mile (1,705-km) stretch which includes the Cordillera Del Condor. Ecuador rejected the treaty in 1960 and there have been periodic clashes in the zone ever since, including a two-day war in

Mr. Fujimori said Peru was looking for a "definitive solution" to the border problem in the framework of treaty, meaning the demarcation of the final stretch dividing the

two nations.
On Sunday night, Mr. Fu-

UNITA, The U.N. protested

over the incident to the UNITA

delegation to a joint govern-ment and UNITA commis-

sion working in Luanda to

oversee implementation of

Over 300 U.N. observers

have already been deployed in Angola. The U.N. Security Council agreed Wednesday

to deploy up to 7,000 U.N. peacekeeping troops in

UNITA (National Union

Movement for the Liberation

of Angola) since independ-

ence from Portugal in 1975.

the peace agreement.

Angola.

A paramilitary trooper holds his machine gun mounted on a truck during a patrol through

the violence hit city of Karachi (AFP photo) Karachi death toll hits 78 in 2 weeks

KARACHI, Pakistan (R) -Gunnen killed 15 people, including a policeman and a 12-year-old boy, in attacks in Pakistan's southern port city of Karachi, taking this month's death toll to 78, police said Tuesday.

The latest killings underlined the challenge the violence poses to Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto's government and its drive to attract foreign

investment to Karachi.
"We are doing our best to pacify the city," she told newspaper editors at a dinner in Islamabad Monday night. The Sind provincial gov-

ernment, controlled by Ms. Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party, has been holding inconclusive negotiations with the militant Mohajir National Movement (MQM), which has wide support among the Urdu-speaking majority of Karachi, Sind's main city.

The latest talks, which began in December, have failed to halt sectarian, ethnic and political vendettas which cost more than 800 lives last year and have taken 154 since Jan.

Five bodies were found in Karachi's District West early

Tuesday and police identified one of them as a police const-

"The bodies had marks of torture and had their hands tied behind their backs. They were lying in an abandoned car," one ambulance worker said. One body had been left in the car boot.

The corpse of another man, apparently killed in similar circumstances, was found Tuesday morning in a locality of District Central dominated by minority Shiite Muslims.

No group has claimed responsibility for the killings.

Clinton's popularity rises — poll

WASHINGTON (R) - A new poll confirmed a recent improvement in President Bill Clinton's popularity.
The poli of 1,000 voters by

KRC Research was conducted on Jan. 27-31, before a new furore erupted over Mr. Clinton's choice of Dr. Henry Foster to be surgeongeneral.

It found 53 per cent of respondents viewed Mr. Clinton favourably, opposed to 42 per cent who viewed him unfavourably. Senate majority leader

Bob Dole, who is running for president, had a 49 per cent favourability rating, with 27 per cent viewing him nega-

Mr. Clinton's favourability ratings rose around 10 points since the last survey by this organisation last October. Faced with a choice be-

tween Sen. Dole and Mr. Clinton, 44 per cent said they would vote for the president

The poll found high public support for a balanced budget amendment to the constitution, with 78 per cent backing the idea and only 15

per cent opposed.

Meanwhile the U.S. House of Representatives Monday opened debate on the most controversial of Republican crime bills — a proposal which President Clinton has vowed to veto - that would kill a 1994 programme to put more police on the country's

streets. The Republican crime bill would instead set up a new \$10 billion bloc grant programme for state and local governments to spend funds as they wish on law enforce-

ment and crime prevention. Democrats said the plan cuts out the core of last year's hard-fought crime package which passed with bipartisan support and predicted they could sustain a presidential

Mr. Clinton Saturday, his first issued against the new Republican majority in Con-

"The astonishing thing is, despite the urgent need for more police on our streets. despite our success in getting them there, some Republicans in Congress actually want to repeal this effort. Mr. Clinton said in his weekly

radio address.

The crime bill debate has forced Republicans into the position of having to justify why they want to cut a programme for more police on the beat that has the support of communities and major

police organisations. During the debate which will continue through Tuesday. Democrats are expected to offer a plan to restore the police on the streets programme, permit local author ities to pay overtime for police to protect abortion clinics and to restore funds for school and after-school acti-

(1970), featuring James Stewart and Henry Fonda. Four Weddings, Pulp Fiction, top BAFTA

nominations LONDON (AP) — Four-Weddings And A Funeral and Pulp Fiction, both likely:
Oscar nominees this year forbest picture, headed the British Academy of Film and

ish Academy of Film and Television Arts (BAFTA) line-up Monday, receiving 20 nominations between them. Forrest Gump received eight: nominations in a list published a day before the announcement from Los. Angeles of this year's Oscar nces. Four Weadings Mike Newell's romantic comedy, which has become the most commercially successful British film ever, got 11 nominations including Best Film, Best Director (Newell), Best Screenplay (Richard Curtis), and Best Actor (Hugh Grant). Pulp Fiction, the Quentin Tarantino crime drama honoured at last year's Cannes Film Festival, will' compete for Best Film, Best Director (Tarantino). Best 'Actor (John Travolta) and Best Actress (Uma Thurman). Competing against both movies as best film are Forrest Gump, with Tom Hanks as a simpleton who survives three decades of social and sexual upheaval, and _ Quiz Show, Robert Redford's film about a real-life game show scandal in New-York in the early days of television. The nomination. for Ouiz Show came as something of a surprise, since the film is not being released in State and Britain until Feb. 24. But the BAFTA rules this year were amended to extend the eligibility period to March 3. 1995, provided that the film . has been screened previously for BAFTA members and will play in theatres for seven. . consecutive days to a paying audience before to March 3. Such Oscar hopefuls as Nell, Legends Of The Fall, The Madness Of King George, and Blue Sky are not up for BAFTAS because they will not have opened locally by

Julio: Here, kitty, kitty

March 3.

MIAMI (R) - Spanish recording star Julio Iglesias is singing the blues since his pet. cat, Mousty, vanished last week. Police theorise that the singer's feline friend ran away and was not the victim of a celebrity catnapping, according to the Miami Herald. Iglesias, 51, has been circulating "I'm lost" flyers, with a colour picture of the tabby cat lounging on Igle-sias' golf cart. The singer has also asked his neighbours on Miami's exclusive Indian Creek Island to help find the cat. Among his neighbourse are golfer Raymond Floyd vacuum cleaner magnate Herbert Hoover Jr., Miami. Dolphins football coach Don Shula and Saudi Prince Turki Bin Abdul Aziz

An anti-aircraft missile was The helicopter was making a reconnaissance flight in fired at but missed the helifor the Total Independence copter before it landed. Bulconnection with the eventual of Angola) has been fighting placing of a group of U.N. observers in Quibaxe. the ruling MPLA (Popular

Canadian general demoted over scandal OTTAWA (R) --- A Canadian army general was forced to step down the first highranking casualty of a series of scandals that have rocked Canada's military and tarnished its peacekeeping repu-

The military's chief of staff stripped Major-General Brian Vernon of his command for misleading the government about a video that showed soldiers of a paratrooper regiment giving electrical shocks as part of an initiation ritual.

Gen. Vernon was in charge of the elite Airborne Regiment that was disbanded by the government last month. Gen. Vernon has been reassigned to military headquarters in

The regiment fell into disgrace after some of its sol-diers on a U.N. peacekeeping mission in Somalia tortured and beat a Somali teenager to death. Other soldiers in the regiment were involved in a drunken shoot-up of a convent in Rwanda.

Canadians were later shocked by videotapes showing members of the regiment urinating and defecating on each other and simulating sodomy in an initiation ritual. Another video showed Canadian soldiers on a United States peacekeeping mission in Somalia making com-

ments about killing "niggers." Last week in parliament,

Defence Minister David Collenette said a new video had surfaced and he had been assured by military brass that it did not contain any new revelations.::

But at a hastily called news conference, the minister was later forced to backtrack and admit that the third video showed soldiers testing their endurance to electric shocks and shaving heads. Hazing ceremonies are banned in the Canadian army.

Mr. Collenette said he had relied on information given to him by his officials. "We were mislead, so the

chief of defence staff has taken the proper action to-day," he said Monday in parliament.

U.S. tour plane crash kills 8

ary officials Monday said

Peruvian troops had laun-ched an offensive with mor-

tars and artillery fire against

Ecuadoran positions and that

Ecuadoran forces were responding to the attacks.

have been downed and three

helicopters have been lost in

the conflict. Peru said Sunday

it had downed two Ecuador-

an planes with surface-to-air

missiles but Ecuador denied

the claim, saying one plane had been hit but returned

States, which has been

pushing Russia to end arms

sales to Iran, Monday asked Moscow to show restraint in

The former Soviet Union

was a major supplier to Peru

and State Department

spokeswoman Christine Shel-

ly expressed concern that re-

lationship continues under the Russian government.

weapons sales to Peru.

Meanwhile the United

safely to its base.

Three Peruvian warplanes

TUSAYAN, Arizona (AP) - A plane flying tourists over the Grand Canyon lost an engine, crashed and burned while trying to return to an airport Monday, killing eight of the 10 people

Killed were seven passengers, all Taiwanese nationals, and the pilot, a Nevada man. Two other passengers, both women from Taiwan, were critically injured, said Maureen Oltrogge, a spokes-woman for Grand Canyon National Park.

Rescuers were hindered by rain, thick mud and patchy snow on the back roads of the Ponderosa Pine Forest south of the canyon.

"It's been a nightmare trying to get through the mud," said Lt. Robert Augenstene of the Coconio County Sheriff's Depart-

The twin-engine Piper Navajo flown by Las Vegas Airlines came to rest with its fuselage broken in two, its wings snapped off.

The Republican bill drew and 42 per cent said they would support Sen. Dole. an explicit veto threat from Britain, Germany mark reconciliation in Dresden

DRESDEN, Germany (R) - Britain and Germany deepened their post-war reconciliation with ceremonies to mark the 50th anniversary of the destruction of Dresden, one of the most merciless aerial bombardments of World War II.

Up to 35,000 civilians died in the raid on Feb. 13, 1945. which turned the famed baroque centre of Dresden into a roaring furnace but left military targets almost unscathed. The attack has been called "Germany's Hiroshima" for the huge civilian death toll in the attack to hasten the end

of a war which seemed almost won - and for the sheer destructive force unleashed. The Duke of Kent, representing Britain's Queen Elizabeth, acknowledged Dres-

den's grief by joining over 30,000 of its citizens who converged on the bombed out Framkirche (Church Of Our Lady) carrying candles in memory of their dead.

The duke came closer to an

apology than any British representative before him by telling Dresdeners Monday:
"We deeply regret the suf-fering on all sides in the war. Today we remember espe-

the 2,560 tonnes of bombs down on its residential centre from British planes inside four nours. American bombers followed in a second

sucking oxygen from all directions and suffocating those it did not incinerate in seconds. Survivors were left to identify parents or children by their skeletons.

whose huge stone cupola was once the centrepiece of Dresden's baroque glory — has been kept as a bombed ruin to serve as a reminder of the horrors of war.

sketch of a gold cross which will be given by British donors, including the queen and the government, to adom the rebuilt dome. "We've really been moved

and as a gesture of reconcilia-

tion the duke presented the



Chairman of the U.S. Joint Chiefs of Staff John Shalikashvili and the Duke of Kent

by the Duke of Kent giving us the cross and reaching out a hand of reconciliation," said

thought it possible."
German President Roman Herzog told his compatriots in a keynote speech it was pointiess to apportion blame to former enemies or try to weigh up one atrocity against

Mr. Herzog courted controversy by choosing Dresden for his speech marking what for Germany is an awkward series of 5th anniversaries reminding it of its own rout at the end of the war, and its

dark Nazi past. Mr. Herzog had been criticised by some who feared that by coming to the place which symbolises Germany's suffering in the war, he would appear to be pointing a finger at Germany's wartime ene-mies or diminishing its own

But Mr. Herzog made clear at the main commemoration ceremony that even in Dresden there could be no such calculation.

"No one present in this room intends to indict anyone or expects anyone to show remorse or indulge in self-accusation. No one wants to offset the atrocities committed by Germans in the Nazi state against anything else," he said.

A British newspaper said Tuesday Britain should apologise for Dresden.

attend the wreath-laying ceremony at a Dres-den cemetery, on the 50th anniversary of the allied force's intensive firebombing of the eastern German city (AFP photo)

Guardian. "The answer has to be yes," it continued," simply

because it happened. "We are not apologising to the Nazis or revising any verdict on ultimate responsibility for the war."

"Surely enough time has passed so that Britain, the U.S., Germany, Japan, Russia — everyone — can and should express their grief and shame without totting up a diplomatic scoreboard."

den with tact and restraint,"
added the paper, "but the
demonstrators with placards
bearing the name of Grozny have a powerful point."

the future." Other British newspapers considered that Britain had already come very close to saying sorry.

had "come close to apologising for the British role in bombing Dresden" and had thus broken "new ground" in Anglo-German relations. The paper admitted the British were "nervous" about

the anniversary. However, it considered "the tension was eased to a large degree" by the British- mourn today."

based Dresden Trust char-ity's plan to build the golden cross and orb on the

Frauenkirche. For the Telegraph, Monday's ceremonies were "an unprecedented show of reconciliation."

German newspapers gave the ceremonies front-page prominence and printed extensive extracts from President Herzog's speech, in which he said it was pointless to apportion blame to former enemies or try to weigh ap one atrocity against another.
"Violence cannot be offset

by violence," commented the Osnabruecker Zeitung daily. "President Herzog made this hasic principle the crux of his speech yesterday (Monday)." The newspaper added: and war - whether in Dres-

"The victims of dictatorship den, Coventry or Hiroshima, Auschwitz or Dachau, must be mentioned in the same breath, but they must not be weighed up against each

other."
Historian Arnulf Baring praised Mr. Herzog for his treatment of the delicacy of the occasion.

"It was very, very impressive. I thought it hit just the right tone, the tone of mooming."

"What's the point in comparing, what's the point in adding up (the dead)?" he asked. "The war unleashed by Hitler lead to such a loss of inhibitions that it resulted in so many things we must

Workers install an iron gate at the "Lettenstation of Letten in Zurich. Police and bridge", the entry of the open drug scene near—the total closure of the open drug scene for the Limmet riverside at the former railway Tuesday (AFP photo) Police close down Zurich drug market ZURICH, Switzerland But the experiment be-(AFP) — Several hundred came a victim of its own police closed down Zurich's success with some 5,000 hemarket for hard drugs, the roin and cocaine addicts both Swiss and foreigners -suppliers. largest in Europe, overnight, three years after it was legalcongregating at the site, which also became a red light district littered with used nec-

ised in an attempt to control drug sales and drug abuse. The hundred of so addicts remaining on the site, who left peacefully after the midnight deadline, were taken to reception centres to be sent back to their districts or countries of origin.

Only those of Zurich origin were allowed to stay in the city, where they were being offered special facilities, with clean syringes to prevent the spread of AIDS.

Police were under orders to arrest and charge any dealers found but they had already dispersed in the days before the well-publicised operation.

The district, dubbed "Toxicoland," was legalised in 1992 in an attempt by authorities to control the drug traffic and prevent addicts from using infected needless or

overdosing on drugs.

dles and condoms. Authorities decided to put an end to the experiment following several drugrelated murders between dealers settling scores, attacks on police and mounting complaints from local re-

They said 300 police officers would be deployed throughout the city in coming months to prevent dealers and addicts from resettling at the site or in other neighbourhoods.

To that end, police urged local residents Monday to ensure that building entrances and any backyard alleyways were secured and provided a special telephone number they could call to signal any-

thing suspicious. For the past few days authorities had been erecting metal and barbed wire-

barriers around "Toxicoland" to facilitate the police operation and prevent the return of the addicts and their

The closure of the Letten market ends 25 years of a permissive policy towards drugs by the authorities in Switzerland's financial capital. Letten itself took over from the Platzpitz, a city square, which was a gathering place for addicts from 1987 to 1992.

In two decades the price of heroin has fallen in Zurich from 500 Swiss francs (\$385) per gram to 50 francs. Today dealers are offering it for free outside schools in a bid to book new clients. Switzerland has been conducting

experiments in the best policy

to combat drug abuse for

several years, including the

importation of heroin and the

extensive use of the drug substitute methadone. There has also been lobbying for the government to "nationalise" the drugs trade, taking it under federal

From Left: Inspector General of the German Bundeswehr Klaus Naumaan, Chief of the Defence Staff Field Marshall Sir Peter Inqe,

Brigitte Roeder, a 70-yearold survivor of the bombing.
"We wouldn't have

cially that of Dresden." The city, an architectural gem, still bears the scars of and incendiaries that rained

So strong was the blaze caused by incendiary bombs that it created a whirlwind,

The Frauenkirche -But it is now to be rebuilt,

"Should Britain apologise for Dresden?" asked an editorial in the left-leaning

Germany has handled the current proceedings in Dres-

And the paper concluded: Long after the anniversaries are over the weapons and the ideology of war will still be there, a heavier challenge for

A front-page report in the Times said the Duke of Kent



frontline in downtown Grozny. According to reports, Russia

including Marines to the breakaway republic (AFP photo)

Grozny inhabitants brave shelling to fetch water

GROZNY, Russia (AFP) — Bundled up in an old brown coat, her head covered with a red and yellow check headscarf, a Russian woman in her seventies struggles with her two small plastic buckets full

Despite the nearby thud of artillery, like hundreds of other inhabitants in the besieged capital of the breakaway Republic of Chechenya, the old woman has been out to fetch water at the only supply point in this district in the south of the city, which has been spared bombing raids so far.

From dawn, people start converging on the old underground reservoir in the middle of a muddy field, some of them coming from more than five kilometres away.

Three old prams and a

metal trolley are parked in the vicinity, while their owners take advantage of the rare outing to exchange news on the latest districts to be hit by the Rossian artillery.

"Nobody has analysed this water, but we don't have any choice," said a man, who was filling up his metai cans. A black rubber tube was fitted into the pierced pipework two days ago to enable people to help themselves.

A few yards away, Zarima and Roman Kharikhanov, brother and sister, are making their way homewards carrying two buckets. Three days ago a Russian plane bombed just next to the spring where they used to

"We have nowhere to go and who would take us in now with our nationality?' said Zarima, a cheerful 20vear-old Russian girl, whose bright smile is a welcome relief from the overwhelming misery on faces everywhere in this city.

"We are used to the bombing, you can get used to any thing," she added.

Zarima, a bright red shawi over her head, had to give up her studies a year ago because of the economic chaos in Chechenya since its un-ilateral declaration of independence in 1991.

Fetching water is a daily preoccupation all over Groz-"You can live without

fetch water at the artificial lake on the southern exit from Grozny. The women get a teenager

to help them across the lake, which is frozen over, but the "The water isn't good to drink. I only come here for

my two old cows," Daud Emordayev, 66, told AFP. His house in a nearby district was destroyed by a shell a week ago.

A few kilometres farther west, where the bombing raids on the capital are only a distant noise, the water situation is not yet critical: At Urus Martane, cars are parked in the bed of the river Gekhi, which is also frozen over. Their owners are still concerned about keeping

electricity or gas, but not without water," said Zaria their supplies. Since then they have preferred to go farther afield. Kuduzova, who had come to

CARTAGENA, Colombia (AFP) — Investigators searched Friday for clues to explain Wednesday's airliner crash in which 51 people died, the latest aviation tragedy in a country where drug terror, safety blunders and guerrilla attacks make flying a high-risk activity.

Civil Aviation Authority Director Alvaro Raad said technical problems appeared to be the most likely reason why the DC9 on a flight from Bogota to the coastal resort of Cartagena suddenly plunged to the ground and exploded.

Only one passenger survived the crash a nine-yeardo who was recovering in a hospital after suffering multiple fractures and emotional

"The impression we have so far without making conjectures is that there must have been a fault which was sufficiently serious to prevent the pilot from being able to report it." said Captain Estefan Gomez, head of the crash investigation team. "There are no signs of an explosion

inside the aircraft. Colombian officials invited a team from the U.S. Federal Aviation Administration to help but added that until the DC9's "black box" flight and voice recorders were found it would be difficult to make much progress in the crash probe.

A local government official erroneously reported Thursday that the flight and voice recorders had been located by navy divers in the lake near the town of Maria La Baja, 330 miles (530 kilometres) north of Bogota,



Colombian DC-9 crash outside Cartagena, Colombia. Of all 52 passengers, only a

Investigators hunt for clues to Colombia air crash

crash (AFP photo)

where the plane came down. As rescue teams paddling canoes across the lake brought out the last of the bodies and flew them by helicopter to a makeshift morgue in Cartagena, Capt. Gomez said in a radio interview that investigators had found marks gouged into the ground by the plane near where the wreckage was disc-

This suggested the pilot attempted an emergency landing but crashed into an embankment at the edge of the water, he added. Both Capt. Gomez and Mr. Raad dismissed as irresponsible some reports suggesting the crash was caused by a terrorist bomb, saying none of the evidence supported such an argument.

world's worst air safety re-

cords, with several major disasters and a host of minor ones notched up in the last seven years. The International Airline Passengers Association advised its members in September 1993 to avoid flying in or out of Colombia.

Studies by the Associa-tion of Fatal Crashes between 1983 and 1992 showed that Colombia had an aviation accident rate 20 times higher than the United States and

The worst incidents inciuded the November 1989 bombing by drug traffickers of an Avianca Airlines, killing 107 people. Another 137 died when an Avianca jet crashed near Cucuta Airport in March 1988 and 132 others perished when a Boeing ownsidiary, slammed into the side of a mountain in May 1993.

Relatives of the dead in Wednesday's crash lost no time in blaming Intercontinental de Aviacion, the Colombian Airline that owned the plane on doomed Flight

"That plane was held up for six hours before it left for emergency maintenance. It should never have been allowed to fly," shouted a man at Bogota Airport, who declined to give his name. Intercontinental Managing

Director Alfonso Ramirez denied the accusations. saying the delay was caused by airport congestion and the plane was in good condition despite being 29 years old.

Radio commentators. however, suggested that perhaps it was time for Colping older planes and forcing airlines to renew their fleets.

ilisation and also contraceo-

tion," Pope John Paul said.

Over 150 feared dead in Bangladesh train collision

DHAKA (R) — The Bangladeshi prime minister flew-Saturday to the scene of a train crash in northern Bangladesh as rescuers hacking their way through twisted wreckage said they feared the

death toll could top 150. While officials insisted that fewer than 30 had died in the overnight collision near Dinajpur, close to the Indian border, reporters on the spot said this appeared to be an attempt to limit compensation payments to the victims' families.

"I know more than 100 bodies had been plucked from the rabble by daybreak," said one government rescuer, who declined to be identified.

"The number of injuries is no less than 500, maybe more, and dozens among them are simply fighting for their lives," he told a repor-

The collision occurred late Friday when a passenger train travelling at high speed slammed into a stationary one at Hilly station near Dinajpur, 475 kilometres from Dhaka.

"This is a major accident involving two trains, one heavily crowded for a night trip," one reporter told Reu-"Nearly 18 hours after the

battling through the twisted wreckage and pulling out bodies," he said. "The official death count is something different," said another reporter in

accident I saw rescuers still

Joypurhat. Prime Minister Begum Khaleda Zia, who flew to the accident site with Communications Minister Oli Ahmed, expressed deep shock and ordered compensation for the victims. She also visited some of

ends visit

NEW DELHI (Agencies)

U.S. Defence Secretary William Perry left India for Washington Saturday at the end of a week-long trip to the Middle East and South Asia,

Mr. Perry left only hours

before U.S. Commerce

Secretary Ron Brown was set

to arrive in the Indian capital

at the start of a five-day visit

Mr. Perry spent the day

touring an air force base and

visiting the Taj Mahal in

Agra, south of the Indian

to India

U.S. officials said.

Perry

the injured and prayed for their early recovery, witnesses said.

"We are really puzzled by the official figures," said Motiur Rahman, editor of the local daily Uttar Bangla,

after visiting the scene.
"If we take it... then where have the truckloads of bodies people saw gone. There is no formal search

operation as such. Local people, helped by police, were seen cutting steel plates from the mangled coaches and taking out dead and injured," he

Mr. Rahman said Premier Zia had been deeply moved by horror tales told by wailing widows and bereaved parents and children.

He said he believed the final death toll could well top Akhtar Hossain, a student

leader in Hilly, said he and his companions had retrieved 30 bodies in a single hour. Railway officials speculated that the accident might have been due to setting of points" or to faulty

They said the Hilly station master and pointsman had been suspended on suspicion

of neglecting their duties. Witnesses said many of the injured had been taken across the Indian border just 100 metres from the crash site to hospitals in West Bengal

"Saving lives is the first

priority, so India was the natural choice," one reporter quoted an official as saying. Police in Khulna, a south ern district town 280 kilometres from Hilly where one of the doomed trains had been heading, said they also feared the toll could rise to

It was the worst train crash in Bangladesh since January 1989 when 135 people were killed and over 1,000 injured as two packed trains collided at Pubail 24 kilometres from Dhaka.

· In a separate development, Bangladesh's opposition leader Sheikh Hasina said an agreement to end the country's 10-month political crisis was possible but doubted whether Prime Minister Zia

would stick to it. "She may back out as she has done on several occasions before," Mrs. Hasina told Reuters as negotiators sought to resolve what is known in Dhaka as the "battle of the two women.

Mrs. Hasina has led an opposition boycott of parhament which began last February as part of a campaign to drive from office a government she alleges is antidemocratic and willing to do anything to stay in power.

Almost the entire opposition handed in their resignations from parliament on Dec. 28 as the battle intensified to force Mrs. Zia to quit and allow a neutral caretaker government to supervise fresh elections.

Mrs. Hasina said in an interview late Friday she was not interested in the constitutional niceties of where power should like in the interim, now under intense discussion

by negotiators. -The constitution vests executive power in the prime minister, who announced a day after the opposition resignation from parliament that she would step down 30 days before elections due in 1996. But if there is no prime minister, who must be chosen from parliament, who wields

Mediators are trying to figure out how to give power temporarily to President Abdul Rahman Biswas, with

constitutional amendment. Mrs. Zia has rejected the idea but one of her ministers has suggested a new flexibil- 5

ity on the issue. Mrs. Hasina was impatient at such legalities. "It's a political decision. If you make the decision, everything can

be resolved," she said. The trouble is they haven't decided what they really want to do. They are just making confusion and hoping in this way they can stay in power for a long time," she

Mistrust and dislike for Mrs. Zia, the widow of a former military president and who declined to be interviewed, was evident in everything Mrs. Hasina said.

The opposition leader is the daughter of Sheikh Mu-jibur Rahman, who led Bangladesh to independence from Pakistan in a war in 1971 only to be killed by army officers

four years later. "For instance, the day we were handing in our resignations (from parliament) that woman said she was ready to do something and please would we wait," Mrs. Hasina

"We waited for two hours to give her a chance and nothing happened."

Government ministers are equally scornful of Mrs. Hasina. One, who asked not to be named, said of the same incident: "Hasina was well aware that the prime minister would announce her decision to step down 30 days before elections and went ahead with the resignations anyway."

Mrs. Hasma said she had no intention to returning to parliament. The opposition resignation have not yet been accepted in an attempt to give negotiators more time to end the battle.

Italy's Dini prepares to form cabinet

ROME (R) - Lamberto Dini began work Saturday on forming Italy's 54th government since world war II as newspapers applauded his appointment but debated how long it would be before fresh elections were held. "The influential Confere Della Sera declared the choice of Mr. Dini, the outgoing treasury minister, as prime minister-designate "an honourable truce" following the bitter political row over

lusconi who resigned on Dec. "Dini, a new chapter opens," was the banner headline on the front page of La Republica, a daily which has been one of the strongest opponents of media magnate

the succession to Silvio Ber-

Berlusconi. Former central banker Dini gathered his closest aides at the Treasury Ministry Saturday as he set to work on a cabinet he has said will consist of technocrats drawn

Observers said he could have his list of ministers ready by the middle of next week and the signs are that

at least initially. Newspapers agreed that

his government will win broad support in parliament,

Antonio Di Pietro, the former Milan magistrate who became a folk hero for h. work in fighting corruption, was a leading candidate for either the post of justice or

interior minister. But Mr. Di Pietro repeated Saturday that he had no plans to enter politics.

T'm honoured by suggestions that I may be offered a job in government but I repeat that it is not my intention to play any role in politics," he told reporters in Milan. The constitution does not

allow either Mr. Dini or President Oscar Luigi Scalfaro, the man who appointed him, to set a time limit on his premiership and political parties are already bickering over how long Mr. Dini should govern.

Mr. Dini, who is not a

member of any party and only entered politics when Mr. Beriusconi made him treasury minister last May, said his government had a clear four-point prog-

He said the government rein in Italy's runaway deficit, overhaul the pension system, ensure fair representation in the media for all political parties and reform

the electoral system ahead of

rigional polls this spring. Billionaire businessman Berlusconi, swept to power in general elections 10 months ago, said that the Dini solution would only work if it were swiftly followed by elec-

fions.
For the moment I'm saying goodbye, but I'll be back soon," Mr. Berlusconi told reporters. Cesare Previti, coordinator

of Mr. Berluscom's Forza Italia party, told the daily La Stampa that the government could have its programme through parliament by April. paving the way for elections

This is a government that could be ready in a few days and could resign in early April," he said. "By June we can vote again to finally give this country a stable government.

But Umberto Bossi, leader of the Northern League whose mutiny brought down Mr. Berlusconi's sevenmonth-old coalition, said Mr. Dini's appointment would extend the life of the current parliament indefinitely.

"So much water will flow under the bridge before elections are held that Berlusconi will die of boredom and old age," Mr. Bossi said.

ing violence in the name of A former federal minister, ed by SAM, an Avianca subombia to look again at scrap-Saturday denied she authoreligion were "destabilising" Colombia has one of the

Tireless Pope makes security men nervous MANILA (R) — Pope John Paul threw himself Saturday into the busiest day so far of his visit to the Philippines which climaxed with an ecstatic reception from hundreds of thousands of people at a

youth rally. With events lasting from early morning until late evening, the 74-year-old Pontiff showed no signs of flagging on the third day of an 11-day tour that will take him from the Philippines on to Papua New Guinea, Australia and Sri Lanka He was clearly delighted

with the response he has reorived in Asia's only mainly Roman Catholic country, although it has given his security men some nervous Exuberant crowds

threatened at one point to overwhelm his guards at a Catholic media awards ceremony in the afternoon. The smiling Pope appeared unconcerned by the pushing and shoving around him. He

responded by waving the

silver-topped walking stick he

has used since a leg operation

The Pope himself had earlier veered away from his bodyguards to get nearer to the people on his way into the

'We get nervous every time the Pope tries to get closer to the people," police Major Edmund Cacatian told Reuters.

The Pontiff appeared to relish the contact, again wav-ing his cane playfully when greeted by dancers at a youth rally in central Manila's Luneta Park to mark the eve of World Youth Day.

The crowd, estimated by police at up to half a million, exploded in a frenzy of joy when the Pope arrived at the park, beating drums, setting off firecrackers and singing and chanting for 15 minutes. World Youth Day, the highlight of his four-day visit. will be marked by a mass at the park Sunday morning.

The Vatican has shrugged off a security alert centred on a reported bomb plot by Muslim extremists, saying the Pope is used to such alarms.

"We are not especially concerned. Nothing has changed in our plans and nothing will change for the rest of the stay of the holy father here." Vatican spokesman Joaquin Navarro-Valls told reporters.

refused to disclose details of Security sources, however, say it involves a gang of extremists who sneaked into the country over a period of several months led by a man

of Palestinian descent. Addressing a morning mass and later a gathering of Filipino bishops, the Pope spoke bluntly about contraception and social problems facing this nation of 65 million people, some 85 per cent of whom are Catholics.

"Because the church trea-

sures the divine gifts of hu-

man life and its inalienable

dignity, she cannot but stre-

nuously oppose all measures

which are in any way directed

at promoting abortion, ster-

It was his first comment on an issue which has caused increasingly bitter exchanges between the local church and the government of President Fidel Ramos, which prom-The Philippine government otes family planning proghas confirmed two people have been arrested but has The government says fami-

ly planning is one way to help lleviate the poverty which afflicts more than two-thirds of the population, according to United Nations estimates. The Pontiff also attacked poverty and the unequal distribution of wealth.

"Too many families remain without land to till or a home to live in, and too many people are without employment and basic services," said in a speech released by his aides.

"Your task must be to help create a new attitude, a conviction shaped by the principle of the social purpose of power and wealth, which can lead to appropriate changes in the prevailing order,"

During his three-day stay in India, Mr. Perry signed an agreement cementing bilateral defence ties which he said opened a new era in security relations between the two

cold war antagonists. from outside the world of Before India, Mr. Perry party politics. visited Pakistan, Israel and Egypt. He was the first U.S. defence secretary to visit India since the end of the cold

war. Mr. Perry warned Saturday that rising religious fundamentalism in South Asia posed a threat to stability in

the region. The Pentagon chief, in an interview to a television network before leaving for Washington, said people us-

"We are concerned with people using religious cover for violent action for taking away the freedom of others. Mr. Perry said in reply to questions on the Muslim eparatist campaign raging in India's northern Kashmir

"We see it going all over the world and we see plenty (of religious extremism) in South Asia and we are concerned over it, as it would prove to be a force for instapility in the region," Mr. Perry told the Eyewitness network.

Mr. Perry said Washing-ton's "new security relation" with New Delhi and Islamabad would help in resolving the Kashmir conflict.

India accuses Pakistan of arming and training Kash-mir's Islamic guerrillas. Islamabad denies the charge but extends moral and diplomatic support to the drive, which has claimed more than 10,000 lives since 1989 in the Himalayan region.

Kashmir has been the cause of two of the three wars India and Pakistan have fought since the 1947 independence of the South Asian subcontinent.

must pass a mini-budget to

NEW DELHI (AFP) - The widow of former Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi rised a family friend to say she would never take to politics, an indication that she might not be opposed to a

political career.

Sonia Gandhi reacted sharply to a statement issued Thursday by Mohammad Yunus, a firend of Gandhi family, that the Italian-born woman had said she would never join a political party.
"I would rather beg in the streets of Delhi than join (a party) or allow my children to enter politics," Mr. Yunus

quoted Sonia Gandhi as telling him. An aide to Sonia Gandhi said here; "Gandhi has issued no statement nor authorised any statement on her be-half." Sonia Gandhi does not talk directly to the press.

Dissidents in Congress (I) Party of Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha Rao have been urging the charismatic Sonia Gandhi to take to politics, but she has never publicly reacted to their demands. Saturday's comments by her aide were the first indication since Rajiv Gandhi's

essassination in May 1991 that Sonia, who enjoys tremendous clout in the Congress, may not be opposed to a political career. Sonia Gandhi is widely be-

lieved to be pulling political

strings in the bitter innerparty struggle aimed at ousting Premier Rao.

Arjun Singh, who quit the cabinet on Dec. 24 in a direct challenge to Mr. Rao, has met repeatedly with Sonia Gandhi and did so again Fri-

Political observers have said that Sonia Gandhi, who is counted among the most powerful figures in India although she holds no government or political post, may be quietly backing Arjun

Sonia married Rajiv Gandhi in 1968, but declined a Congress request to take up the party leadership after his assassination, enabling Mr. Rao to become India's ninth prime minister.

The Nehru-Gandhi dynasty ruled India for 40 years. beginning with Jawaharlal Nehru, the country's first premier, his daughter, Indira Gandhi, and her son, Rajiv. Meanwhile nearly 100 per

cent of urban Indians are convinced that politicians. cabinet - ministers, and the police are corrupt, according to a poll published in the Times of India Saturday.

Ninety-eight per cent of the 1,544 men and women surveyed in six cities said they were "convinced that politicians and ministers are corrupt." followed by the police

Sonia Gandhi may not be averse to politics (97 per cent) and civil servants (88 per cent). The poll said 63 per cent of

the respondents felt that politicians were, on a scale of one to 10, the "most corrupt." Only two per cent thought politicians were hon-Twenty-four per cent cons-

idered the police the most

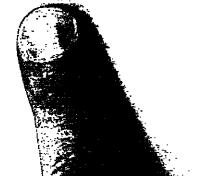
The Times said 80 per cent of those surveyed said lawyers were dishonest and 66 per cent doubted the integrity of judges.

Another 55 per cent put journalists in the corruption

The poll was carried out in New Delhi, Bombay, Calcut-ta, Madras, Bangalore and

Hyderabad.
Corruption may be a global phenomenon... but there is more of it in India than anywhere eise." newspaper commented. "It has come to pervade all professions the public has to deal with, and it has grown in the

last three to four years." The paper said getting police help without paying bribes was considered the most difficult of all, while 66 per cent of people saw no chance of getting a gas, electricity or reiephone connection without greasing paints. and 60 per cent had no hopes of admission into schools and colleges in a straightfor-





Jordan Times

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Will Russia refrain?

AS THE fighting in Chechenya intensified and Russian troops closed in on the presidential palace in Grozny, the U.S. joined other nations in criticising the Russian action. U.S. Secretary of State, Warren Christopher, scheduled to meet his Russian counterpart Andrei Kozyrev in Geneva Tuesday, said that Moscow's continued onslaught on Grozny has led to a setback to Russian progress towards democracy and to Moscow's isolation in the international arena.

The German foreign minister, Klaus Kinkel, was the first Western official to raise the issue about the Russian military intervention by demanding that the conflict be discussed by the Western alliance. The French foreign minister, Alain Juppe, followed suit by calling on Moscow to explain its adventurous policy in that country. Ironically the Muslim world has been generally silent on the ferocious war that is taking place there.

At issue is the right to self-determination that is well-enshrined in the U.N. Charter and practically all the human rights treaties and conventions. Also at stake is Russia's territorial integrity which Russian President Boris Yeltsin seems determined to defend at all costs. This conflict between two perspectives needs to be resolved in favour of human rights and the right of the Chechen people to exercise their right to determine their own future. After all, the Chechens are not Russian people or even remotely related to the Russian people by either culture or religion.

Moscow is obviously going to the extreme by defending its territorial integrity at the expense of the Chechen people's right to self-determination. There is no valid legal argument under international law to suppress people and keep them under the direct political and military domination of another neonle by force.

It is high time that the Arab and Muslim worlds spoke out against the raging war that aiready took a heavy toll on the lives of thousands of innocent people most of whom are civilians. We cannot remain silent when even the Western world has begun to express concern. We must not repeat the same stance that characterised our collective posture on the Bosnian situation. We in Jordan also owe it to our Jordanian Chechens to speak up loud and clear on the fate of their brethren. Moscow must be served with notice that the world cannot keep its eyes closed in the face of the resort to raw power to suppress the Chechen people.

Moscow's interests could be better served by heeding the lessons of history. President Yeltsin should accept the fact that the conflict cannot be solved by the force of arms alone.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

AL RA'I daily Saturday voiced hope that the Israeli government and society will prove their desire for peace with the Arabs by deed rather than words. Commenting on His Majesty King Hussein's statements following Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's visit to Amman, the paper said that the King has reiterated Jordan's full commitment to the implementation of the Jordan-Israel peace treaty and expressed hope that the Israeli side will keep its own commitment too. Criticising the slow page in the Israeli implementation of the treaty and its provisions, the paper said that Israel should realise that the treaty is not mere ink on paper. At the same time, the Israelis should realise that Jordan can by no means disregard lack of progress on the other Arab-Israeli tracks of talks and Israel's continued acts of repression against the Palestinians, added the paper. It said one cannot help expressing fears over Israel's commitment to peace in the light of the Rabin government's current behaviour towards the Palestine National Anthority.

MOHAMMAD KAWASH, a writer in Al Dustour, Saturday criticised Washington's stand vis-a-vis the lifting of U.N. sanctions on Iraq and lashed out at the Arab countries' negative stand and their failure to end the suffering of their Iraqi brothers and sisters. The writer said every time the Security Council meets to review the sanctions, the United States fabricates a new accusation against Iraq to prevent the U.N. from lifting the sanctions. But, said the writer, France, Russia, China and Western firms are continuing the process of exercising pressure for ending the sanctions. He said a delegation representing British firms has just visited Baghdad to discuss economic relations and trade with Iraq and it is hoped that the British government will favour the lifting of the U.N. sanctions under pressure from the British business community as has aiready happened in France. The British delegation's visit came in the wake of visits by French, Chinese and Russian delegations to discuss relations, said the writer. He said that economic considerations could be instrumental in ending the sanctions.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Fanek

Country must be ready for possible failure of final status talks

NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN the Palestinians and Israel on the final status of the occupied territories are supposed to start at the beginning of the third year of self-government — i.e., on the second week of May 1996. The agenda for those negotiations includes several issues of extreme importance and sensitivity such as Jerusalem, borders, Israeli settlements and a Palestinian state.

The Palestinian side was practically tortured and bullied during the negotiations for a limited administrative self-rule. Israel is still stalling on simple issues such as the release of thousands of Palestinian prisoners still held in Israeli jails and the suspension of building new settlements. Therefore, observers do not need to wait 16 months more to realise that the negotiations on the final stage will be extremely difficult. Such negotiations may continue for three years, leading nowhere, especially when the policy of the so-called full partner, i.e., the United States of America, is to keep hands off and not to interfere despite the obvious disparity between the two parties.

It is not too early or premature to predict the failure of negotiations. There is no need to wait four years before we in Jordan start to prepare ourselves for this likely outcome, examine our options and make up our minds regarding our best course of action to safeguard our interests.

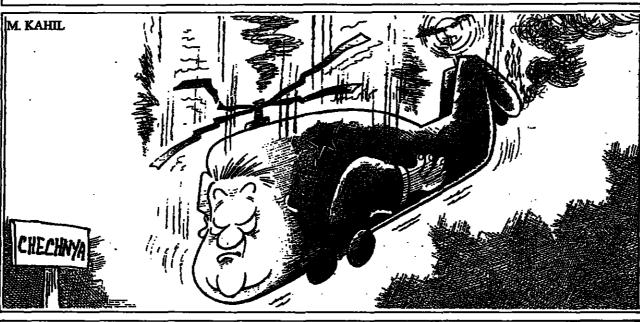
If negotiations fails, as we expect, and Israel blocks the establishment of a Palestinian independent state and refuses to withdraw its occupation forces and pull out its settlers from all the territories in the West Bank and Gaza Strip occupied since 1967, the possibilities should be one of the following three alternatives:

 the continuation of self-rule indefinitely or until further notice; — the annexation of the occupied territories by Israel; or the connection of the West Bank and Gaza to Jordan. All these alternatives are bad from the Jordanian people's point of view. The continued self-rule means the continued control of Israel of the West Bank and Gaza. Strip for ever, while depriving its inhabitants from the Israeli nationality to maintain the purity of the Hebrew state. This means the annexation of land while treating the Palestinian population as guests that can be allowed to run their own day-to-day affairs until a way is found to get rid of them gradually through affairs until a way is found to get rid of them gradually through affairs until a way is found to get rid of them gradually through affairs until a way is found to get rid.

be the victim as a dumping place.

Since Israel will definitely refuse to absorb the Palestinian population, which could raise the ratio of Arabs in Israel to over 40 per cent thus resulting in a state with dual nationality. Since the civilised world will not accept the freezing of the situation for long, it is more likely that the West Bank and Gaza Strip will be connected, one way or another, to Jordan from the human point of view, while maintaining the sovereignty of Israel over the land, and keeping the Israeli army in all vital and sensitive areas and along the Jordan River in accordance with the Alone Plan. Israeli leaders will try to distinguish between sovereignty over land which they will claim is theirs, and the sovereignty over the people, which they will be glad to pass on to Jordan, just as they distinguished between religious supervision and political sovereignty over Jerusalem.

Now what should be the position of the Jordanian people on this possible scenario? Should Jordanians swallow this scheme which will be masked by such slogans as confederation, special relationship, one people and brotherhood etc.



Where is the moral leader of the West?

By John J. Maresca

PARIS — What happens when the president of the United States abdicates his role as the single most important voice of moral authority in the Western world? That is what has happened as Russian forces, under order from President Boris Yeltsin, have proceeded to bomb and shell the Chechens, in an apparent attempt to either force their submission or simply eliminate them.

President Bill Clinton has called the episode an "internal" Russian matter, and has expressed hope that the Russians will carry out their repression as quickly as possible. Meanwhile, the spokesman of the U.S. State Department has compared the attack on Chechenya with the American civil war, making the point that ewa in America a secession was prevented by

Is Mr. Clinton suggesting that the Russians should apply even greater force, so as to eliminate the Chechens more quickly than they already appear to be doing? If so, what will be left in Chechenya?

Is the State Department suggesting that the brutal 300-year Russian effort to conquer or eliminate the Chechens is somehow the same as the cause of main-

taining the American union amid political differences over the issue of slavery? That Boris Yeltsin is a sort of Abraham Lincoln? That 1860 is the same as 1995? All of this flies in the face of history, logic and the most elementary moral

The fact is that the White House, and the president who resides there, have in our time acquired a central responsibility as the West's voice of moral authority, and President Clinton has abdicated this role in the way he has treated the

Chechen crisis.

The Russians, and particularly President Yeltsin, are guilty of brutal repression of the Chechens, against all standards of human rights and numerous specific commitments under the United Nations Charter, the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Helsinki accord, the Charter of Paris and many other

agreements by which Russia is internationally bound.
Yet the American president will not say so. The Russians' actions in Grozny are deeply morally offensive even without their specific international undertakings, but Mr. Clinton stays silent and goes duck hunt-

There is something eerie about the fact that the international community has be-

(without the United States, it is true) but his not touched the Chechen problem, despite the similarities between the two conflicts. The problem of Chechenya is no more "internal" than that of Bosnia, but the abdication of U.S. moral leadership has come into clearer focus.

Does the White House believe that its silence on this issue will reinforce Mr. Yeltsin's increasingly hollow regime, in which power sporadically shifts from one obscure individual to another, which has the support of only 15 per cent of the people, and which is slipping rapidly back toward the authoritarian methods (and officials) of

The evil here comes from Boris Yeltsin himself, not from some "worse alternative." And the prospects are that with this kind of encouragement from he leader of the Western will move even further in the direction of the aggressive Russian nationalism that the West so rightly

The countries of the European Union, to their credit, have made a demarche to the Russian foreign minister deploring the excessive use of force against the Chechens, and have

condemned, albeit hesitantly, the human rights violations of this Russian venture.

They have even proposed

a halfhearted solution, namely the sending of CSCE monitors to Chechenya. This could be a worthwhile step if carried out immediately, because it might at least forestall the vicious Russian bombardment that has been targeting anything that moves, and would help the international community uto bypass the contention that Chechenya is a purely internal Russian problem.

The United States should

move quickly to support this European suggestion and to reassert its traditional leadership role on this deeply offensive moral issue. The Russians should be vigorously pressured to resolve the problem of Chethenya through negotiation, not of force. Mr. Yeltsin is not 1860.

The writer was U.S. ambassador to the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe from 1989 to 1992. He was deputy U.S. negotiator of the Helsinki Final Act of 1975 and is author of a book, "To Helsinki," about those negotiations. This comment is reprinted from the International Herald Tribune.

Turkish democracy pledge faces obstacles

By Alistair Beli Reuter

ANKARA — Prime Minister Tansu Ciller, pushed by Western criticism to promise more democracy and ease curbs on freedom of speech over Kurds, will have a tough time persuading Turkey's parliament even if she has the will to do so, political analysts said on Sunday.

Sunday.
"It's the last chance for Turkey before it becomes a lonely and disliked country. She has to take the chance now because it's the only way to escape Western criticism," leading political commentator Mehmet Ali

Birand told Reuters.

Ms. Ciller, in a live television broadcast on Saturday, said changes would be made to the 1982 military-drafted constitution to lift curbs on freedom of speech and end political bans.

Hundreds of people have

been jailed for perceived

support for the 10-year-old Kurdish separatist struggle, including authors, journalists and intellectuals.

And Ms. Ciller herself was instrumental only last year in having 13 Kurdish MPs lose their parliamentary scata.

seats.

Eight of the MPs were subsequently tried for separatism and alleged links with Kurdistan Workers Party (PKK) guerrillas and jailed for up to 15 years, giving a focal point to simmering Western criticism about human rights in NATO member Turkey.

"The fact that she has made so many similar promises on democracy and human rights in the past and hasn't earried them out puts a big question mark over this," Mr. Birand said. European Union (EU) natious cited Turkey's often harsh treatment of non-violent Kurdish activists as

a reason for delaying the

signing of a customs union

accord with Ankara last month.

The customs union is to be reviewed again at a meeting in March when the EU is expected to raise the human right issue. Ms. Ciller said on Satur-

day she wanted to revise article 14 of the constitution which restricts Kurdish separatist activity.

One penal code article

the constitution has been the basis for most of the trials for non-violent separatist offences.

Other attempts to liberal-

Other attempts to liberalise the constitution or scrap harsh legislation which outlaws separatism have been blocked by right-wing members of parliament, many of them from Ms. Ciller's own True Path Party (DYP).

"She's going to have to overcome her DYP hardiners if she wants to change anything," Mi. Birand said. Ms. Ciller has previously backtracked on a promise to introduce Kurdishlanguage education and a suggestion that the predominantly Kurdish southeast of Turkey be granted political autonomy like

Spain's Basque region.

She was fiercely criticised at the time by parliamentarians and the military for appearing to compromise with the Kurdish guerrillas. More than 14,000 people have been killed in the PKK's campaign. Set up a Kurdish state.

"I can't see the ame."
ments happening," a Western analyst said. "She needs
a two-thirds majority in
parliament to change the
constitution and there just
isn't the political will to
make what most people see
are concessions to the
Knode."

"Even if she did amend the constitution she'd have to change the penal code as well which would take a long time," Mr. Birand

West fuels Muslim ire again over Chechenya

By Nicholas Doughty

Reuter

LONDON — With its singgish response to the crisis in Chechenya, the West is fuelling Islamic protests that it is ready to abandon Muslims to their fate juless its own vital interests are at stake, analysts and diplo-

mats say.

Such accusations of double standards have been a long-running sore in the Middle East over the Palestinian issue and have come to the fore again in Bosnia, where Western governments have declined to support the Muslim-led government.

At a time when tensions and misunderstandings between the Islamic and traditionally Christian world are growing, Chechenya—part of a Muslim belt in the Caucasus—is widely seen as just another example of Western hypocrisy.

"Chechenya adds to the

"Chechenya adds to the list... it creates a growing gap," said Maha Azzam, an expert on Islam with the Royal United Services Institute (RUSI) in London.
"The resentment is

"The resentment is strong and at many levels of society, including prosperous, well-to-do Muslims who would not support Islamac radicalism," she told Remers.

"There is fertile ground for resentment," said Philip Robins of the Royal Institute of International Affairs (RIIA). "Chechenya helps to confirm the perception of double standards."

Although the United States and its allies came to the defence of Kuwait and drove out Iraqi forces in the 1991 Gulf war, many Muslims feel that this was only because of oil and other strategic interests in the region.

gion.

Western diplomats say they are aware of the problem but argue that their governments have little choice over Checkenya.

choice over Chechenya.
Faced with television pictures and graphic reports of the carnage in Grozny, Germany, France and Denmark have become more critical of Moscow's military onslaught in recent

But diplomats say there is little they can do in practice to resolve what they regard as an internal Russian

"We don't want to destabilise (Russian President Boris) Yéltsin and there's not much we can do except offer humanitarian help," said one European diplomat

"We don't win any bonus points in the Muslim World, I know, but I don't think the reaction would have been any different if the Chechens were Christians."

Helen Krag, an expert on minorities in the former Soviet Union, said in a newspaper interview on Monday that Islam had always strengthened in Chechenya when its people felt threatened.

"But Islam is not particularly strong in everyday life, not at all," Mr. Krag told the International Herald Tribune. "I see no danger whatsoever from furdamentalism."

Nevertheless, footage beamed around the world of Chechen street fighters wearing green headbands and shouting "Allahu Akbar" (God is greatest) as their capital is bombed and shelled has provoked powerful reactions from the Islamic World outside.

Fifty-one states of the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) called on Moscow to end the attacks and accused Russia on Sunday of breaking international law by "indiscriminate use of force against civilian centres."

On Friday, more than 2,000 Turks protesting against Russia's action clashed with police after midday prayers at an Istanbul mosque. 'The Chechenya revolution,' protesters shouted, holding bamers declaring Chechenya a Muslim land.

Pakistan has said it is deeply concerned at the bloodshed and Iranian President Akbar Hasheni Rafsanjani warned last week that the conflict would damage Russian ties with Muslim countries, "fanning the flames of a second and research and research and research and research and research at the said and research and research at the said and research at the said and research at the said at the said and research at the said at the said at the said and research at the said at

hatred and vengeance."
In Bangladesh on Monday, nearly one million Islamic, believers from more than 70 countries ended a three-day congregation with prayer leaders calling for an end to attacks on Musius in Chechenya and Bosnia.

The OIC urged the United Nations to help find a

But Muslim countries wield too little influence in such organisations to make such organisations to make the agenda, despite the fact that some of them — including Pakistan and Bangladesh — have contributed to U.N. peacekeeping mis-

There are no Muslim countries with a permanent seat on the U.N. Security Council, said RUSI's

Azzan.
Dr. Azzam said Islamic opposition groups, whether radical or not, would inevitably use what had happened in Chechenya to try to win more popular support in states from Algeria

"They will add this to the list that already has Bosnia and other examples," said Dr. Azzam. "In the end, it will backfire on western interests and give comfort to extremists."

LETTERS

Solar energy research worth support

To the Editor:

IMAGINE PLANET Earth as a depleted planet containing the remains of our industrial civilisation, and some cave-dwelling survivors.

Depleted planet here means no trees, no wild life, and radical weather changes. Nature as we know it has ended. This is the result of the continuous pollution we have generated through our relentless use of non-renewable sources of energy: e.g. coal, oil, gas, wood, nuclear energy. This might have been prevented by a world-wide effort to produce and research solar energy. Each day the sun

delivers to Earth a supply of solar energy that will satisfy all our energy needs for 15 years. To date, we have failed to use this daily gift to our best advantage.

Have efforts to produce and research solar energy been stalled by government grants to utilities opposed to solar energy because of their heavy investment in non-renewable energy, the use of which pollutes our environment?

Why do not deserving independent corporations, which

are free and eager to produce and research solar energy, receive any grants?

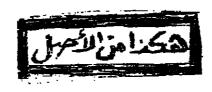
A world-wide effort to produce and research solar energy would provide our produce.

energy would provide our grandchildren with a decent environment in which to live.

Do not our grandchildren deserve a better environment than the aforementioned "depleted planet," that we are presently polluting for them?

> Martin J. O'Malley, Passaic, New Jersey, U.S.A.

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the veturn of unused manascripts.



'Saudis massing troops'

(Continued from page 1)

flag. A clash broke out with Yemeni border police, who recovered the post and ripped down the flag There was no official Saudi

comment on the incident. Farlier this month Yemen and Saudi Arabia agreed to halt military movements along their disputed border and pall their forces back from the area, following a

series of clashes. Tension has remained high between the two countries, whose relations deteriorated during the 1990-1991 Gulf crisis when Riyadh accused Sanaa of supporting Bagh-

In Yemen's two-month civil war last year, Sanaa accused Riyadh of aiding southern Yemeni forces in their bid to break away from the north.

Yemen claims sovereignty over three Saudi provinces Najran, Jizan and Assir assigned to the kingdom under a treaty signed in 1934. Sanaa argues that the treaty expired in September 1992 and is opposed to renewing

The Yemeni Al Thawra weekly reported on Friday several people were killed or wounded in "wide-scale" clashes on Wednesday in which several Saudi troops

were captured. It said Saudi warplanes launched air raids

on Yemeni positions. There was no confirmation of the report by the weekly, the mouthpiece of the opposition Yemen Socialist Party (YSP)

Official Yemeni sources had said a number of Yemeni soldiers were injured in a clash on Tuesday with a Saudi force that penetrated Yemeni territory.

An official Yemeni source on Friday denied a report in the Lebanese Al Anwar paper saying that Sanaa had rushed troops to the border and that Yemeni forces held a Saudi post inside Saudi territory.

"There is no truth whatsoever in this report... there are no Yemeni troops massed on the border," he said.
Al Anwar said telephone

contacts took place between King Fahd and a number of Arab leaders on Thursday and that Saudi ambassadors were briefed on the massing of Yemeni troops.

The official Saudi Press Agency said King Fahd talked on Thursday with President Assad and President Mubarak and discussed "political and security developments on the Arab and international arena.

Chechens hold onto palace

(Continued from page 1)

of Russia, Mr. Clinton said the violence must end." Least again on all the parties to stop spilling blood and start making peace," he

Grozny has been subjected to air raids as well as relentless artillery bombardment, with Minutka Square, a rallying point for Chechen combatants in the south of the city, hit by about a dozen bombs which killed at least three people and injured five more on Saturday, photographer on the scene said.

But victory was still not in sight for the Russians, more than a month after they were sent to put down the threeyear-old rebellion in the secessionist republic.

Terusalem should not cause disunity.

over this issue since the Kingdom has no ambitions or objectives other than protec-

tion of the Arab and Islamic identity of the Holy City," he "Participation in the OIC (Jerusalem Committee's) meeting manifests Jordan's

determination to present its position with regard to the status of the Holy City," Mr. Stressing that Jordan seeks to safeguard the holy shrines

Mr. Mbeideen recalled that Jordan had been acting as guardian of these places over undertook many measures, including the restoration of Mr. Mbeideen noted.

the Dome of the Rock Mosque, in order to achieve that

The Jerusalem Committee will give attention to efforts being made at all levels to ensure Arab sovereignty over Arab Jerusalem, to protect its Islamic character and to secure the rights of all followers of the monotheistic religions, Mr. Mbeideen said.

The Jerusalem Committee. which was formed by OIC in 1975, has been entrusted with implementing resolutions passed by OIC and other international organisations which support OIC's stand,

Movement takes shape

(Continued from page 1)

tlements has also boosted efforts to organise Palestinian ranks.

Dr. Abdui Shafi's call coincided with parallel, albeit uncoordinated, efforts to revive the PLO. The new initiative to re-

vive the PLO is led by Palestinian Foreign Minister Farouk Kaddoumi, who met with Palestinian opposition groups in mascus last week.

Mr. Kaddoumi, a member of the Fateh Central Committee, even met with Khaled Al Fahoum, leader of the National Salvation Front, and Ahmad Jibril of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine General Command (PFLP-GC), who were accused in the past of attempting to create an alternative organisation to the PLO. According to sources

from the opposition Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine (DFLP), Mr. Kaddoumi has pledg to join in the call for the suspending the peace talks. But other Palestinian sources are not optimistic efforts, especially that most of the PLO leadership institutions have been de-

Yasser Arafat moved to the Gaza Strip last July. ---Following are excerpts from Dr. Abdul Shafi's draft proposal:

funct since PLO leader

A movement for building democracy is needed... to practise its role initially among the people in the occupied ter-

The movement's political identity is based on the following:

- Commitment to the Palestinian people's right to self-determination and the establishment of an independent Palestinian state on Palestinian land and the attainment of the Palestiman techniques rights in accordance with United Nations resolutions.

— The movement reiterates the unity of the Palestinian people and that the PLO is the legitimate representative of the Palestinian people and the symbol of their unity. The movement con-

siders the continuation of the Israeli occupation of Palestinian lands — the Gaza Strip, and the West Bank including East Jerusalem — and settlement construction as a blatant aggression condemned by the United Nations Security Council resolutions. They are serious obstacles

to peace in the region.

— The movement is committed to the peace initiative launched by the Palestine National Council (PNC) in Algiers, on Nov. 15, 1988, and to Palestinian refugees' rights according to United Nations Resolution 194.

any Israeli territorial claims in the occupied Palestinian territories, including East Jerusalem, and considers the construction and settlement of Israelis in that area illegal and in total contravention of the requirements of peace.

- The movement considers the continuation of Israeli claims as a flagrant call for violence and a distortion of the concept of peace. The movement holds Israel responsible for the violence that results as a consequence of the Israeli policies - whether it is Palestinian or Israeli vio-

- On the basis of the commitments mentioned above the Movement for Democracy is open for all individuals who believe and adhere to democracy and work to disseminate democratic values and practices in the Palestinian society. The movement is not ready to compromise its indepenRabin may have run out of ideas, Derek Brown in Jerusalem writes

El Khader against the widening of the settlement of Ephrat (AFP photo)

can get without the whole process disintegrating.

The gloom is not just the product of a particularly grim week, but of the mulated disillusion on both sides with an arrangement which has promised

IT HAS been a dreadful

week for the Israeli govern-

ment and for the peace

accord with the Palesti-

nians. Eleven lives have

been taken, and trust be-

tween the so-called peace

partners is as low as it has

been — possibly as low as it

ously little. Some of the Palestinians have freedom of a sort, but it is the freedom of the ghetto. Within the self-rule enclaves of Jericho and the Gaza Strip, their borders guarded by Israeli troops, poverty is increasing. In the rest of the West Bank, still under military occupation, there is burning resentment about the remorseless expansion of Jewish settle-

much and delivered danger-

ments. From the other side of the 1967 border, the view is not better. Rightwing Israelis were appalled by the very idea of peace with Yasser Arafat's Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Even liberals were apprehensive. Now everyone is sated with the almost daily reports of death. More than 100 Israelis have been killed since the signing

of the "historic" peace accord in September 1993, the bloodiest toll by far since the start of the Arab intifada, or uprising, in late

Last week's dead, 10 Palestinians and one Israeli. sustain the ratio of the intifada. But over recent months it has been much more balanced. That fact is chilling in a country obsessed by threat and survival.

Over th st 15 months of "peace", Islamist groups like Hamas and others opposed to the accord have hit civilian and security force targets more efficiently than ever before. Now even Mr. Arafat's raggedy police force seems to be

ioining in. Last week's comses include three Palestinian policemen, killed by Israeli troops at Beit Hanoun inside the northern border of the autonomous Gaza Strip. The army says categorically that the police fired first; the Palestinians insist that they did not fire

As ever, what is believed is much more important than what can be proved. The conventional wisdom in Gaza today is that Israel deliberately launched a lethal attack to divert attention from its own obstruction of the peace process. For an increasing number

of Israelis, the affray at Beit

Hanoun is evidence of the essential untrustworthiness of Mr. Arafat and the PLO. Instead of neutralising the militant threat, the argument runs, self-rule has dramatically increased it.

There have been signs for some time that the government and security forces are losing patience with the Palestinians' failure to deliver on security. Last autumn, in the wake bombing of a bus in Tel Aviv, which claimed more than 20 Israeli lives, the gloves came off. At least one Islamist activist was

assassinated in Gaza, and

undercover operations were stepped up.
Last week brought dramatic evidence of the new, no-nonsense approach. On Monday, hours before the Beit Hanoun shooting, troops inter-cepted and shot dead three Hamas militants in two separate incidents in the West Bank. Four activists of the Popular Front were cornered in Ramallah also and, as the military analysts

say, "climinated". There should be nothing inevitable about the response, but there always is a response. Recently, a woman settler died when her car was attacked by gunmen near Ramallah. Her brother-in-law was wounded. Two small girls

were in the vehicle. Neither The latest attack has bru-

Palestinian youths clash with an Israeli military police unit after the Friday noon prayer as they were prevented from holding a demonstration in the Arab village of

Self-rule deal could die of irrelevance

With continuing violence and stalemate over Jewish settlements,

tally underlined the govern-ment's dilemma over Jewish colonisation of the West Bank, an issue which has suddenly jumped to the top of the "peace" agenda after months of muted Palestinian grombling and casual The government is ada-

mant that settlements can time comes to negotiate a final-status agreement. In the meantime, it says, there will be no new public sector building, and no new settle-

The reality is that settlements are growing, Jews are moving into the West Bank, land is being confiscated, and new roads are being constructed. All of this has gone on behind a smokescreen of legalistic guff about "state" land, private sector activity, security considerations, existing permits, and so on. What matters are facts on the ground, and those facts are bumiliating for West Bank Palestinians.

After a recent violent clash on the site of yet another settlement expansion near Bethlehem, and the government's subsequent attempt at "compromise" (the site was moved and building is going ahead), Palestinians and

settlers are talking themselves into a potentially ugly new confrontation....

Demonstrations, backed by peace groups and sec-tions of the Israeli left, were planned at several building sites. In response, the more militant settlers are talking of taking defence into their own hands, and bitterly accusing the government of

giving in to violence. (Nothing about this is Dui there have surreal moments. Such as Eliakim Ha'etzni, one of the shriller settlers from the ultra-right community of Kiryat Arba, complaining about Palestinians "grab-

bing our land".) Against this background of confrontation, it is perhaps unsurprising that there has been little prog-ress on the next scheduled phase of the peace process: pulling Israeli troops out of Arab areas and extending self-rule into the occupied West Bank as a prelude to Palestinian elections. But therein lies the greatest danger of all, that without forward momentum the accord will atrophy and die

of sheer irrelevance. "We have moved from the siege of Beirut to the seige of Gaza," said the Palestinian National Authority spokesman. Nabil Abu Rudeina, last week. "We expected Israel to redeploy its troops; instead it

has redeployed its settlers. Mr. Rudeina belongs to the vast majority of Palestins who detect a piot, or what has happened in the past half-year of political stalemate and deteriorating

Much more plausible. however, is the growing view that the Israeli Prime Minister, Yitzhak Rabin. has simply run out of onideas. Politically, his survival and that of his Labour Party depend on the success of the peace process. But equally, he stands or falls on the be-all and end-all

issue: security. Any concession to the Palestinians, for example on the release of the 5,000 or more prisoners still in Israeli jails, will be inter-preted by the right as weakness, and an incitement to more violence. But if he offers nothing to the PLO and instead appeases the right with harsher security, Mr. Arafat could lose his already crumbling popular

In a system dominated by news bulletins — what in Northern Ireland used to be called the politics of the latest atrocity — it seems an age since Mr. Rabin and Mr. Arafat stood side by side in Stockholm to receive the Nobel peace prize.

The Guardian

Pakistan's mighty Khan

LAHORE — HE is mobbed wherever he goes. People want to touch him. Schoolchildren happily line up to give him their pocket money, women fling their jewellery at him, small traders and businessmen have raised billions of rupees for his cause. His railies get bigger and more stirring by the day. Rousing slogans proclaim him as the next prime minister of Pakistan.

mer captain of Pakistan's cricket team, who shot to glory after Pakistan won cricket's World Cup in 1992. These days Mr. Khan is raising money for a cancer hospital for the poor in memory of his mother, who died of the disease. More worryingly for Pakistan's political leaders, the prime minister, Benazir Bhutto, and the opposition's Nawaz Sharif, he has become a

He is Imran Khan, a for-

and parties) and homespun (the refuses to wear West-Until recently, the Oxford-educated Mr. Khan ern clothes and frowns on wore Armani suits, dated Western music). He scolds London socialites and rubupper class children for bed shoulders with royalty and rock stars. Now he has turned his back on all that. Clad in traditional Pakistan shalwar kameez, he claims the West is immoral, de-

praved, hypocritical and imperialistic. He accuses Pakistani ruling clites of being heartless and corrupt. There is talk of forming a welfare party or pressure group to address the plight of the "wretched of the carth" To Pakistanis the new Imran Khan is noble (he comes from a noble line of Pathans), truthful (he admitted that he had once

tampered" with the ball in

a county cricket match),.

selfiess (cancer hospital for

is critical of all politicians

aspiring to become "brown sahibs." He insists that his hospital will not become dependent on handouts from the rich or the powerful. His populist rhetoric evokes standing ovations across the country. Mr. Khan's stardom springs partly from people's

discontent with Pakistan's corrupt political leadership. It also reflects strong undercurrents of anti-Western feeling among many sec-tions of state and society. How has this come about?

Since Pakistan reverted to democracy in 1988, the country has been plagued by recurring constitutional crises, bitter palace intrigues and acute political instability. Five governments have come and gone, three elections have taken place. Every regime, at national and state level, has faced charges of corruption, embezziement and plunder. The same landed clites which propped up military regimes in the past now hog the power under democra-Cy.

Benazir Bhutto has turned out to be a disappointment. Jobs are harder to find, inflation is soaring (over 20 per cent unofficially), law and order has rapidly deteriorated and sectamanism (financed by Saudi Arabia and Iran) is rife. Ethnic conflict has paralysed the country's largest industrial city, Karachi, where more than 800 people (including 70 police-men) were killed by terrorists in 1994.

The economy is slack. For the third year running,

growth is expected to be lower than the 6 per cent average for the 1980s. Many industries, including cotton (the country's top foreign-exchange earner) and sogar, are in bad shape. Since March, the Karachi Stock Exchange index has declined 727 points to 1936. nomts in December.

The country is steadily drifting into a pro-Islam, anti-West mood Pakistanis felt betrayed when the United States, a staunch ally for over four decades, cut. off economic and military aid in 1990 in retaliation for. Pakistan's refusal to abandon its nuclear programme. Lack of Western support for the cause of Muslims in Kashmir and Bosnia is seen as part of the West's "newcrosade against Islam,"

In this atmosphere of despair and drift many people find themselves yearning for a saviour to provide

security, stability and selfrespect. Can the born again Muslim Imran Khan take on this role? For the moment, Mr. Khan is insisting that he is not interested in politics because he finds it "contemptible". But he admits that General Hamid Gul is his mentor and marde e momin (the rightly guided).

General Gul was head of Pakistan's Inter Services intelligence agency when the Afghan war was at its peak. He is an aggressive self proclaimed Islamic visionary" who has been touring the country exhorting people to demand the liberation of Kashmir by force from India. The danger to Pakistan is that the "mighty Khan" (as he is fondly called) might become a pawn in the hands of such demagogues.



Foreign

investors

pay \$4.2b

in taxes

Islamic countries threatened by food shortage by 2000

countries could have serious trouble feeding their people in the next century, the head of the Organisation of the Islamic Conference (OIC) warned here Saturday.

"Despite many efforts, OIC member states have achieved no tangible progress in the area of food security, Hamid Al Ghabid told agriculture ministers and representatives from 48 Islamic countries.

The main reason is the lack of any effective mechanism at the regional and subregional levels," Mr. Ghabid said at the seminar on food security and agricultural de-velopment which opened here Saturday.

Providing food for the world's one billion Muslims "will be seriously threatened on the horizon of the year 2000 if collective measures are not taken urgently in the field of agricultural develop-ment," Mr. Ghabid said.

He said tackling food shortage in Islamic countries was a "priority" for the OIC and called on international organisations to help out."

He also called attention to the problems of "famine and malnutrition in the developing and underdeveloped" countries.

"Most developing countries and especially the underdeveloped ones face excessive debts and a constant fall in the price of their agricultural exports." he said.

Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani warned in an opening speech

were dependent on imported food and the situation "could turn into a political prob-

"Agricultural production and trade are becoming more and more dependent on political considerations," he said without elaborating.

The president urged OIC members to set up a "healthy economic and agricultural structure" and engage further in a South-South cooperation through establishing an Isla-

mic common market. Mr. Rafsanjani said Iran had made considerable advances in agriculture, producing 10.8 million tonnes of wheat in 1993 compared with 7.7 million tonnes in 1988 when he became president. Wheat production is ex-

pected to reach 11.5 million tonnes this year, while domestic consumption exceeds 13 million tonnes. Ministers from Gambia.

Svria and Malaysia - who represent Muslim countries from Africa, the Middle East and Asia - also called for a "joint OIC effort to respond to the increasing need" for food in the Islamic world.

Syrian Agriculture Minis ter Assad Mustafa warned that the "weakness" of Arab countries in the agricultural sector could lead to a strong Israel influence in the region. Malaysian Minister Sanusi

Junid for his part called for a "common agricultural order" Participants at the threeday seminar are to discuss various suggestions to improve the food situation.

Arab Gulf states ponder creation of trade bank

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Arab Gulf states are considering the creation of a bank to finance their trade as part of attempts to boost non-oil exports and diversify their economies, according to an official study.

The Gulf Organisation for Industrial Consulting (GOIC) has completed a feasibility study on the project, to be funded by the six Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) states, according to the study by the Doha-based

group.
The export-import bank is now under serious consideration as it will help member states in expanding their trade," said the study, obtained Friday.

It did not mention the proposed capital of the bank, the latest in a series of projects designed to support flagging inter-GCC trade and enable member states to increase export to manufactured products.

It also did not make clear if the bank would cover exports of petrochemicals and other oil products as most GCC tions have embarked on projects to expand such industries to face growing demand following the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) deal.

A similar project covering all Arab countries was proposed at and Arab League sponsored conference held in the United Arab Emirates ((JAE) this week to discuss economic challenges in face of world blocs

Trade among the League's 22 members has remained at less than 10 per cent of their total trade of more than \$200 billion a year due to political rifts, customs barriers, funds shortages and communication and storage problems.

In the GCC, internal trade has ranged at seven to 12 per cent of the group's total trade of more than \$130 billion a year although their 1982 economic pact calls for free movement of goods and indi-

GCC states - Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, Oman and the UAE - have sought to reduce reliance on volatile crude earnings through increasing non-oil exports and setting up che-mical and other industries. GOIC, which oversees industrial policies in the GCC,

industrial projects in Sandi Arabia in 1994 and 14 ventures in Kuwait.

It will promote 10 projects in Bahrain in the next three mouths and will hold seminers in Qatar and the UAE this year to present new industrial ventures, mainly for the private sector, it said.

"A decade ago, the con-centration was on the public sector. But now, there is an emphasis on small and imm-sized enterprises for the private sector as part of economic reforms in the region," it said.

in China BEIJING (R) — China expects to collect more than 36 billion yuan (\$4.2 billion) in taxes from foreign investment in 1994, about eight per cent of total industrial and commercial tax revenue, the

China Daily said Friday. In 1993, China earned 20.6 cillion yuan (\$2.42 billion) from taxing foreign invest ment, seven per cent of the industrial and commercial bill, the newspaper quoted a senior official of the State Administration of Taxation as saying.

"Foreign tax income is ex-

pected to witness a fairly big growth in 1994 to make up around eight per cent of China's total industrial and tax revenue," the newspaper

China collected 451.3 biftion yuan (\$53.09 billion) in industrial and commercial taxes in 1994, it said.

"Foreign investment tax ras become an important component of the state coffers," the China Daily quoted the unnamed official as saying at a recent conference on foreign taxation in Beij-

At the start of last year, China reformed its tax law to put Chinese and foreignunded enterprises on a par. China said foreign-funded enterprises that paid higher bills under the new law would be compensated.

So far China has paid 2.5 billion yuan (\$294 million) in refunds, the official said.

said it had proposed 17 new Dollar musters rise on mark but fails to crack yen

LONDON (R) — The dollar managed a rise of about a third of a pfennig against the mark on foreign exchanges Friday but was undermined by a resilient yen and weakened further by a surprise drop in U.S. December

The dollar finished the European trading session at 1.5330 marks and 98.60 yen versus Thursday's late Euro-pean levels of 1.5295 and

"The dollar is still looking shaky and the retail sales figures have added to the gloom," said Stuart Parkinson, an economist at German-owned investment bank Morgan Grenfell here. "And it's difficult to see the yen weaken again in the near

Peseta still weak

In a stormy week in global currency markets the dollar lost almost two and a half pfennigs against the mark. Against the yen, it was more than one and a half yen lower than last Friday.

Its shy advance against the mark was scuppered by a surprise drop in U.S. retail sales of 0.1 per cent in December against forecasts of a 0.7 per cent rise. November's figure was revised down to a 0.2 per cent rise from 1.2 per cent previously.

The soft data put a further lid on interest-rate rise spe-culation, and analysts said they may scale down their fourth-quarter U.S. economic growth estimates.

Most still believe the Federal Reserve will tighten credit conditions at the end of the month, but most likely by just 50 basis points, less aggressively than previously

In dollar/yen trading, the 98.50 level was pivotal, providing the U.S. unit with a tough barrier to chew on. The dollar sliced through it several times, but bidding by Japanese institutional investors and importers checked

The ven has become an Asian safe-haven amid global market jitters, prompted initially by Mexico's financial crisis but spilling over into emerging markets in the Philippines, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, and parts of eastern Europe.

The dollar got some respite from profit-taking on long mark positions. Concern about political and fiscal problems in Spain, Italy and Sweden had triggered a flight into the perceived safe-haven of mark-denominated investments earlier in the week, dragging the lira and peseta to fresh record lows.

The lira firmed in expectation of Treasury Minister Lamberto Dini being appointed prime minister designate with the task of forming Italy's 54th government since World War II President Scalfaro announced the appointment iate in European trading.

Iranian oil industry to be partly privatised

NICOSIA (R) — Iran plans to privatise some parts of its giant oil and petrochemical industry, an oil ministry official was on Saturday quoted as saying. Iranian television quoted the ministry's director general of planning, Kazem Vaziri-Hamaneh, as saying sectors of the oil and petrochemical industry not barred from privatisation by Iran's constitution would be handed over to the private sector. He did not specify what sectors of the oil indus-

"Those sectors prohibited from privatisation would be run as autonomous government agencies. Raw materials would be sold to them and finished products purchased from them at interna-tional prices," he was quoted as saying by the television, monitored by the British

try are barred from privatisa-

Broadcasting Corporation. "The necessary subsidies, he said, would be paid by the oil ministry and the government," the television said. "Refineries could be run in the same way," the official was quoted as saying.

The non-partisan Dini is the financial community's favourite choice, analysts

"The appointment is good news for Italy, at least in the short-term," said Brian Martin, an economist at Citibank in London, "He is facing a tough job though, and long-term the lira could still face further trouble due to Italy's fiscal problems," he added.

The lira firmed to 1.055.10 per mark in late dealings from around 1.060.00 at the previous European close. The peseta also gained, standing at 87.09/12 in late

European dealings from 87.33/36 previously. There was widespread talk of Spanish intervention through the session but no comment from the Bank of Spain. Economy Minister Solbes said the peseta was clearly undervalued.

The French franc, also a victim of European exchange rate mechanism jitters, firmed past 3.46 per mark in late trading after hitting a 14 month low earlier.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JANUARY 15, 1995 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Use your finest talent in the most intelligent way today and it will pay off handsomely at the right time later on. Tonight you can make those needed changes at home and make solid plans for the work-week shead which is going to be busy.

ARTES: (March 21 to April 19) The morning is ideal to finish arrangements made with partners, and tonight you find there is delay in keeping promises made. TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Know what it is a dynamic partner, wasts of you and handle the matter well. Later, assist your mate with a problem.

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Schedule your duties wisely in the morning and don't fret if a friend if a little delayed in meeting you.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Be sure to use tact at home in the morning and find better ways of enjoying yourself. Steer clear

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Studying proven vepts in the morning can be beneficial to you. One who is restricted uncould make an unpleasant remark, but ignore it.

in the morning, and then handle correspondence and other deal activities. Communicate with friends. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Morning is fine for self improvement, later handle whatever is practical in a wise way. Solve

that problem you have with a close friend.

SCORPIC: (October 23 to November 21) Forget that private anxiety in the morning and then you can handle outside affairs well. Be kind at home to your loved ones.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Be sure you study your personal desires well and then know how to gain them with real wisdom. Be happy with those close to you. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Plan how to make a better impression on others and then pursue your fundest wishes and gain them so you can be more success in life.

ACCUARTOS: (January 21, to February 19) Maintain the philosophy you profess in the morning. You find more respect in the outside world. Show that you are loyal towards others.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) This is an ideal morning for getting new ideas, but later you find it hard to go after some goal which appeals to you. Perseverance wins out.

Birthstone of January: Garnet - Rose Quartz

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day announced deficit-cutting AMMAN BUSINESS INSTITUTE

measures and long-awaited structural reforms, with an eye on shoring up sagging confidence in a peseta that received its biggest battering for two years this week.

MADRID (R) — Spain Fri-

Announcing a 150 billion peseta (\$1.2 billion) cut in government spending this year, Economy Minister Ped-ro Solbes said, "we have observed a great deal of concern in the financial markets over fiscal policy in 1995."

He also announced monthly controls on ministerial spending to ensure no deviation from budget deficit targets, as well as structural economic reforms freeing up land for development and introducing greater flexibility

in private pensions. The peseta, which had been extremely volatile during the day with rumours flying on early elections, reacted calmly and closed in Madrid at 87.15/25, just

above its opening levels. Analysts had said that in the present crisis the government at the very least needed to make a show of firmness on the deficit and demonstrate its determination on

cut, structural reform Maastricht goals set for European Community member

Spain announces spending

ference after Friday's regular cabinet meeting, launched a strong attack on what he described as a rumour campaign in markets designed to unsettle the peseta.

"These rumours have shown a complete lack of responsibility and have been badly intentioned," he said. He repeated his Tuesday denial that the peseta would be taken out of the European

exchange rate mechanism. Government spokesman Alfredo Perez Rubalcaba, responding to a rumour that Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez had seen King Juan Carlos Friday to discuss early elections, described it as 'grotesque" and the government was determined to gov-

The peseta had surged on the rumours, reflecting what analysts said was a growing market preference for early

elections to resolve what it sees as a political impasse. Analysts said while the political crisis continues over allegations of government in-

volvement in a secret war on Basque separatists the peseta would remain under pressure even with renewed government vigour on the deficit.

But Mr. Solbes said the peseta was "clearly undervalued" at present levels and saw it pulling back to levels around 85.

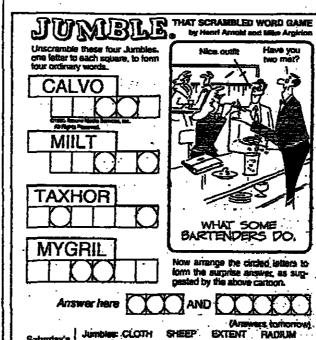
The measures, brought forward to Friday's cabinet meeting, had been widely expected and analysts said that the 150 billion peseta spending cut would probably achieve little more than offest the impact on debt servicing of rising interest rates.

Mr. Solbes said the government is still optimistic of reaching a 3.5 per cent inflation target this year, after recording the lowest rise in 25 years with last year's 4.3 per cent increased also announced Friday.

Jordan Times Tel: 667171

THE BETTER HALF By Glasbergen

"We can afford to fly to Hawaii...but only if we fold all these bills into a giant paper airplane!"





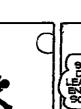
Peanuts













Mutt'n'Jeff

Andy Capp









usiness eat

A review of economic news from the Arabic press

Interest rates rising

The Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) issued JD 25 million of certificates of deposit (CDs) earning higher interest than those issued previously. Certificates of deposits maturing in the three months now earn 8.25 per cent interest after having been at 7.7 per cent. Interest on CDs maturing in six months went up from eight per cent to 8.5 per cent while interest on repurchase agreements of CDs and treasury bills became nine per cent instead of 8.5 per cent. According to banking sources, the hike is to ensure the stability of the Jordanian dinar and to discourage any shift towards other currencies, especially the U.S dollar, the interest on which had been rising recently. A banker pointed out that, based on the higher interest rates on CD's, the people will be looking for a 9.25 interest on their deposits, especially at banks that try to raise their liquidity levels. On the credit side, it is more likely that banks will be charging more on their loans and other credit facilities with interest as high as 13 or 14 per cent plus one per cent commission (Al

** Nine hundred million eggs were produced in Jordan last year, 50 million more than 1993. Exports in 1994 were 150 million (Al Dus-

た。☆☆ Royal Jordanian flew 13,726 hours last year compared to 13,363 hours in 1993. The airline is expected to post more than 16,739 flight hours this year (Al Ra'i).

* ★ Israeli tourists increased the operations at JETT (Jordan Express Tourist Transport Co.) by 25 per cent since the signing of the peace treaty. JETT is considering raising its operational capacity by 30 per cent through purchasing new buses and upgrading the performance of old buses

* ★ Bank of Jordan Tuesday reported sharply improved results for 1994, with six million dinars (\$8.57 million) in pre-tax profits due to growth in lending and operations in the Israeli-occupied West Bank. Pre-tax profits were 3.50 million dinars (\$5 million) in 1993. "The healthy 1994 results are due to new industrial loans and the resumption of operations in the occcupied West Bank which raised our total balance sheet," Tawfik Fakhouri, chairman of the Bank of Jordan, told Reuters. Final figures and any dividend distributions are under study by the central bank for approval and need to be endorsed at the bank's annual meeting in April. The Bank of Jordan, which plans a major West Bank presence in 1995, in 1994 opened three branches in the Israeli occupied West Bank towns of Ramallah, Nablus and Jenin. This month it will open a fourth West Bank branch in Hebron and its first branch in the self-rule Gaza area. Mr. Fakhouri said West Bank deposits topped \$90 million at end of 1994. It was the first Jordanian bank to reopen in the territories under the Middle East peace process, opening in Ramallah last April. Total assets rose to 405,190,000 dinars (\$578,842,857) in 1994 from 298,211,000 dinars (\$426,015,714) in 1993. Operating income rose to 11,956,000 dinars (\$17,080,000) from 8,957,000 dinars (\$12,795,714) in 1993. Loans rose to 186,005,000 dinars (\$265,721,428) from 138,828,000 dinars (\$198,325.714) in 1993. Shareholders equity fell to 21.6 million dinars (\$30.8) million) from 21.7 million dinars (\$31 million) in 1993. Total, deposits rose to 324,616,000 dinars (\$463,737,142) from 225,601,000 dinars (\$322,287,140) in 1993. Total Balance sheet rose to

458,412,000 dinars

(\$489,518,571) in 1993 (Al

Joint ventures suit Jordan industries best

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan, which is seeking export-led economic growth, has a strong manufacturing base but lacks proper technology and marketing technique: joint ventures with foreign partners could offer the best means for Jordanian exporters to develop their business, a leading businessman said Tues-

Fawaz Shalaan, vicepresident of the Jordan Trade Association (JTA), also said Jordanian producers should adopt a carefully planned approach to exports rather than "haphazard, occasional exports" which do more harm than benefit. Mr. Shalaan was addres-

Financial

Markets

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen

U.S. Dollar

Swiss Franc

French Franc

laganese Yes

U.S. Dollar

Sterling Pound

Deutsche Mark

Swiss Franc

French Franc

Japanese Yen^a

Datch Gailder

wedish Kross

Italian Lira*

Belgian Franc

Other Currencies

Bahraini Dinas

Saudi Riyal

Kewaiti Dinar

Ostari Riyal

Egyptian Pound

Omani Riyal

UAE Dirham

Greek Drachsua*

bullion markets Tuesday.

U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.3984/94

One ounce of gold \$375.60/376.10

Cypriot Pound

European Curreny Unit

Cairo Amman Bank

exports' as part of a seminar entitled "Jordan and the World," organised by Economic Perspectives, a local newslettet.

The two-day seminar. which ended Tuesday, reviewed issues such as "Jordan's economic relations with Europe." "Jordan and technology transfer." "Foreign investment in Jordan," "New environmental factors in Jordan's regional and international economic relations." and "International issues affecting Jordan in relation to problems of copyright."

According to Mr. Shalaan. Jordan has a strong manufacturing base by virtue of an edge in cheap labour when compared to most other countries in the region.

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14/2/1995

Offer

0.7020

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0.5467

0.1334

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0.4124

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Dutch guilders

Swiss francs

Belgian francs

French francs Italian lire

Japanese ven

Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns

Date: 14/2/1995

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Date 13/2/95

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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling

rates for leading world currencies and gold against the

dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and

1.5208/18

1.7048/58

1.2860/70

31.29/33

5.2680/30

1611.8/2.8

98.85/94

7.4100/00

6.6620/70

5.9845/95

\$1.5536/46

Metal

2.06

Enropean Currency Unit 5.68 5.93 6.25

376.00 7.55 Silver

dom's exporters do not have the right technology and the proper marketing approach to make a success of exports. he said.

In many cases, export orders came to Jordan as a result of the importer taking an interest in the product through personal mediation rather than local companies going after export orders, he The figures that Mr. Sha-

laan cited to support his argument included: More than 50 per cent of Jordan's exports are raw

material: the bulk of the rest is consumer products; there is very little export of capital - Five of Jordan's 14 in-

dustrial sectors account for 75 per cent of Jordan's exports. - 100 companies account for 75 per cent of Jordan's exports while 700 companies make up 25 per cent.

for 80 per cent of the King-dom's total exports, and 60 markets make up 20 per cent. Nine groups of products

make up 65 per cent of exports while 330 other groups of products make up the rest. This uneven distribution is a result of an unplanned. haphazard way of doing business." Mr. Shalaan said. "We

marketing. As such, he said, "joint ventures could be the future of Jordanian exports.

are weak in technology and in

Joint ventures that suit Jordan best would be where the foreign partners offer the technology and also market the product in their own way rather than depending on the Jordanian counterpart to do

the job, he said. Mr. Shalaan said many lordanian companies do not have a record of going through a stage of advance planning that takes into conake up 25 per cent. sideration quality, market — Five markets account conditions, prices, political and economic policy issues. intermediaries, banking practices, financing arrangements, long-term vision etc. while launching efforts to market their products

abroad. As such, "we often have the unfortunate experience of bad exports," he said.

Mr. Shalaan said there was a gradual shift in Jordanian exports from traditional exports such as vegetables and raw materials to nontraditional items such as paper and plastic items, chemicals, medicine and pharmaceuticals. But, he said, the speed of the change was very

. He welcomed the moves adopted by the government to encourage exports, including tax exemption for all income from exports and the setting up of a unit at the Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) to offer low-cost financing for exports. The interest levied by the CBJ is

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185.000 187.500 4.300 4.300 4.250 4.250 3.550 3.550 2.650 2.650 6.000 6.020

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5.010 9.410 3.850 7.500 4.500 2.100 2.570 2.800 .950 .760 1.760 1.750 2.600 1.750 4.120 2.070

: +0.417

3.000 1.450 3.790 3.130 1.320

3.600 2.450

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2.100 2.580 2.820 8.070 .980 .780 1.380 4.000 4.250 .760 1.780 2.640

INDEX NUMBER: 124.10 CEANGE : -0.22%

INDEX MUMBER: 142.97

CHANGE

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PREV. CLOSING PRICE

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around four per cent. Until recently, commercial banks also used to extend similar facilities at a cost slightly higher than the CBJ. But bankers attending the workshop said they were no longer able to extend such facilities since their own cost of financing was much higher than what the export com-

the banking system. 'Our cost is nearly 10.5 per cent," said a representative of the British Bank of the Middle East, adding that overnight bank-to-bank interest rates had also gone up.

munity would accept from

Mr. Shalaan conceded that the private sector had a major role to play in the economic growth of the country. but lamented that the sector was relegated to a junior role by the public sector.

"It is sad to see that 55 per cent of the workforce is employed by the public sector ... which also interferes with every activity of the private sector." he said, citing the government's investments in the hotel and tourism industry and transport, and monopoly in telecommunications, and the role of the ministry of supply, which reg-

ulates market prices. In quality control. Mr. Shalaan decried that Jordanian companies do not have a separate line of "export quality" production as is the case in many third world countries. "We are exporting the same items in the same packing and presentation as we market them locally." he said, adding that some of the features of the local production may not be suitable for

export market. However, Mr. Shalaan opposed the idea of setting up a regulatory hody with government involvement to ensure that goods being exported meet with certain minimum requirements in terms of contents, quality and presentation.

We already have enough of government controls. he said. However, in the context of quality of exports, he said. Jordanian exporters would be better off if they could have an international body such as the ISO 9000 set up presence in Jordan to give exported goods its stamp of approval.

Underwriters to syndicate Saudi loan

DUBAI (R) — Underwriters of a \$700 million loan to a Saudi petrochemical project hope to go to the world market for syndication any day now, bankers have said.

They said the underwriters had prepared a list of Saudi, regional and international banks in the United States. Europe and Japan that would be invited to take part in the loan for the Saudi-U.S. joint venture, Saudi Petrochemical

Co. (Sadaf). "It could be any day now. If not this week then next week," said one banker who is close to the deal. "Many banks are showing interest and see it as an exciting deal. The offers will be widespread," he added.

Bankers had said the loan became more attractive after the Saudis agreed that it would be governed by British rather than Sandi law. -- 😁

"Offers will go to banks that deal with Shell, Banks that want to do business in the Middle East and banks interested in the petrochemical sector," another bank-

Sadal is a 50-50 joint venture between the Saudi state-Saudi Basis Industries Corp (SABIC) and Pecten Arabia. a unit of the Royal Dutch/ Shell Group's U.S. subsidiary, Sheli Oil Co.

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The bankers reiterated that the 81/2-year loan would be priced at 114 points over the London Inter Bank Offered Rate (LIBOR), which is higher than SABIC subsidiaries had been paying.

Saudi Arabia faces cash flow problems because of weak oil prices and huge infrastructure commitments. Its banks face buge demand for leans to the private and public sectors. The bankers said Citibank

and Chase Manhattan Coro had joined the underwriters with \$100 million each. The other six underwriters had committed themselves to \$500 million.

The other six underwriters, who undertake to place a certain portion of a loan, are Arab Petroleum Investments Corp. National Commercial Bank, Saudi American Bank, Saudi British Bank, Saudi Hollandi Bank - all Saudibased - and Bahrain's Gulf

Investment Bank, The Sadaf project, likely to cost of least \$1 billion, would make 700,000 tonnes a year of the environmentallyfriendly gasoline additive methyl tertiary butyl ether caustic soda, ethylene dich-

loride and styrene facilities. The plan is for the plant to be able to switch from producing MTBE to ETBE.

AMDIAN FINANCIAL MARKET EUGING BANK CETER AMAN - SHREISAFI TELEPHONE: \$60170 / \$63170 ORGANIZED MARKET SHARE PRICE LIST FOR TUSEDAY 14/ COMPANY'S MAKE SHARES TRADED ARAB BANK PIC JORDAN NATIONAL BANK JORDAN NATIONAL BANK / NEW INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK 19950 3110 200 10225 600 2250 THE BOUSING BANK JORDAN KUMAIT BANK JORDAN GULF BANK JORDAN ISLAMIC BANK BEIT ELMAL SAVINGGINVESTMENT FOR BOUSING ANDIAN BANK FOR INVESTMENT ARAB BANKING CORPORATION/JORDAN PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK. 59837 2000 500 GENERAL ARABIA INSURANCE JORDAN FRENCH INSURANCE 2500 INSURANCE SECTOR 10667 5400 1683 8800 2750 4650 1300 JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER / REN JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER / REN ARAB INTERNATIONAL BOTELS JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES WATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES UNITED MIDDLE EAST & COMMODORE BOTELS ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION SERVICES SECTOR 35250 6361 THE JORDAN CEMENT FACTORIES THE ARBA POTASE/HEW JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL THE JORDAN WORSTED HILLS ARBA PERROMCEUTICAL MANUFACTURING JORDAN DAIRY SPINNING & WEAVING RAFIA INDUSTRIES DAR AL DAWN UNVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT ARAB INVESTMENT & INCRURATIONAL TRADE LIVESTOCK & POULTRY ARAB PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING NATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRU ALADDIN INDUSTRIES JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIMCO JORDAN SULPHO-CHEHICALS ARAB CENTER FOR FRAMM. & CREMICALS KANTHER INVESTMENT UNIVERSAL MODERN INDUSTRIES JORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO

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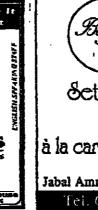
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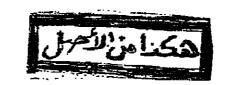












Berasategui buries one-surface reputation

MILAN (AFP) — Alberto Berasategui, the French Open finalist, buried his reputation as a strictly onesurface player here Monday when he beat American David Wheaton 7-6 (14/12), 3-6, 6-4 to reach the second round of the men's indoor tournament.

The third-seeded Spaniard, who started the 1995 season late after joining his clayloving compatriots in skipping the Australian Open in January, reached the second round on outdoor hardcourt last week in Dubai before losing to German Carsten Arriens.

Wheaton, a hardcourt spe-cialist ranked 34th in the world, proved a handful for the Spaniard ranked fourth. but after a pour second set Berasategui pulled through to book a second round match against Slava Dosedel of the Czech Republic, who beat Alberto Costa of Spain

France's Guy Forget continued his slow but steady comeback from serious knee problems, beating Spain's Francisco Clavet 6-4, 7-5.

He was angry with organis-ers for their refusal to delay his entry into the tournament until Tuesday.

Forget was a guest at the Saturday wedding of his Davis Cup captain Yannich Noah in Normandy to En-glish model Heather Stewart-Whyte, but he had to leave the festivities early to get to

"I was not happy," he said.
"It really annoyed me."
The unseeded Frenchman

took his frustrations out on the court, needing one hour 33 minutes to carve out the

The Swiss-based 30-yearold who has reached the second round of all three events he has played so far this year needed only the first of two match points against clay-court specialist Clavet.

World number three Boris Becker, who won his first title this year in Marseille on Sunday, is top seed ahead of Goran Ivanisevic, the world number four from Croatia who was second in the rankings to Pete Sampras late last

COVENTRY (AFP)

Neal left Premiership strug-

glers Coventry by mutual

agreement" here Tuesday

clearing the way for Ron

Atkinson to return to man-

agement following his dismis-

sal by Aston Villa in Novem-

Coventry are expected to

name a successor to Neal

shortly and former Aston Vil-

la and Manchester United

boss Atkinson is hot

ing Neal's departure, the club

paid tribute to his services.

In its statement announc-

"At a time when the game.

is being maligned with press-

allegations of sleaze and bungs. Phil Neal has always

shown himself to be a man of

the highest possible integrity

and a tremendous credit to

Coventry are currently

fifth from bottom of the Pre-

miership but even a 2-0 win at

Crystal Palace on Saturday

was not enough to save

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favourite to land the job.



Spaniard Alberto Berasategui

Earlier, qualifier Ronald Agenor of Haiti defeated Fabrice Santoro of France 6-1, 7-6 (7-5) while Slava Dosedal of the Czech Republic ousted another Spaniard, Alberto Costa 6-4, 7-5.

'Don't write Steffi off' warns Pierce

World number three Mary Pierce, hoping to win her first-ever tournament in her adopted France at the Paris Indoor Open this week. warned that nobody should write off former world number-one Steffi Graf.

Graf, who is in the French capital to play her first tournament in three months, revealed on Monday that she would be carrying a severe back injury for the rest of her

But the Canadian-born Pierce, who was 20 last month when she won the Australian Open, revealed that she had trained with Graf on Monday and found the German to be in "excel-

Neal's departure clears

way for 'Big Ron'

1994/95 season.

Billy Bonds

Steve Wicks

Tony Pulis

Joe Jordan

John McPhail

Phil Henson

Greg Downs

Mick Walker

Kenny Hibbitt

Kenny Swain

Alan Buckley

Mike Walker

Ron Atkinson

Russell Osman

Gerry Francis

John Gorman

Brian Little

Dave Sutton

Eddie May

John Beck

John Lyall

Billy Ayre

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"I had the impression she was as fast as ever," said Pierce who is seeded to play Graf in next Sunday's final of the \$420,000 WTA event.

ly sharp out there."
Pierce, who is being heralded as a player capable of wresting the world number one crown from Arantxa Sanchez and Graf, said: "It's always been my dream to be number-one in the world but it certainly won't be easy. It's been hard enough reaching third place in the rankings. But obviously I shall be doing

"I thought she looked real-

my best." Pierce, beaten in the final at the French Open at Roland Garros last year by San-chez, admitted she had learned a lot of lessons since

"I wanted to do well especially in France. But that put extra pressure on me. "When I faced Arantxa again in the final at the Australian Open it was very different. I went out on court-feeling much more confidence. I had nothing to

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Rotherham

Hercford

Walsall

Grimsby

Everton

Oldham

Swindon

Leicester

Rochdale

Cardiff

Preston

Scarborough

Northampton

Notts County

Portsmouth

Colchester

Plymouth

Chester

OPR

Tottenham

Aston Villa

Bristol City

Wigan

Notts County

West Brom

Stoke

Scarborough

Bournemouth

"Obviously anything can happen in a tournament and there is no such thing as an easy draw. But I would dearly love to play Steffi in the

Pierce has become something of a jinx for Graf. She beat the German in the semifinals at Roland Garros and in the quarter-finals of the Virginia Slims Championships in New York last

Pierce, who has soared up the rankings since coming under the wing of coaches Nick Bollewttieri and Sven Groeneveld, plays her first match on Wednesday against either Italian Sandra Cecchini or Rennae Stubbs of Au-

In the other half of the draw Graf also has her first match on Wednesday against either Elena Makarova of Russia or Larisa Neiland of

Women's rankings

| | • |
|------------------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Arantxa Sanchez Vicario (Spain) | 307.91 pt |
| 2. Steffi Graf (Germany) | 289.19 |
| 3. Mary Pierce (France) | 207,80 |
| 4. Conchita Martinez (Spain) | 188.07 |
| 5. Jana Novotna (Czech Repb.) | 171.04 |
| 6. Lindsay Davenport (USA) | 150.40 |
| 7. Gabriela Sabatini (Argentina) | 130_35 |
| 8. Kimiko Date (Japan) | 116.79 |
| 9. Natalia Zvereva (Belarus) | 107.84 |
| 10. Anke Huber (Germany) | 103.31 |
| 11. Magdalena Maleeva (Bulgaria) | 100.67 |
| 12. Iva Majoli (Croatia) | 90.97 |
| 13. Breuda Schultz (Netherlands) | 77.51 |
| 14. Naoko Sawamatsu (Japan) | 76.09 |
| 15. Amy Frazier (USA) | 76.05 |
| 16. Helena Sukova (Czech Repb.) | 74.16 |
| 17. Sabine Hack (Germany) | 73.19 |
| | |
| 18. Julie Halard (France) | 71.77 |
| 19. Mary Joe Fernandez (USA) | 70.66 |
| 20. Amanda Coetzer (S Africa) | 70.27 |
| | |

Agassi edges closer

Andre Agassi's win in San Jose has edged him nearer fellow American Pete Sampras, whom he beat in the Australian Open final, in the world rankings.

| | Problem open man, in the world raindings | • | |
|---|------------------------------------------|------|-----|
| | 1. Pete Sampras (USA) | 4725 | pts |
| | 2. Andre Agassi (USA) | 4082 | • |
| | 3. Boris Becker (Germany) | 3054 | |
| i | 4. Goran Ivanisevic (Cro) | 2805 | |
| | 5. Michael Chang (USA) | 2803 | |
| I | 6. Sergi Bruguera (Sna) | 2779 | |
| | 7. Alberto Berasategui (Spa) | 2470 | |
| | 8. Michael Stich (Ger) | 2395 | |
| | 9. Stefan Edberg (Swe) | 2277 | |
| | 10. Evgueni Kafelnikov (Rus) | 2139 | |
| | 11. Wayne Ferriera (S.Af) | 2070 | |
| | 12. Jim Courier (USA) | 1928 | |
| | 13, Andrei Medvedev (Ukr) | 1815 | |
| | 14. Magnus Larsson (Swe) | 1587 | |
| | 15. Richard Krajicek (Neth) | 1569 | |
| | 16. Todd Martin (USA) | 1564 | |
| | 17. Marc Rosset (Swi) | 1534 | |
| | 18. Thomas Muster (Aut) | 1517 | |
| | 19. Andrea Gaudenzi (Ita) | 1439 | • |
| | 20. Jacco Eltingh (Neth) | 1332 | |
| | 1 | 1000 | |
| | • | | |

America's Cup

New boat for OneAustralia

SAN DIEGO (AFP) — round. The boat that hasn't OneAustralia will switch raced yet has been underboats for the third round America's Cup trials while Team New Zealand and Nippon decided to stay with the hulls they used in the first two rounds.

Weather permitting, the third round of challenger and defender trials will begin Tuesday in the Pacific Ocean off Point Loma.

Forecasts for Tuesday call for winds in excess of 25 John Bertrand's oneAus-

tralia will use the new AUS-35 hull, which earlier survived a protest challenge that its construction violated the 1995 event's limit of two new boats per team. The boat arrived in San

Diego last month and has been sailed almost daily since the end of the second round-

Over the past several days, oneAustralia finally got the medium to strong breezes it wanted to see before committing to the boat.

Many observers believed Team New Zealand, which is undefeated on the water. might substitute hulls this

going considerable work during the past week.

But syndicate head Peter Blake said his group will stick with the hull that leads the challenger standings. Nippon also begged off

changing boats at this time — probably because the new JPN-41 hull has had but three Nomo as well. days of practice sailing since it arrived in San Diego. After two round-robins.

the JPN-30 hull is fourth in the challenger standings, but less than a win ahead of France 3 in what could be the battle for the final semifinal berth. The French introduced their new hull in the second round-robin. While wins in the first

round-robin were worth one point and wins in the second series were worth two, the pay-off doubles to four points per win in this round.

"Now it counts ... this is when it gets good," said ('hri-Dickson. whose NZL-39 is tied for second with one Australia at 13 points after two rounds. Team New Zealand has 16. Nippon has 10 and

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Islamic storm brews over Atlanta Games

the Atlanta Olympic Games next year.

tional Olympic Committee (IOC) to ban

men-only teams from the Games.

Atlanta Plus says that IOC President Juan-Antonio Samaranch is failing to uphold the Olympic Charter which outlaws discrimination on grounds of creed, colour, politics or

"What makes us angry is that the IOC is a moral force not a political one," said Linda Weil-Curiel, a Paris barrister and one of three founder members of Atlanta Plus. She condemned the "cowardice" of IOC

members who are supposed to uphold the Olympic ideal of sport free from discrimina-

The ideal is splendid but the IOC itself women at does not follow it," she said. "The Olympic sequence. ideal is being attacked from within. She said Atlanta Plus is prepared to launch a boycott of the Games and a product boycott

of top Olympic sponsors.

The IOC admits that 35 nations, 12 of them Islamic, brought men-only teams to Barcelona in 1992. But it says Atlanta Plus is a political pressure group targetting a religion

and has rejected requests for talks with the "That has damaged our image," said Weil-Curiel, "and it will take some time for the

suspicion to die down. But the United Nations will give Weil-Curiel a hearing. On Wednesday she travels to Geneva for a meeting with Ayala Llasso, the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights. She wants the UN Human Rights Commission to call the IOC to order under UN anti-discrimination resolutions.

Founded in Paris on January 10, Atlanta Plus is snowballing, gathering 300 new members a day and winning backing from two French cabinet members.

U.S. President Bill Clinton and Newt Gingrich, the Republican speaker of the house and representative from Atlanta, as well as Bri-tain's Princess Anne, an IOC member, have been approached for support.
On May 8, Weil-Curiel will address UN-ESCO, the United Nations educational, sci-

entific and cultural organisation.

PARIS (AFP) — Women's rights campaig-ners are set to trigger an Islamic storm over delegates in all countries which sends teams to the Olympic Games.

"We have zero funds and growing debts," A Paris-based group is brandishing a twin "We have zero funds and growing debts," boycott threat in order to force the Interna- she said "But we have the conviction that what we are doing is just."

She rejects the charge that Islamic countries including Iran, Saudi Arabia and Kuwait are targetted on religious grounds.

"In Barcelona the Olympic Charter was flouted," she said. "We are against discrimination not religion. Sanctions exist for

mination, not religion. Sanctions exist for countries which do not respect the Charter. They must be applied, as they were for the apartheid regime in South Africa."

Blue chip Olympic sponsors such as CocaCola will suffer unless they "put morality
before the dollar," said Weil-Curiel.

Islamic countries maintain that female sports dress offends Muslim morals and

women athletes have often suffered in con-

Algeria's Olympic 1,500 metres champion Hassiba Boulmerka was denounced from the

pulpit at home.
"What I have been through in the last three years no other athlete could put up with," she said recently.

An Islamic women's games was held in Iran in 1993 with 700 women from 13 countries competing in traditional Muslim dress with men and television cameras banned.

The Iranians have dismissed Atlanta Plus as "cheap shot at Islam" with a diplomat referring to the boycott threat as an "unjustified attack on the Islamic States."

Weil-Curiel is aware that her group may be in danger of retaliation from Islamic fundamentalists.

"But you can't be afraid," she said. "If you are afraid you do nothing." Some third world countries with little money for sport cut their Olympic budgets by

sacrificing women competitors.

"In such cases we need a major distribution of the colossal profits generated by the Olympics to benefit these countries so women need

not suffer," she said.

The IOC has so far responded with caution. asking for a report on women in sport to be presented at its April executive board meeting in Monaco and for a debate on the issue at its next session in Budapest in June.

Dodgers sign Japanese pitcher

Hideo Nomo, a star pitcher in Japan, signed a minor league contract Monday with the Los Angeles club this year if baseball's labour fight is solved.

"He has the type of ability we believe is at a majorleague level," Dodgers' vice president Fred Claire said.

The deal, finalised at a hotel in this city's "Little Tokyo" district, included a reported million-dollar signing bonus. Five other U.S. clubs were interested in

U.S. labour laws prohibit importing workers from other nations to act as strikebreakers in a labour dispute. Thus, Nomo cannot pitch in the major leagues until the six-month-old play-



Angeles Dodgers President Peter O'Omalley (left) following a news conference Monday where it was announced that the Japanese baseball superstar has signed a minor league contract with the Dodgers (AFP photo)

ers strike is settled. Pacific League in victories and strikeouts during four of retired from Japanese base-

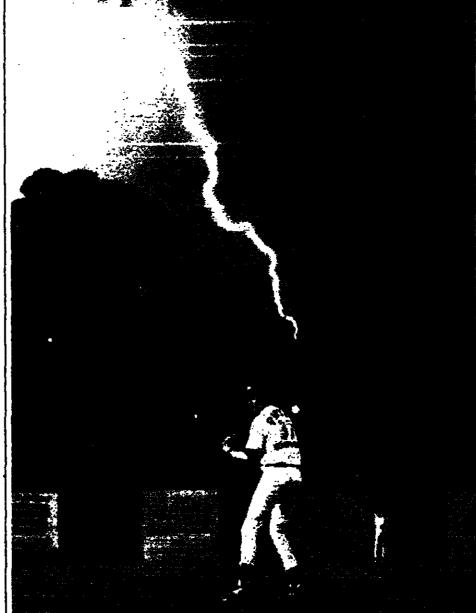
the past five seasons. But he ball in order to pursue a Major League berth. "It has been a dream of

mine since I was a child to

pitch in the Major Leagues,"

Nomo was 78-46 with 1,204 Nomo. 26., led Japan's strikeouts and a 3.15 earnedrun average in five seasons with the Kintetsu Buffaloes.

The Dodgers have another Asian pitching sensation in their development system. South Korea's Chan Ho Park was a reliever at the start of. last season for the Dodgers but spent most of last year in the



Sydney Blues pitcher Adam Meinershagen a fierce electrical storm which hit Sydney last warms up for the baseball quarterfinals during Friday (AFP photo)

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Tyson 'out next month'

INDIANAPOLIS (AFP) - Former world heavyweight champion Mike Tyson, serving a six-year prison sentence for rape, could be released next month. American newspaper Indianapolis Star claims he could be let out on March 25, even though his release 25, even though his release was due to be delayed until May 9 after he threatened a guard at the Indiana Youth Centre at Plainfield. The newspaper said Indiana Department of Corrections commissioner Christian DeBruyn has quashed the delay after negotiations with staff. He accepted that Tyson had been an exemplary inmate since the incident. which had occured early in his sentence following his 1992 conviction. He could then be released under house arrest after being electronically tagged to reveal his whereabouts to the authorities. Tyson, the youngest world heavyweight champion in history at the age of 20, was convicted of raping Desiree Washington, a 19-year-old Miss Black America beauty pageant contestant, in February 1992. He received a 10-year prison term, with four years suspended.

Atlantic swim claim sunk

MARSEILLE (AFP) - The French Federation of Underwater Sport and Studies has refused to recognise that Guy Delage swam across the Atlantic. The Federation said ocean currents and wind played a bigger part in the way the Frenchman crossed the Atlantic. Delage swam six to 10 hours a day behind a float and spent the night on a raft. It took him 55 days to reach the Barbados after setting out from the Cape Verde Islands. The Federation said even a highly-trained swimmer could manage only 250km before being physically exhausted. However, Delage himself said he did not regard what he had done as a reporting

Player escapes death after slashed

RROCKLAND. Massachusetts (AP) — A high school hockey player who narrowly escaped death after his throat was slashed by an opponent's skale was recovering Monday at a hospital near Boston. Joe Carista, 16, a junior right wing for Whitman-Hanson High School, was in stable condition at South Shore Hospital in Weymouth. On Saturday, 155, stitches were required to close an 18-inch (46-cm) wound in his throat. "If (the skate) had come any closer to his jugular, we would have lost him," said hockey coach Bob Corliss. "I could see the inside of his whole throat. Carista fell to the ice when he went to check a Dennis-Yarmouth player early in their game at Rockland Arena. While he was down, an opposing player inadvertently skated over Carista's throat. He got up and skated over to the coach.

Famed coach Holman dies

NEW YORK (AP) -- Nat Holman, the basketball coach at City College of New York for 41 years who led his team to an unprecedented double championship in 1950, has died. He was 98. Holman died Sunday at the Hebrew home for the aged in the Bronx of natural causes, said his nephew, Tom Holman. Holman was part of the original Celtics in the 1920s, a member of the Basketball Hall of Fame and a coach shadowed by a betting scandal that shook college basketball. Called "Mr. Basketball," Holman was widely credited with bringing class and sophistication to the game and helped spawn the eastern style of basketball known as

IAAF lift Gordon ban

LONDON (AFP) - Cancer sufferer Peter Gordon has finally won his fight against bureaucracy and will have a four-year athletics ban erased. The International Amateur Athletic Federation's (IAAF) doping commission agreed ously on Tues the 43-year-old discus thrower. It will be ratified by the IAAF council in May, ending a two-year nightmare for Gordon, who has always protested that he had never taken performance-enhancing drugs. The three-times British national champion was banned after he was unable to give a full urine sample when tested at a meeting at Crystal Palace in 1993. Three months ago, the suspension was lifted by the British Athletic Federation (BAF) because of his "grave medical condition."

Goldsworthy battling AIDS

ST. PAUL, Minnesota (AP) - For years, Bill Goldsworthy, one of the original Minnesota North Stars, battled alcohol. That problem may have contributed to another. deadlier fight — the one against AIDS. In a copywright story Sunday, the Saint Paul pioneer press said Goldsworthy acknowledged having unsafe sex during his worst drinking binges. "As athletes, we tend to think of ourselves as invincible." Goldsworthy, 50, told the Pioneer Press. "This is different. This isn't a broken arm." Goldsworthy played with the stars from their first season in 1967 until 1977 during a 14-year NHL playing career that began with the Boston Bruins in 1964 and ended with the New York Rangers in 1978. The Pioneer Press said Goldsworthy was told he has AIDS in November while in a hospital in Memphis. Tennessee, where blood clots that moved from his leg to his lungs set him on a month-long fight with

Medvedev chairman of charities

MILAN (AP) — Andrei Medvedev, one of the top young professional players, was elected 1995 chairman of ATP Tour charities, the organisation which has raised over \$10 million since its inception in 1991. Medvedev, a 20-year-old Ukrainian who has won nine titles so far in his career, succeeds American Michael Chang, the 1994 chairman. Medvedev's appointment was announced Monday at the Muratti Time indoor tournament, the Milan stage of the ATP Tour. ATP charities, supported by professional tennis players, benefits charities around the world.

Visa problems for Smirnov

OSLO (AFP) - Olympic 50km champion Vladimir Smirnov of Kazakhstan has not yet been able to get his visa to Canada for the Nordic Ski World Championships at Thunder Bay on March 9-19. Smirnov, second in the World Cup standings behind Norway's Bjorn Dachlie, must pick up the visa in London. But getting there is no easy feat. "The problem is that I don't have a visitor's visa to England," he said, adding that he is used to visa trouble when he travels to competitions. "It usually gets resolved. it just takes longer for me," he added.

Shows: 12:30, 3:00, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

SPORTS IN BRIEF No breakaway favourites in NBA transition year

WASHINGTON (AFP) -Veteran teams with unfulfilled title dreams are battling a new generation of stars for U.S. basketball supremacy, with neither side able to pull away entering a stretch run to playoff glory.

Expect experienced Phoenix and youthful Orlando to lead a horde of title contenders when the National Basketball Association (NBA) regular season resumes Tuesday after the All-Star Game break.

"It's unbelievable. It's the toughest league I've seen in a while," San Antonio center David Robinson said. "There

are no easy games."
The Spurs join Phoenix,
Utah, Seattle, New York and reigning champion Houston among traditional powers. But they will be tested by younger rivals from Orlando, Charlotte and Indiana plus a rebuilt Los Angeles Lakers

"There are just a lot of preat teams," Denver center Dikembe Mutombo said. San Antonio won eight of 10 games before the break, with controversial star Dennis Rodman averaging 20 rebounds a game during that

"We have the talent to win the title, but we don't always seem to bring it to the table, Robinson said. "I like what our team can do but we need to be more consistent."

Reigning champion Houston, led by Nigerian-born center Hakeem Olajuwon, has the same problem. The Rockets ripped NBA overali leader Phoenix last week but lost to the Los Angeles Clip-

NEW YORK (AP) — Christ-ophe Auguin turned in a 500-

kilometre performance Mon-

day — the fastest vet on this

leg - as solo sailors compet-

ing in the BOC round-the-

waves and watched nervously

world race surfed down big...

Powered by strong wester-

winds, the fleet churned

through the southern Pacific

Ocean, trying to avoid the

Antarctic's most northerly ice

floes. The yachts were almost

halfway between New Zea-

Cape Horn, heading to the

next finish line in Punta Del

Este, Uruguay.
Auguin, the defending

champion from France, averaged 15.8 knots Monday.

Jean Luc Van Den Heede

also had a spectacular day.

covering 483 kilometres, to

remain in second place 362 kilometres behind his coun-

U.S. sailor Steve Pettengill

was in third place, 574

kilometres behind Auguin,

while fourth-place Jean Jac-

ques Provoyeur of South

Africa reported problems

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BOC round-the-world race

France's Auguin fastest

18 metres.

ning was lost for the season with a knee injury in practice. Dream Team II guard Kevin Johnson also remains out

with injuries. But Barkley remains confi-

dent.
"We have a good chance,"
Barkley said. "If everybody
we will be fine. plays well, we will be fine. Our goal is to win the cham-pionship and we continue to think we can."

New York, which lost to Houston in last year's final, has the same attitude as Patrick Ewing bids for his first title. The Knicks are 18-4 since Christmas after a 12-12 start and Charles Oakley will return soon from toe surgery.

There's a notion that we had our run and should move aside and let the real teams make theirs," Knicks coach Pat Riley said. "Well, every team will be tested when adversity hits. Teams that get

it right win championships."
NBA scoring leader Shaquille O'Neal and Orlando are doing almost everything right. With Anfernee Hardaway directing the offense and newcomers Horace Grant and Brian Shaw making key contributions, the Magic have become the team ers, whose 8-40 record is the NBA's worst.

'We have the team that can win again, but we can't take things for granted," Ola-juwon said. "San Antonio, Utah and Phoenix all make it tough. And you have other dangerous teams like Seattle and the Lakers."

Phoenix and 10-year veteran Charles Barkley seek their first NBA crown. But hopes dimmed when Danny Man-

I, which allows boats of up to

Italy's Giovanni Soldini

continued to dominate Class

II, for boats up to 15 metres,

leading David Adams of Au-

Van Den Heede sailed

within sight of an iceberg

Monday, his second of the

race. On Saturday he re-

ported an iceberg 6.5-

kilometre wide, prompting

"It's a lot further north

than they were in the last

BOC," Adams observed af-

ter that warning. "Sleep's not

going to be in the cards, we'll

just be sitting in front of the

The ice that presents the

most danger to sailors.

however, are the smaller

chunks — the "growlers" —

that calve off the main

"Spotted another iceberg

Avoid this area by

with plenty, plenty, plenty of growlers," Van Den Heede

messaged headquarters Mon-

night after (dark). the white

top of each wave seems to be

organisers to issue an all-

points bulletin to racers.

stralia by 142 kilometres.

"Shaq has more confidence and a better all around game and Hardaway is just unbelievable," Robinson said. "He's already one of the league's best players."

The Magic are an NBAbest 23-1 at home. O'Neal averages 29.7 points with Hardaway adding 20.7 to make the most productive NBA duo. But they must get past the Knicks to win it all.
"If we want to be the best

in the East, we have to go through New York," he said. They are a great team. We've shown we can beat them, though. When we play the Knicks, we have to do everything right." Charlotte missed last year's

playoffs but the Hornets are division leaders. With Larry Johnson and Alonzo Mourning healthy, they will be a "If we stay healthy, we win

the division without a doubt," Mourning said. With the good comes the bad. Glenn "Big Dog" Robinson has been playing like his nickname, leading the NBA with 3.9 turnovers a

game. Philadelphia center Shawn Bradley has fouled out of 15 games. Only Miami and New York have had more disqualifications. Miami, Washington and

Golden State have made major trades to become contenders but all three are struggling among the league's worst clubs.

Rule changes to boost scoring have not helped. A shorter three-point line and relaxed guarding rules have not lifted last season's average of 101 points per team per game and centers remain the top NBA scorers.

Chicago's Scottie Pippen, who hurled a chair in disgust last month after a foul call, wants a trade by the February 23 deadline but doubts the Bulls will make a deal so

"Too much has happened for me to be happy in Chicago now," Pippen said.



mix Suns star Charles Barkley #34 (File photo)

A trade for Pippen could swing the delicate balance of power for a number of teams. ncluding Barkley's Suns.

"Anybody in their right mind would want to play with Pippen," Barkley said. "Other than Hakeem Olajuwon, he is the best player in the world."

Warriors replace Nelson with Lanier

In Oakland, California, Don Nelson, who guided Dream Team II to a world championship six months ago, stepped down as coach of the National Basketball Association's Golden State Warriors.

Nelson, who received a reported one million-dollar payment for quitting, will be replaced by assistant coach Bob Lanier, a Hall of Fame

center. The Warriors were expected to be title contenders but struggled after trading guard Billy Owens and for-ward Chris Webber, both of whom disliked Nelson's disci-

plinarian manner. The Warriors won seven of their first eight games before trading Webber, last year's

NBA rookie of the year. Now they are 14-31 in the midst of Nelson's seventh season as

Nelson, who began coaching with Milwaukee in 1976, has an 817-604 career record with a 51-61 playoff mark. He has taken Golden State to the playoffs four times but never reached the

playoff semi-finals. Nelson missed seven games in December with pneumonia and was out for two games this month with the flu. Lanier spent 10 seasons

with Detroit and four in Milwaukee playing under Nelson before retiring in 1984. This season's assistant position is his only coaching experience. Lakers put Ceballos on injured list

The Los Angeles Lakers placed Cedric Ceballos on the injured list on Monday after the All-Star forward underwent surgery to repair a torn ligament in his right thumb Thursday.

The 2.01 metres Ceballos is expected to miss six to eight weeks. The Lakers signed veteran forward Kurt Rambis to a second 10-day contract to take Cebailos' place on the

是一个时间,我们就是一个时间,这个时间,也是一个时间,这个时间,也是一个时间,也是一个时间,也是一个时间,也是一个时间,也是一个时间,也是一个时间,也是一个时间, 1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1995年,1

Cebalios suffered the injury in an 88-74 loss to Denver on February 3 when Nuggets' centre Dikembe Mutombo slapped his hand while trying to steal the ball with 7:14 remaining.

Ironically, Mutombo was named to replace Ceballos on the Western Conference Ali-Star team.

Ceballos is the Lakers' leading scorer, averaging 22.0 points per game. He also is averaging 8.6 rebounds.
Ceballos, who won the slam dunk championship in 1992, was named NBA player of the month for December. He scored a career-high 50

points on December 20 against Minnesota, becoming the first Laker to accomplish the feat since Gail Goodrich in 1975.

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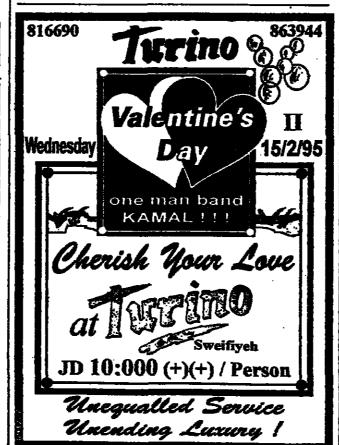
AJ8832 VK10752 ◇8 474
Partner opens the bidding with one no trump. What action do you take?
Q.3—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:
4EJ76 ∇A98632 ◇8 474
The bidding has proceeded:
North East South West
1 NT Pass 2 4 Pass
2 ◇ Pass 7
What do you hid now?

What do you bid now?

4KQ73 ♥AQ10652 ♦Q5 48

you hold: ♠7 ∇KQJ9852 ♦953 ♠102 Partner opens the bidding with one spads. What do you respond?

Q.6-As South, volnerable, you ♣J1073 VA10482 062 ♣AQ idding has proceeded:
West North East
Pass 1 2 2 NT*



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Russian artillery fire rings out around Grozny, breaks truce

(Agencies) - Artillery fire rang out Tuesday at strategic sites around the Chechen capital Grozny in violation of a heavy-weapons ceasefire signed by Chechen and Russian commanders less than 24 hours earlier.

Heavy arms exchanges battered crossroads near Alkhan-Yurt around four kilometes south of the Chechen capital. The site is the last Chechen rebel-held point of entry by road into the city.

Russian guns also resumed their shelling of Yeremolovk-sy, a village some eight kilometres west of Grozny bombarded from a distance of 500 metres and completely cut off from the outside world for the past few days.

As the big guns boomed again over the battered city, Russian officials sounded pessimistic about prospects for a lasting truce and Russia's counter-intelligence chief said the hunt was still on for separatist leader Dzhokhar Dudayev.

Interfax news agency, re-porting from Grozny, said Chechen fighters made rocket strikes in the late morning against Russian tanks near Goity, 20 kilometres southwest of Grozny.

It said later that Russian artillery had opened up on separatist positions in southern Grozny.

The exchanges appeared to violate clearly Monday's ceasefire accord covering the use of heavy weapons aviation, artillery, rockes and missiles — which have been

U.N. staff

evacuate

Somalia

MOGADISHU (R)

Dozens of civilians working

for the United Nations in

Somalia were evacuated on

Tuesday as military forces

prepared the ground for the

departure of troops and their

Some 50 expatriate civi-

hardware later this month.

lians flew out of the U.N.-

controlled airport bound for

the Kenyan capital Nairobi.

friends here," said Walt

Johnson, who worked for the

U.S. contractor Brown and

Root which serviced the mammoth U.N. Operation in

leave. I feel things are going

to get worse after we've

Somalis who worked for

the U.N. were also on the

flight.
One Somali, complaining

loudly that the world body's

mission had been a failure

and that the consequences for

Somalia would be grim.

waved the blue national flag

and kissed the ground before

Gbeho and a skeleton civilian

staff of less than 100 — at its peak there were 730 UN-OSOM workers — will be left

at Mogadishu's airport and porty. They are due to go by the end of the month.

UNOSOM has failed to

bring Somalia's belligerent

clan warlords together to

form an interim government

More than 130 peacekeep-

ers and hundreds of Somalis

have been killed in a mission

in 1993 turned sour as U.N.

troops battled militias on the

The U.N. defends its re-

cord, pointing to the wel-

come it received from local

people in the provinces,

thousands in 1992. Many

areas are still relatively

peaceful and rural life has

returned to normal in many

Pakistan, Egypt and Bang-

ladesh still remain in the

U.N. base. Planeloads are

militias could try to attack the outgoing U.N. troops and

loot their vehicles, tanks and

But the Somalis seem more

intent on jostling for good

positions in the city close to the airport and port so that

when the U.N. goes, they can

A bloody feud between riv-

al Somali fruit export com-

panies last week in which

several Somalis died - and

an Italian cameraman was

killed - has calmed down

and there is little shooting in

(Continued on page 7)

At the airport, U.N. forces

Many feared that Somali

leaving every day.

seize the facilities.

the chaotic city.

About 7,000 troops from

areas.

vhere a famine killed many

streets of Mogadishu.

over the last two years.

U.N. special envoy Victor

boarding the aircraft.

"They don't want us to

Somalia (UNOSOM).

responsible for most of the destruction and huge loss of life in two months of fighting. Follow-up talks on extending the ceasefire agreement had been scheduled for

Wednesday. In Moscow, an official at air force headquarters was quoted by Interfax as saying air attacks had been halted against Chechen positions before Monday's ceasefire

This official said they would remain suspended altogether if the ceasefire was converted into a permanent end to hostilities.

But Sergei Stepashin, who heads the counterintelligence service (FSK), was pessimistic. "The accord... is unlikely to lead to full-scale ceasefire in this North Caucasus republic," he was quoted as saying by In-

Mr. Stepashin, contacted by Interfax in the Ingushi settlement of Sleptsovsk on the border with Chechenva. said he expected Mr. Dudayey's rebels to use the

ceasefire to regroup.

General Lev Rokhlin, who played a key part in the capture of Grozny, was quoted by ITAR-TASS news agency as saying he expected Chechen militants to violate

the truce. "There is no doubt that a certain group of Chechen militants will not observe any agreements," Gen. Rokhlin

public relations department said in a statement that re- border.

connaissance planes and artillery had been used around towns east of Grozny in the past 24 hours.

"Artillery gave support to fighting forces and suppressed firing positions of the illegal armed groups in the regions of Novopromytslovs-ky, Alkhan-Kala and Argun," it said.

The ministry said six Russian regular army servicemen had been killed and 25 wounded in the past 24

Chechen military comman-der Aslan Maskhadov accused Moscow's forces of breaking the ceasefire which he agreed with the commander of Russian Interior Ministry forces in Chechenya, Colonel Anatoly Kulikov. Speaking from his head-quarters in Shali, 30

kilometres east of Grozny; Mr. Maskhadov told AFP: The heavy weapons fire is continuing, which means that the Russian commander has not kept his promise" to call a halt to the shelling.

However, Mr. Maskhadov, who decamped to Shali last week after Russina forces captured virtually all of Grozny, added that he considered Monday's opening day of negotiations to have been "a

He and Col. Kulikov Monday announced an immediate heavy-weapons truce and exchange of prisoners in the nine-week war after meeting in the Ingush town of The interior ministry's Ordzhonikidzevksaya, just over the Chechen-Ingush

BANGLA FESTIVAL: Young girls frim Dha- including students usually wear yellow, the ka's Arts College dance wearing traditional colour of Falgoon, first Bengali month of yellow sarees to celebrate the arrival of Bashanta (AFP photo) Bashanta or spring in Bangladesh. Young girls

Srour and Faisal agree to shelve their differences

Mr. Srour accused the de-

puty of exceeding limits and

asked her to shut up. He later

announced that deputies

were calling for strict mea-

sures to be adopted against the deputy. He said it was

time to put an end to her "provocative" practices in Parliament and the state-

ments she was making to the

press that did not fall in line

with the country's traditions

it is an accumulation of sever-

al incidents," Mr. Srour told

the Jordan Times. "One can

voice his/her opinion but

without burting or insulting

Ms. Faisal, an Amman de-

puty, had stirred controversy

during the vote of confidence

session on Jan. 29 when she

devoted all her speech to

Parliament but the speaker

'This is not the first time,

the House.

and customs.

the others.

By Sa'eda Kilani Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The speaker of the Lower House of Parliament and the only female deputy appear to have reached a temporary truce, but both also vowed to fight back if necessa

Speaker Saad Hayel Srour and Deputy Toujan Faisal have been engaged in a battle of words since Sunday with each accusing the other of infringing upon the House's laws and regulations.

In a press conference on Monday, Mr. Srour threatened to take strict measures against the deputy and said her continuous "insults" of the house had become intolerable.

The clash was sparked when Ms. Faisal filed several objections during Sunday's session. First she called for the setting up of a special committee to examine the financial status of the Arabiclanguage daily Sawt Al Shaab. She then filed a request to include her name in a parliamentarian committee to visit prisoners at Swaga prison, but she said Mr. Srour ignored her request.

the speaker got furious when

questioning the personal traits of Prime Minister Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker rather than talk about his government's programme.

Ms. Faisal asserted that on Sunday she was only exercising her right to speak in According to Ms. Faisal,

she questioned the legality of his meeting with a Jewish delegation on Sunday withorder but failed. out having the approval of

touch on sensitive issues," she said, "All I want is to see democracy prosper."

Ms. Faisal cancelled a Srour on Monday. Newspapers quoted the speaker as saying that options open to the House included im-

"I'don't hold any gradge, she told the Jordan Times. and I'm not looking for a

vocations" were repeated.

quests. She said she was trying to make a point of

"I'm not aggressive. But I

ess conference she had called Tuesday in which she was planning to respond to the statements made by Mr. peaching the deputy or taking her to court when the House's ordinary session is

Ms. Faisal said the issue was settled. She said she had received assurances from sources she declined to disclose that parliamentarians would not take any action against her and they would not hamper her performance.

fight. I'll give it a try."
"But if I feel any foul play,
I'll hit back," she added.

Mr. Srour said he also wanted to smooth over differences but warned of a "different response" if such "pro-

Lebanon launches toxic waste

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanon launched a hunt on Tuesday from heaven for 10,000 barrels of toxic

civil war. Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri ordered the search on Monday, saying the waste must be taken out of the country.

waste dumped in the country

by Italy during the 1975-90

hunt for

The international environmental agency Greenpeace last month called the barrels "ecological time bombs" and said they should be shipped

back to Italy.

The case has caused an outcry in Lebanon, raising questions about why the govememnt has done nothing to clean up the waste since the end of the civil war.

Mr. Hariri appointed a working group headed by a serving army brigadier and gave it 10 days to find the barrels.

"There are toxic wastes that need to be shipped out of the country," Mr. Hariri said in a speech. "We will continue the investigations but there is no need to live in fear that the country is infected." A source in the working group told Reuters it hoped

to have all the information

needed to find the barrels before the deadline. A judge is simultaneously interrogating people sus-pected of importing the waste in a bid to help locate the barrels and prosecute those

responsible Greenpeace said the waste was part of 16,000 barrels containing more than 24,000 tonnes shipped from Italy to Beirut in 1987-88. Some 6,000 barrels were later sent back to Italy.

The port of Beirnt was controlled at the time by the Lebanese Forces, the biggest Christian civil war militia.

Greenpeace said the barreis were dumped along the coast of Christian east Beirut and in the Keserwan mountains north-east of the capital.

According to the head of the Lebanese parliament's environment committee, a secret Lebanese army report in 1988 said that 1,500 barrels were buried in the mountains and the rest were dumped in the sea or destroyed.

it is working with all sides to proceed by Feb. 18 to a

peaceful transfer of power," Mr. Mestiri said in a state-

ment released in Islamabad,

like to appeal to all warring

sides to cease hostilities,

open all roads and restore

electrical power to Kabul,

"The new developments in

Afghanistan demonstrate the

desire of the Afghan people

for peace and the disillusion-

ment with the present dis-

astrous situation in the coun-

try," it added. Charles Santos, one of Mr.

Mestiri's advisers, said the

United Nations would keep

trying to arrange a way for President Rabbani to transfer

power to an interim council.

fly to Kabul in two days to try

He said Mr. Mestiri would

the statement said.

"At this juncture, I would

Report says Kim descended

SEOUL (R) - North Ko-

reans believe unanointed leader Kim Jong-Il descended from heaven, Pyon-gyang's official media reported Tuesday as it heaped further praise on him ahead of his 53rd birthday, this week. The official Korean Central News Agency (KCNA) said that a "sevencolour luminescent ring" had appeared around the sun above Jong-Il Peak on Mount Paektu, which North Korea propaganda calls Kim's birth-place. The ring shed "daz-zling light" from 10 a.m. to about 5 p.m. Sunday, KCNA said. "And, from around 20:00 that day to around 03:00 next day, a ring around the moon, rare to be seen, bright and deep silver colour, llummed the universe above the Jong-Il Peak," the agen-cy, monitored in Tokyo said. According to the report, workers at both a secret metereological observatory on the mountain and at another weather station, as well as local residents, said it was the first time they had witnessed such phenomena in February. "The heaven seems to be celebrating the birthday of the great leader Comrade Kim Jong-II, representing the unanimous wish and desire of the people all over the world," it quoted them as saying. "The dear leader Comrade Kim Jong II is evidently the greatest among the great men, who has descended from heaven," they were quoted as saying.

Ramos signs into law sexual harassment act

MANILA (AFP) — Presi⁴² dent Fidel Ramos Tuesday signed an act outlawing sexual harassment in the Philippines and prescribing penalties including prison terms of up to six months, the pres-idential palace said. He said at the signing ceremony that the new law capped "our efforts towards social reform," as "women comprise the great majority of those suffered silently — from work-related sexual harassment." Mr. Ramos said the law would reduce "their fear of being fired, penalised or ridiculed," and employees "no longer need to suffer the unwanted advances of their superiors and co-workers nor. the stigma of being ostracised for having been victims of such crimes." The statutecarries one- to six-month. prison terms plus fines for employers or those in anthority in the work place, schools and the "training environment" who demand or require sexual favours.

'Disturbance' forces plane to land in Scotland

GLASGOW, Scotland (AFP) - An airline passenger was arrested after a mid-air "disturbance" forced a Canadian-bound Jumbo Jet to divert to Glasgow, police said. Police said the KLM Boeing 747 from Amsterdam to Toronto diverted after a "disturbance" on board, but gave no further details. Passengers are understood to have restrained a man a short. time into the flight. An arrest was made soon after it landed, and a 47-year-old Canadian is expected to appear in court Tuesday. Local sources said the plane was believed to have been obliged to dump thousands of gallons of fuel to make its unscheduled landing. The passengers spent three bours at Glasgow Airport's newly-opened international pier before resuming their journey on the Jumbo. It was understood the incident had no terrorist implica-

Indian state bans lottery

CHANDIGARH, India (AP) — The north Indian state of Haryana Monday banned state-run lotteries, alarmed that many families were being bankrupted by compulsive gamblers: The banned lotteries in the capital late last year, but many peo ple simply drove to Haryana to buy tickets for the daily lotteries. Haryana Chief Minister Bhajan Lal told a. news conference that his gov-ernment will lose 300 million supees (\$27 million) a year because of the ban.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Israeli police question Arafat aide

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — Israeli police said they were questioning an Israeli Arab aide to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat and that he might be charged for unspecified "offences." The adviser, Ahmad Tibi, said last week that police had served him a summons to appear for questioning over his remarks that Jewish settlement activity could reignite the Palesti-nian uprising in the occupied territories. "He (Tibi) is at present being questioned at Bethlehem police headquarters," a police spokesman said. "He is being questioned under oath on suspicion of having committed offences. When the questioning is finished he will presumably by released on bail. "We are not going into the exact charges being brought against him." The spokesman refused to t Dr. Tibi was being questioned about Dr. Tibi said on Friday: "They summoned me because a bus driver saw me on television saying that settlement activity could reignite the intifada. He complained that the remark gave him insomnia."

Threat targets Wall Street — report

NEW YORK (AFP) - Authorities in New York have received "uncomfortably credible" reports that Muslim fundamentalists were planning attacks on the New York financial district, a published report said Tuesday. "From the language that was used, we think that a stock exchange is the likely target," a law enforcement source told New York Newsday. "We're taking this very seriously." The reported attacks seemed to be aimed at revenge for the trial of 11 Muslims including Sheikh Abdul Omar Rahman, who are accused in a wide-ranging conspiracy to attack targets in New York, the daily said. Newsday said the attacks were planned before March 2, the end of Ramadan. Security has been stepped up in the Wall Street area, which is adjacent to the World Trade Centre, target of a Feb. 26, 1993 bombing in which six people were killed.

Khaddam, Sharaa to visit Iran

TEHRAN (AFP) - Syrian Vice Prsident Abdul Halim Khaddam and Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa are to visit Iran soon to discuss Damascus-Tehran ties, a foreign ministry official said here Tuesday. Mohammad Kazem Khansari, director of the ministry's Middle East department, told the English-language daily Iran News that Syrian President Hafez Al Assad was also expected to visit Iran "in the near future." But he did not announce any dates for the visits. The Syrian embassy in Tehran would not confirm an imminent visit to Iran by Mr. Khaddam and Mr. Sharaa, but one Syrian diplomat told AFP that officials from the two countries met once a year alternately, in Damascus and Tehran.

Court annuls verdicts in Meloy slaying

BEIRUT (AP) - The appeals court has annulled guilty verdicts and ordered new trials for two Lebanese men in the kidnapping and slaying of the U.S. ambassador in Beirut in 1976. The court Tuesday set March 15 as date for retrial of Bassem Mohammad Farkh and Nameq Ahmad Kamal. It had annulled their verdicts last week in a decision published in newspapers Tuesday. Mr. Farkh. Kamal and Toufic Mohammad Faroukh had been tried in absentia and sentenced to life imprisonment May 5 in the kidnapping and murder of ambassador Francis E. Meloy, his economic counselor Robert O. Waring and Lebanese driver Mohammad Moghrabi. The three victims were crossing the green line that separated Beirut in June 1976 when they disappeared at a militia checkpoint at the height of sectarian kidnappings during the 1975-90 civil war. Their bullet-riddled bodies were found several days later on a beach in west Beirut.

Marianne Gingrich gets Israeli medal

TEL AVIV (AP) - The wife of U.S. House Speaker Newt Gingrich received an honorary medal during a visit to a West Bank settlement and was also given one to take home to her husband, settlement officials said Tuesday. Mrs. Gingrich toured the Maaleh Adumim settlement on Monday as part of her weeklong visit to Israel. Successive U.S. governments have opposed Jewish settlement construction in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, saying settlements posed obstacles to Mideast peace. When asked whether the visit might prove politically embarrassing for her husband, Mrs. Gingrich said: "I wanted to see it. This is the second time I've been across the green line. I have written the mayor and wanted to see the city." The remarks were carried by the Jerusalem Post daily Tuesday.

Talibans demand passage to Kabul

ISLAMABAD (Agencies) — A student-led army stood poised to sweep into Kabul Tuesday after capturing the headquarters of former Afghan Prime Minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar south of the city.

The Talibans, a force of militants, were face to face with Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani's troops just outside Kabul de-

manding entry to the city.

They were entrenched in Sangi Nawishta town which has become the new frontline for the forces defending Kabul, which is just 20 kilometres away, the Afghan Islamic Press (AIP) said. adding Mr. Rabbani's forces were based between the Bini Hissar hills and Sangi Nawishta south of the capital.

"We have no personal enmity with any mujahedeen party but we will fight any-

Tuesday to try and stem bloodshed but guerrillas pur-

sued their armed campaign

against the army-backed gov-

On the political front, President Liamine Zeroual

resumed talks with political

leaders on planned presiden-

tial elections. At the same

time the government-

appointed parliament passed

a law to grant pardon for

For their part the guerrillas

took their campaign to over-

throw the secular govern-ment to a new level of armed

attacks, targeting mainly the

In what the leading Arabic

language newspaper dubbed "bloody Monday," gunmen struck in central Algiers, kill-

ing the director of the Alge-

rian national theatre. Azze-

country's intellectuals.

repentant guerrillas.

Algeria to resume talks;

violence rages unabated

body opposing our general programme of collecting all the arms and creating an Isla-nic government," said a Taliban commander.

"We want the establishment of a single Islamic administration in the country and welcome anybody helping us in this line," he added.

Mr. Rabbani's troops had advanced from the capital to Sangi Nawishta which is only five kilometres from Charasyab, the headquarters in Afghanistan of Hezb-e-Islami chief Hekmatyar, which the Taliban captured some hours earlier, eyewitnesses said. The two are now as close as

50 metres in some sections. AIP said negotiations were underway between the two sides over the Taliban demand they be allowed to freely enter the city where they plan to disarm all factions in Kabul.

The capture of Charasyab is a major setback for Mr. Hekmatyar whose headquarters 25 kilometres south of Kabul were considered impregnable.

After very heavy fighting in Puli Alam on Monday, we marched down to Charasyab today without any fighting," said a Taliban commander. Mulla Borjan,

In the past few days Hezb-e-Islami fighters have already lost the province of Logar, south of the capital, to the advancing Talibans and another stronghold at Maidan Shahr, southwest of Kabul.

United Nations envoy Mahmoud Mestiri appealed for a ceasefire in Afghanistan

an important phase in which

following the rout of Mr. Hekmatyar's forces.

The (U.N.) special mission's work has entered into

to complete agreement on the transfer of power. helped Iraq's occupation

TUNIS (R) — Authorities in Algeria made new moves on armed ambush outside his home in Algiers, his newspaper said on Tuesday. No movement has claimed responsibility for the attacks but last month two leading Islamic fundamentalist groups called on their mili-

tants to step up armed attacks in the Holy Month of Ramadan, being observed in February. Algeria has reported several deadly attacks since the call by the Armed Islamic Group, the most radical fundamentalist movement, and was asked to do," Sheikh Ali

its ally, the Islamic Salvation Army, the armed wing of the outlawed Islamic Salvation Front (FIS). Fundamentalists seeking to install a radical Islamist state have killed professional workers such as teachers. doctors, magistrates and

lawyers, and least 31 journal-

dine Medjoubi, and student ists in the past three years. leader Abdul Hafid Said. Western intelligence College director Hocine sources say at least 30,000 Leklou was gunned down the people have been killed in same day in Baraki, a guerril-

The government has la stronghold south-east of offered elections as a means Government daily Al of dealing with the national Moudjahid journalist. Hamid crisis which began three years Aberkane, escaped death on ago.

Kuwait: Accused bomber

KUWAIT (Agencies) — Kuwait said on Tuesday the alleged mastermind of New York's World Trade Centre bombing, Ramzi Ahmad Yousef, was a former resident of the emirate who had helped Iraqi forces during their 1990-91 occupation.

"We know that he collaborated with the Iraqis. He was one of their militants (during the occupation)," Interior Minister Sheikh Ali Sabah Al Salem Al Sabah said in brief remarks to Reuters. "He would do whatever he

said, adding without giving details: "He did all sorts of things (in Kuwait)."
Mr. Yousef is being held by U.S. authorities and is accused of masterminding the

1993 bombing of the World Trade Centre in New York which killed six people and injured more than 1,000. He has pleaded not guilty. Wanted in the United States for a reward of \$2

million Mr. Yousef was arrested in Pakistan last week thorities.

and turned over to U.S. au-Sheikh Ali said Mr. Yousef

occupation. A L .S.-led coalition force ender the occupation by driving out Iraqi troops in February 1991 after

a six-week war.

In Cape Town, a tearful, frightened family awaited word from the South African religious student who re-portedly led authorities to Mr. Yousef in Pakistan.

Diplomatic sources said the student, Istiaque Parker, his wife Fehmida and their baby were taken into protective custody in the United States after helping U.S. authorities capture Mr. Yousef.

In Cape town, a family member received a telephone call last week from a friend in Pakistan who said Mr. Parker, his wife and child had disappeared. His relatives had heard nothing from Mr. Parker and had been worried since receiving the call. Many were crying Monday as they spoke from their home in a conservative, Muslim com-

munity in Cape Town.
Mr. Parker's widowed mother and 11 siblings refused to be named, saying they feared they would be nad left Kuwait for good at targetted by sympathisers of some stage during Iraq's Mr. Yousef.